

Exam Questions PSM-II

Professional Scrum Master II

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NEW QUESTION 1

Which role would know the most about the progress toward a business objective or a release, and be able to explain clearly the alternatives?

- A. The Product Owner
- B. The Release Manager
- C. The Development Team
- D. The Scrum Master

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 2

According to the Scrum Guide, where should the Daily Scrum be held?

- A. Wherever the Development Team decides is most suitable.
- B. In a room where management can attend.
- C. In the same location where the Development Team is seated.
- D. In front of the Scrum board.
- E. Wherever the Scrum Master decides is best.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Because the Daily Scrum is owned and managed by the Development Team, it is up to them to decide on the most effective place and time to hold the Daily Scrum.

NEW QUESTION 3

What Development Team structure is best suited to produce integrated increments?

- A. Every Development Team has the abilities to develop functionality from beginning to end throughout all technical layers.
- B. Each Development Team specializes in one technical layer of the system (e. GUI, database, middle tier, interfaces).
- C. GUI, database, middle tier, interfaces).

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 4

Several Sprints into a project, a client is complaining to the Product Owner about the poor performance of the product. As a Scrum Master, how can you help the Product Owner?

- A. Coach the Product Owner on effective ways to communicate this concern to the Development Team and encourage the Product Owner to add the performance issue to the Product Backlog.
- B. Tell the Product Owner performance is defined by the Development Team.
- C. Note the issue for the next Sprint Retrospective.
- D. Notify the team responsible for system performance.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 5

A Development Team has a total of six members, 4 members who work full time in the office and 2 members who work part time at home. The Development Team is complaining that it is too difficult to synchronize every day and has suggested having the Daily Scrum every other day instead. What would be three key concerns if the Daily Scrum is held less frequently? (Choose three.)

- A. Impediments are raised and resolved more slowly.
- B. Opportunities to inspect and adapt the Sprint Backlog are reduced.
- C. Less information about the progress will be shared causing the Sprint plan to become inaccurate and reducing transparency over progress toward the Sprint Goal.
- D. The Scrum Master loses the ability to update the burndown chart adequately.
- E. The Product Owner cannot accurately inspect utilization of the individual team members.

Answer: ABC

Explanation:

The Daily Scrum is an internal meeting for the Development Team to inspect progress toward the Sprint Goal and to inspect how progress is trending toward completing the work in the Sprint Backlog. The Daily Scrum optimizes the probability that the Development Team will meet the Sprint Goal. Every day, the Development Team should understand how it intends to work together as a self-organizing team to accomplish the Sprint Goal and create the anticipated Increment by the end of the Sprint.

Reducing the frequency of the event will increase the length of the feedback loop and adds risk if the team deviates too far off course.

NEW QUESTION 6

What Product Owner activities occur between the end of the current Sprint and the beginning of the next Sprint?

- A. Product Backlog refinement.
- B. Updating stakeholders on project progress.
- C. There are no such activities
- D. When the current Sprint ends, the new Sprint begins.
- E. Participate as a team member at the Sprint Retrospective.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 7

Which role is responsible for determining when it is most appropriate to update the Sprint Backlog?

- A. The Product Owner
- B. The Development Team
- C. The Scrum Team
- D. The Scrum Master

Answer: B

Explanation:

The Development Team is responsible for tracking the remaining work of the Sprint.

NEW QUESTION 8

A Scrum Master is not only a servant-leader to the Scrum Team and organization, it's also considered a management position. Which three activities describe what a Scrum Master manages as reflected by the Scrum Guide? (Choose three.)

- A. Reporting on the performance of the Sprint.
- B. The way Scrum is understood and enacted within the organization.
- C. Managing the capacity and utilization of each Development Team member.
- D. Managing the process in which Scrum is applied.
- E. Managing the Product Backlog items and work in the Sprint Backlog.
- F. Removing organizational impediments that limits the team's progress and productivity.

Answer: BDF

Explanation:

The Scrum Master must understand the principles and values behind agility as well as the Scrum theory. He/she also must act in ways that reflects the values of Scrum and creates an environment for others to also embrace those values. He/she is responsible for ensuring the team's process stays within the boundaries of the Scrum framework as well as helping and supporting the team with continuous improvement.

NEW QUESTION 9

How should multiple Scrum Teams, working from the same Product Backlog, select the Product Backlog items their teams plan to work on?

- A. The Product Owner will present the work and the Development Teams will select the items they will work on.
- B. The Product Owner creates separate Product Backlogs for each Development Team.
- C. Each Scrum Team would select an equal number of items.
- D. The Product Owner assigns the work to each team.
- E. The Scrum Team with the highest productivity will select the items first.

Answer: A

Explanation:

The ones doing the work are the best ones to decide what they can do and how to do it.

NEW QUESTION 10

What are typical Product Owner activities during Sprint 0?

- A. Creating a project plan based on the defined timeline.
- B. Ensuring there is enough work to do for at least three Sprints.
- C. Creating User Stories based on the requirements document.
- D. Allocating enough resources before starting Sprint 1.
- E. There is no such thing as Sprint.

Answer: E

Explanation:

There are no special Sprints. All Sprints are structured to produce potentially shippable product Increments.

NEW QUESTION 10

A key concern when multiple Development Teams are working for the same Product Backlog is minimizing dependencies between teams.

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: A

Explanation:

Minimizing dependencies reduces complexity and enhances agility.

NEW QUESTION 12

A Scrum Master teaches those who are interested in the Development Team's progress that progress in Scrum comes from inspecting an Increment at the Sprint Review.

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: A

Explanation:

Working software is the primary measure of progress.

NEW QUESTION 17

What would be the main benefits of self-organization?

- A. Increased rule compliance, self-accountability, commitment.
- B. Increased rule compliance, self-accountability, output.
- C. Increased capacity, accuracy of estimates, output.
- D. Increased creativity, self-accountability, commitment.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Self-organized teams allow teams to creatively solve difficult problems, be accountable for the work they do, and commit to each other and the goals of the team.

NEW QUESTION 18

A new member has just joined an existing Development Team that has been together for several Sprints. During the Sprint, the individual has been trying to share his ideas and viewpoints but is continuously ignored by the rest of the Development Team.

Which three Scrum Values has the Development Team been neglecting? (Choose three.)

- A. Commitment
- B. Respect
- C. Transparency
- D. Focus
- E. Openness
- F. Courage

Answer: BEF

Explanation:

The Scrum Team members have courage to do the right thing and work on challenging problems. The Scrum Team agree to be open (to speak and listen) about all the work and the challenges with performing the work. Scrum Team members respect each other's skills, experience, and opinions.

NEW QUESTION 23

Which two statements best describe a Sprint Goal? (Choose two.)

- A. Sprint Goals are defined when the completed work is reviewed at the end of a Sprint.
- B. Sprint Goals give the Development Teams flexibility and creativity on how to implement functionality during the Sprint.
- C. During the Sprint Planning, the entire Scrum Team collaboratively crafts a Sprint Goal based on a business objective that the Product Owner would like to achieve that Sprint.
- D. Sprint Goals can change as new insights emerge during the Sprint.

Answer: BC

Explanation:

The number of items selected from the Product Backlog for the Sprint is solely up to the Development Team. Only the Development Team can assess what it can accomplish over the upcoming Sprint.

The Sprint Goal is an objective set for the Sprint that can be met through the implementation of Product Backlog. It provides guidance to the Development Team on why it is building the Increment. It is created during the Sprint Planning meeting. The Sprint Goal gives the Development Team some flexibility regarding the functionality implemented within the Sprint. The selected Product Backlog items deliver one coherent function, which can be the Sprint Goal. The Sprint Goal can be any other coherence that causes the Development Team to work together rather than on separate initiatives.

NEW QUESTION 26

A Development Team, that has remote team members, typically spends time before the Daily Scrum to setup the meeting rooms and conference calling equipment and tools in order to have their Daily Scrum.

How should the Scrum Master handle this situation?

- A. Allow the Development Team to self-manage and decide for itself what to do.
- B. Setup the meeting and tell the Development Team that is how it will be done.
- C. Ask the Development Team members to alternate who is responsible for meeting setup.
- D. Inform management and ask them to solve it.

Answer: A

Explanation:

As a self-organized team, they will decide for themselves how to best manage communication between team members. The Scrum Master will only take action if requested OR if he/she observes that there is a potential problem.

NEW QUESTION 30

Adding more resources in Scrum will proportionally increase the value delivered.

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: B

Explanation:

When working on complex problems in complex environments, adding more resources (people, money, tools, etc.) cannot guarantee increased value or success.

NEW QUESTION 34

Which of the following are time-boxed events in Scrum?

- A. Sprint Planning
- B. Daily Scrum
- C. Sprint Review
- D. Sprint Retrospective
- E. All of the above

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION 38

Who should manage the tasks of Development Team during the Sprint?

- A. The Project Manager.
- B. The Product Owner.
- C. The Scrum Master.
- D. The Development Team.
- E. All of the above.

Answer: D

Explanation:

The Development Team is responsible for managing and tracking the progress of their work during a Sprint

NEW QUESTION 39

A Scrum Team has been working on the same product for twelve Sprints. What would likely be the immediate impact on the original Scrum Team if two new Scrum Teams are to be added the same product?

- A. Its productivity is likely to decrease.
- B. Its productivity is likely to increase.
- C. Its productivity is likely to stay the same.

Answer: A

Explanation:

The productivity of the original Scrum Team would likely decrease as they would need to take time to assist and support the new Scrum Teams in order for them to perform optimally.

NEW QUESTION 44

According to Scrum theory, how should a group of fifty people be divided into multiple Development Teams?

- A. Allow the team leads to divide and select teams.
- B. Understanding the product, the product vision and the Scrum framework, the group self-organizes into teams.
- C. Create a skills matrix, identify role levels, and years of experience to assign people to teams.
- D. The teams will rotate members every Sprint to spread knowledge.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 47

A PO (Product Owner) is essentially the same thing as a traditional PM (Project Manager).

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 52

Your organization requires all Increments to pass user acceptance testing (UAT) before it is allowed to be released to production. Is it a good idea to postpone UAT until the end of the project to prevent the Development Team from being disrupted during the Sprints?

- A. No, because the state of the Product Increment won't be transparent and the feedback loop would be too long.
- B. It depends on the team's Definition of Done.
- C. Yes, because the Development Team is a self-organizing team and should not be disrupted during development.
- D. Yes, because UAT is done in a hardening Sprint before the release Sprint.

Answer: A

Explanation:

The purpose of each Sprint is to deliver Increments of potentially releasable functionality that adhere to the Scrum Team's current definition of "Done". At the end of a Sprint, the new Increment must be "Done", which means it must be in useable condition and meet the Scrum Team's definition of "Done". An increment is a body of inspectable, done work that supports empiricism at the end of the Sprint. If UAT is a part of the team or organizational standard, then any delay in this activity will reduce transparency and increase risk.

NEW QUESTION 56

Every Development Team should have the competencies and skills needed to deliver a Done Increment in a Sprint.

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: A

Explanation:

Development Teams are self-organized and cross-functional.

NEW QUESTION 60

Who is responsible for ensuring the Product Backlog items are understood to the level needed?

- A. The Business Analyst.
- B. The Scrum Master.
- C. The Development Team.
- D. The Product Owner.

Answer: D

Explanation:

The Product Owner is accountable for managing the Product Backlog.

NEW QUESTION 61

Which statement is correct about the length of the Sprints?

- A. All Sprints must be one month or less and it is optimal to have a consistent Sprint length.
- B. The Sprint length is dependent on the development effort forecasted (amount of items selected) during Sprint Planning.
- C. The Sprint length is calculated by aggregating the time required to design, code and test.
- D. The Sprint Length is defined by the Scrum Master.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 63

Steven is a Scrum Master asked to assist in creating five new Scrum Teams that will be working to build a highly anticipated product. He talks with them about the importance of being able to integrate their Increments by the end of their Sprints. This includes the first Sprints. The product is very important to both the end users and the organization.

Of the choices raised by future team members, what would Steven encourage?

- A. Each Scrum Team delivers Increments in its own code branch
- B. After UAT is performed at the Sprint Review, the code branch is isolated until enough Increments are considered acceptable
- C. All code branches will then be merged during the release phase.
- D. Each Scrum Team delivers functionality at the end of each Sprint
- E. New Product Backlog items will then be added to the next Sprint Backlog to integrate their functionality with the other teams to create a unified Increment.
- F. All Scrum Teams agree on a mutual understanding of 'done' that defines all work necessary to deliver a potentially shippable Increment that includes all previous Increments delivered for the product.
- G. Wait until enough of the infrastructure and architecture is in place before starting the first Sprint
- H. This will increase the success of delivering integrated Increments in Sprint 1.

Answer: C

Explanation:

When a Product Backlog item or an Increment is described as "Done", everyone must understand what "Done" means. If there are multiple Scrum Teams working on the system or product release, the Development Teams on all the Scrum Teams must mutually define the definition of "Done" to have a shared understanding of what it means for work to be complete, to ensure transparency. Each Increment is additive to all prior Increments and thoroughly tested, ensuring that all Increments work together.

NEW QUESTION 68

How much work must a Development Team do to a Product Backlog item it selects for a Sprint?

- A. An equal amount of time on analysis, design, programming, testing and documentation.
- B. As much as it has informed the Product Owner will be done for every Product Backlog item it selects in conformance with the definition of "Done".
- C. All development work and at least some testing.
- D. As much as it can fit into the Sprint
- E. Any remaining work will be moved to a subsequent Sprint.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 73

You are the Scrum Master for four Scrum Teams working on one product. Several of the developers notify you that their teams will need full-time help of an external technical specialist in the upcoming two Sprints.
What key concerns should the Scrum Master take into account?

- A. Having enough work for all Development Team members.
- B. The benefit of Development Teams solving the problem themselves and the ability to produce integrated Increments.
- C. Maintaining a consistent velocity.
- D. Hiring additional resources to fill the void in skillset.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 76

The director of engineering in your organization always stresses the importance of meeting deadlines in order for the engineering department to be seen as a reliable source for the product management department. The director has calculated that the team's velocity needs to increase an additional 15% to meet the commitment he made to management for the release date of the product.
He asks Steven, the team's Scrum Master, to increase his team's velocity. Which would be the best two responses for Steven to take? (Choose two.)

- A. He explains how a team uses the velocity of a Sprint primarily to forecast work for the next Sprint, not to perfectly predict future productivity.
- B. He refers the director to the Product Owner for all information concerning the progress of development.
- C. He informs the director of organizational impediments he is aware of that prevent the team from being more productive.
- D. He suggests collaborating with him on how to remove these impediments.
- E. He educates his director how it is part of a team's self-organization to improve velocity.
- F. He invites the director to the next Sprint Retrospective to brainstorm on how they can improve.
- G. He helps the director understand that it typically takes a few Sprints for a team to gradually increase the velocity up to the level expected.
- H. Meanwhile he presents this to the team as a challenge and a company goal, leaving it however up to them to figure out exactly how to achieve this.
- I. He tells the director that this is not his responsibility in Scrum.
- J. He tells the director to work with the Product Owner to check whether the estimates on the Product Backlog are being respected during implementation.

Answer: AB

Explanation:

The Scrum Master serves the organization by helping employees and stakeholders understand and enact Scrum and empirical product development and causing change that increases the productivity of the Scrum Team.

NEW QUESTION 79

When does a new Sprint begin?

- A. Immediately after the next Sprint Planning.
- B. Immediately after the end of the previous Sprint.
- C. It depends on the Product Owner.
- D. Every Monday.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 80

Peter, the Product Owner, has been giving positive recognition to individual Development Team members who have moved their work to 'done' during the Daily Scrum. Peter wants to ensure the team is adhering to the ideal guideline on the burndown chart.
What would be two valid actions for Steven, the Scrum Master, to take? (Choose two.)

- A. Steven talks with Peter about concerns of how his behavior might impact the team members and request that he stop attending for now.
- B. Steven coaches Peter on best practices for updating the burndown chart as it provides accurate information on how well the team is performing.
- C. Nothin
- D. Steven is optional at the Daily Scrum and it is the responsibility of the team to decide how to best run it.
- E. Steven coaches the Scrum Team about the purpose of the Daily Scrum.

Answer: AD

Explanation:

The Scrum Master is responsible for promoting and supporting Scrum as defined in the Scrum Guide. Scrum Masters do this by helping everyone understand Scrum theory, practices, rules, and values.

The Scrum Master is a servant-leader for the Scrum Team. The Scrum Master helps the Scrum Team understand which of their interactions are helpful and which aren't.

The Scrum Master helps everyone change these interactions to maximize the value created by the Scrum Team.

NEW QUESTION 81

A new Product Owner has joined an existing Scrum Team that has been working together for eight Sprints. The Development Team has grown to have a good understanding of the functionality and business for the product they have been building. The Product Owner, being new to the company, is unsure about his responsibilities.

As a Scrum Master explain what two acceptable ways of helping the Product Owner would be. (Choose two.)

- A. You advise the Product Owner to start building a good relationship with the stakeholders of the product. Ongoing interaction with them is important to regularly align with changing organizational or market expectation.
- B. The Product Owner is also expected to invite the right stakeholders to the Sprint Review meeting.
- C. You inform the Product Owner that, in today's highly competitive markets, it is important that the Development Team is updated on changing business priorities on a daily basis.
- D. The Daily Scrum allows the Development Team to adapt to the changes in scope without delay.
- E. You tell the Product Owner to make sure that there are no ambiguities or possible misunderstandings in the items on the Product Backlog when they are handed over to the Development Team.
- F. This is best done by capturing the functional requirements during an analysis phase, resulting in documents that are considered as the working product of such

analysis Sprints.

G. You advise the Product Owner to rely on the Development Team and the stakeholders to formulate the Product Backlog, as they are the ones most knowledgeable.

H. By asking QUESTION NO:s and working with them the Product Owner will quickly be up to speed.

Answer: AD

Explanation:

The ones that are closest to the work are the best ones to understand and explain what the work is and what the needs of the users and product are.

NEW QUESTION 86

By the end of the Sprint, a Product Backlog item in the Sprint Backlog does not meet the team's Definition of Done.

What two things should happen with the item? (Choose two.)

- A. It will be inspected at the Sprint Review and if it is acceptable by the stakeholders then include it in the Increment.
- B. Do not include the item in the Increment for the Sprint.
- C. Split the item and add the estimation of the completed work to the current Sprint so not to impact the velocity and add the 'undone' work to the next Sprint.
- D. Estimate the remaining work needed to make it 'done' and add it to the Product Backlog for the Product Owner to decide what to do with it.

Answer: BD

Explanation:

At the end of a Sprint, the new Increment must be 'Done', which means it must be in useable condition and meet the Scrum Team's definition of 'Done'. Scrum Team members must have a shared understanding of what it means for work to be complete, to ensure transparency. This is the Definition of Done for the Scrum Team and it is used to assess when work is complete on the product Increment.

NEW QUESTION 89

A Scrum Team has requested a hardening Sprint to integrate the work produced in previous Sprints and test before releasing.

What three scenarios has likely occurred? (Choose three.)

- A. The team's Definition of Done is not being adhered to during every Sprint.
- B. The team's Definition of Done is weak or incomplete causing a build up of technical debt.
- C. The Development Team is having difficulties with the ability to regularly release during a Sprint.
- D. Hardening Sprints are supported by the Scrum framework so this is acceptable.
- E. Scrum has been customized in a suitable manner to make the previous work releasable.

Answer: ABC

Explanation:

At the end of a Sprint, the new Increment must be 'Done', which means it must be in useable condition and meet the Scrum Team's Definition of Done.

NEW QUESTION 90

Successful use of Scrum depends on how well people behave and act in ways that reflect the Scrum values. What can the value of openness affect?

- A. Collaboration efforts.
- B. Level of product quality.
- C. Team member happiness.
- D. Time to market.
- E. Trust from stakeholders.
- F. All of the above.

Answer: F

Explanation:

The Scrum Team and its stakeholders agree to be open about all the work and the challenges with performing the work.

NEW QUESTION 94

An organization is using Scrum to build five new products.

What would be the best two options for the number of Product Owners the organization should have? (Choose two.)

- A. There is one Product Owner for each product (so five in total). Each Product Owner may delegate, share and align work within their individual Product Backlog.
- B. Enough Product Owners to delegate as much work needed to maximize utilization of all Development Team members.
- C. There is one Product Owner responsible for all five product
- D. This person is not allowed to delegate any of the Product Owner responsibilities as he/she is accountable for the success of each product.
- E. There is one Product Owner responsible for all five product
- F. In order to scale his/her role, he/she can delegate some of the individual Product Owner responsibilities to others within each product but would still remain accountable for the value of the work produced.

Answer: AD

Explanation:

The Product Owner is the sole person responsible for maximizing the value of the product through the ordering and management of the Product Backlog. This reduces complexity in communication and understanding who to go to when there are QUESTION NO:s about the product. The Product Owner may delegate his/her responsibilities but still remains accountable for the outcome of those responsibilities.

NEW QUESTION 98

As a Scrum Master, what would you strive for if five new Scrum Teams were to work on one product?

- A. There should be five Product Owners, one for each Scrum Team.
- B. The product has one Product Backlog and one Product Owner.
- C. There should be five Product Backlogs and one Product Owner to manage them.
- D. There should be five Product Backlogs and five Product Owners.

Answer: B

Explanation:

For a single product there is one Product Backlog. For a single Product Backlog there is one Product Owner.

NEW QUESTION 99

The Development Team should have all the skills and competencies needed to:

- A. Turn the Product Backlog items it selects into a potentially releasable product increment of functionality.
- B. Do all of the development work in order to handoff to the testers in the subsequent Sprint.
- C. Complete the project within the estimate as committed to the Product Owner.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 102

What would be the best two ways to identify that a Development Team is self-organizing? (Choose two.)

- A. Management is able to know which members are working on which items.
- B. Creativity thrives and new possibilities are explored.
- C. The Development Team members are cross-functional and knows what it needs to do to deliver the all tasks committed to the Sprint Planning.
- D. The Development Team is able to resolve internal conflicts between members in order to continue working.

Answer: BD

Explanation:

In self-organized teams creativity thrives, conflicts can be resolved, and new possibilities are explored.

NEW QUESTION 105

In what ways does the Scrum Master keep a Development Team working at its highest level of productivity?

- A. By removing impediments that hinder the Development Team and facilitating Development Team decisions.
- B. By helping the Development Team with user acceptance tests and tracking defects.
- C. By ensuring each member takes turns speaking at the Daily Scrum and ending the event on time.
- D. By keeping the Scrum board and burn-down chart updated daily.

Answer: A

Explanation:

The Scrum Master serves the Development Team by removing impediments to the Development Team's progress and facilitating Scrum events as requested or needed.

NEW QUESTION 106

The Scrum Master is no longer needed when teams become self-organized.

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 111

In order to start the first Sprint, Scrum only requires a Product Owner with enough ideas, a Development Team to execute on those ideas, and a Scrum Master to guide the process.

- A. True

Answer: A

Explanation:

In complex domains, you are only able to know the outcomes in hindsight. Empiricism, from which Scrum was founded on, asserts that knowledge comes from experience and making decisions based on what is known. New knowledge will emerge as work is being done.

NEW QUESTION 112

Collaboration issues and technical dependencies between multiple Scrum Teams working on the same product can be fully resolved by using the correct version control tools.

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: B

Explanation:

When working on complex problems in complex environments, it cannot be guaranteed that applying a specific process or tool will fix the problem. Although, process and tools are important it's more important that people collaborate and try to find different solutions together and not rely solely on a tool to fix the problem.

NEW QUESTION 113

During the Sprint Retrospective, the team is discussing the quality issues that prevented the team from delivering a releasable Increment at the end of the Sprint. The Development Team does, however, mention that they were able to achieve a high velocity. What are the best two responses for Steven, their Scrum Master, to take? (Choose two.)

- A. Stress the value of working software over measured velocity.
- B. Agree and acknowledge the Development Team's hard work, so they will be motivated to do even more in the next Sprint.
- C. Acknowledge the hard work but remind the Development Team that they need to improve in order to do even more in the next Sprint.
- D. Facilitate a discussion on how to improve the quality to a level high enough for the Increment to be releasable, even if the measured velocity drops in the next Sprint.

Answer: AD

Explanation:

Scrum employs an iterative, incremental approach to optimize predictability and control risk. The primary objective of a Sprint (iteration) is to produce a potentially shippable product Increment. Having an Increment will allow the Scrum Team to know the right thing to do in the upcoming Sprint. Having a velocity is important but working software is the primary measure of progress.

NEW QUESTION 115

Which approach would you recommend to ensure that the Product Backlog items discussed at Sprint Planning are well understood, actionable, and easier to forecast?

- A. Having a separate group of business analysts and functional testers analyzing high-ordered Product Backlog items before Sprint Planning.
- B. Having the Product Owner work with stakeholders between the end of the last Sprint and before beginning the next to prepare the Product Backlog items so not to interrupt the Development Team.
- C. Having the business analysts in the Development Team create the upcoming Product Backlog items during a Sprint and adding them to the next Sprint's forecast.
- D. Having the Development Team use some time during each Sprint to help the Product Owner analyze, estimate, and design items at the top of the Product Backlog that is projected to be worked on in the upcoming Sprint.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Product Backlog refinement is the act of adding detail, estimates, and order to items in the Product Backlog. This is an ongoing process in which the Product Owner and the Development Team collaborate on the details of Product Backlog items. During Product Backlog refinement, items are reviewed and revised. The Scrum Team decides how and when refinement is done. Refinement usually consumes no more than 10% of the capacity of the Development Team. However, Product Backlog items can be updated at any time by the Product Owner or at the Product Owner's discretion.

NEW QUESTION 117

A Development Team member has notified the Scrum Master of a potential data security risk. What action should the Scrum Master take?

- A. Notify the test team.
- B. Add a Product Backlog item to address the security issue.
- C. Ask the Development Team member to share the issue with the team as soon as possible.
- D. Wait until the Sprint Retrospective to add security to the definition of "Done".

Answer: C

Explanation:

It is best to coach the Development Team members to collaborate on issues regardless of severity. They may consult the Scrum Master or Product Owner if needed.

NEW QUESTION 119

What should the Development Team do if they are approached by someone outside the team and asked to add a "very important" item to a Sprint that is in progress?

- A. Add the item to the bottom of the Sprint Backlog.
- B. Replace an item in the current Sprint of equal size.
- C. Add the item to the top of the next Sprint Backlog.
- D. Inform the Product Owner so he/she can work with the person.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Allow the Product Owner to decide what to do with the item as he/she is responsible for the flow of value.

NEW QUESTION 121

Which of these tools is mandatory for the Product Owner to use?

- A. Release burnup chart.
- B. Burndown chart.
- C. Version control.
- D. Project Gantt chart.

E. None of the above.

Answer: E

Explanation:

The Product Owner can use any tool, method or practice that he/she finds fit in order for him/her to make the best decisions possible.

NEW QUESTION 122

Who manages the progress of work during a Sprint?

- A. The Scrum Master
- B. The Product Owner
- C. The Team Lead
- D. The Development Team

Answer: D

Explanation:

The Development Team is self-organized, thus manages and decides how to manage their own progress.

NEW QUESTION 124

During the implementation of an item in the Sprint Backlog, a conflict arises between team members about what work is needed to make the item 'done'. Some say it is a part of the Definition of Done and others say it isn't. Steven, the Scrum Master, observes a debate forming and members beginning to take sides. What is the best action for Steven to take?

- A. Bring the Development Team members together and interpret the Definition of Done for them so that there are no future conflicts on interpretation.
- B. Immediately end the discussion before it becomes worse
- C. Make the decision on what work is needed to make the item 'done' and teach the team about the importance of avoiding conflicts.
- D. Facilitate a session with all members on the Scrum Team to help them resolve the conflict, refine the Definition of Done, and become effective again
- E. Tell the team that conflicts are a natural occurrence and coach them on the value of resolving conflicts.
- F. Bring the Product Owner to the discussion and have him/her decide the work needed to make the item 'done.' It is the Product Owner's responsibility to manage the Development Team members.

Answer: C

Explanation:

The Scrum Master is a servant-leader for the Scrum Team. The Scrum Master helps the Scrum Team understand which of their interactions are helpful and which are not. The Scrum Master helps everyone change these interactions to maximize the value created by the Scrum Team.

NEW QUESTION 125

The three pillars of empirical process control consist of:

- A. Planning, Inspection, Adaptation
- B. Inspection, Transparency, Adaptation
- C. Planning, Demonstration, Retrospective
- D. Respect For People, Kaizen, Eliminating Waste

Answer: B

Explanation:

These three pillars uphold every implementation of the empirical process control. Without them, Scrum cannot be implemented as intended.

NEW QUESTION 127

What is a Product Owner responsibility that he/she might delegate?

- A. Writing User Stories
- B. Ordering the Product Backlog
- C. Representing stakeholders to the Scrum team
- D. Attending the Sprint Review

Answer: B

Explanation:

The Development Team may need to order the Product Backlog as they would know the most about technical limitations, risks, or dependencies between Product Backlog Items. As User Stories is a localized practice, Scrum does not govern it or dictate the practice. How the team describes the items is up to them as long as it has enough information to be transparent and understood.

NEW QUESTION 130

The Development Team can cancel the Sprint:

- A. When the availability of the Product Owner is less than expected.
- B. When the requirements for the work to be done become unclear or not understood.
- C. It can't
- D. Only Product Owners can cancel Sprints.
- E. When the Sprint Backlog is determined to be unachievable.
- F. When too many impediments occur.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 133

The Scrum Master is responsible for the process in which Scrum is adopted and enacted.

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 138

During a Product Backlog refinement meeting, the Product Owner introduces a business objective that will be worked on for the next several Sprints. The Product Owner envisions several key features necessary to be delivered in order to meet the business objective. As the features will be using sensitive user data it will be subjected to external security audits. These non-functional security requirements were not applicable to previous Increments.

What are two good ways the Development Team can handle these high-security concerns? (Choose two.)

- A. They should be planned in parallel Sprints so not to disrupt the Development Team during feature developmen
- B. After security concerns have been finalized, they will be applied to the work that is already completed before new feature development can continue.
- C. They should be handled in a parallel Sprint by a separate security team so that security can be resolved through application enhancements without impacting the functional development.
- D. A complete list of security-related Product Backlog items needs to be created before starting a new Sprint.
- E. During the Sprint Retrospective, the Development Team assesses how to add these expectations to their Definition of Done so every future Increment will meet these security requirement
- F. If needed they can work with external specialists to better understand the requirements.
- G. They are added to the Product Backlog and addressed throughout the next Sprints, combined with creating the business functionality in those Sprints, no matter how small the business functionality.

Answer: DE

Explanation:

In order to ensure transparency, work that must be done to the product must be visible in either the Product Backlog or the Definition of Done.

NEW QUESTION 142

If there are multiple Scrum Teams working on the same product, all of the Scrum Teams must mutually define a Definition of Ready (DoR). The DoR is a checklist that the Product Owner must fulfill before a Product Backlog item can be presented at the Sprint Planning. This protects the Development Team from interruptions and disruptions during the Sprint.

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: B

Explanation:

Product Backlog items should be clear enough and have enough information for the Product Owner and Development to understand the work that needs to be done and to create a forecast of Product Backlog items to implement the Sprint Goal. Nothing stops the flow of Sprints, for example, we do not delay the Sprint because the items are not ready. In such cases, the “unready” items would be selected for the Sprint anyway and refined during the Sprint.

In the case that the Product Backlog items are not clear enough, the Development Team forecasts the most likely Product Backlog items to meet the goal and create a Sprint Backlog based on a likely initial design and plan. Once the time-box for the Sprint Planning meeting is over, start the Sprint and continue to analyze, decompose, and create additional functionality during the Sprint. At the end of the Sprint, the Scrum Team can discuss in the upcoming Sprint Retrospective why this happened and what changes will make it less likely to recur.

NEW QUESTION 144

What would be the responsibilities of a self-organizing Development Team?

- A. Update stakeholders on the daily progress and keep the burn-down chart updated.
- B. Select the Product Backlog items for the Sprint and do the work planned in the Sprint Backlog.
- C. Writing User Stories and reordering the Product Backlog.
- D. Deciding on the value of the product features and value estimations.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 146

Three Development Teams are currently building a single product and pulling work from the same Product Backlog. All three teams have identified that they will need Dan, a database specialist, to work full time in their team for the next several Sprints.

What should Steven, the Scrum Master, do to solve this potential problem?

- A. Manage the items in the Sprint Backlogs so that Dan can be utilized evenly for each team.
- B. Assign Dan to the team with the most urgent tasks first and then move him to the next team and so on until the required support is completed.
- C. Facilitate a discussion with all Development Teams on how they want to deal with this issue, and help them implement their preferred solution.
- D. Ask Dan to work with the HR department to recruit and hire additional database specialist
- E. In the meantime, have the Product Owner move items that do not depend on Dan to the top of the Product Backlog.

Answer: C

Explanation:

As a servant/leader, the Scrum Master facilitates conversations through open ended QUESTION NO:s in order to help the team members make the best possible decisions according to what is known at the time. He/she does not approve or reject team decisions but ensures the team stays within the boundaries of the Scrum

framework.

NEW QUESTION 148

How much time is allowed between the conclusion of the current Sprint and the start of the next Sprint?

- A. Maximum of one day for Sprints that are time-boxed to two weeks.
- B. Non
- C. A new Sprint starts immediately following the conclusion of the previous Sprint.
- D. Enough time for the last Increment to finish testing.
- E. Enough time for the Product Owner to prepare the Product Backlog for Sprint Planning.
- F. All of the above are allowed.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 151

What activities would a Product Owner do during an active Sprint?

- A. Engage with the stakeholders and answer QUESTION NO:s from the Development Team.
- B. Prioritize the Sprint Backlog.
- C. Participate at the Daily Scrum.
- D. Update the burndown chart.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 153

Cross-functional teams are specialized for working on specific system components (e.g. design, database, backend, frontend).

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: B

Explanation:

Cross-functional teams have all the skills and competencies needed to deliver end-to-end work.

NEW QUESTION 156

Select two ways in which Scrum uses time-boxing to promote self-organization? (Choose two.)

- A. Time-boxes ensures that the Development Team commits to completing the items in the Sprint Backlog by the end of the Sprint.
- B. Time-boxes encourage the ones closest to the problem make the best possible decisions within the time- frame given the current situation.
- C. Time-boxes can help teams plan how many additional Sprints is needed for User Acceptance testing.
- D. Time-boxes helps everybody concentrate on the same problem at the same time.

Answer: BD

Explanation:

Time-boxes help everyone focus on the work of the Sprint and personally commit to achieving the goals of the Scrum Team.

NEW QUESTION 157

What would likely happen if management only changed the organization's current terminology to fit Scrum without the proper understanding and support of Scrum as defined in the Scrum Guide?

- A. Very little change will happen as the vocabulary in Scrum is specifically defined for implementing Scrum.
- B. The organization may not realize the real benefits of Scrum as there would be no real change on the way the teams work.
- C. Organizations may feel less stressed as the behaviors would remain familiar to management.
- D. All answers apply.

Answer: D

Explanation:

The defined terminology in Scrum was selected, designed, and defined specifically for supporting the Scrum Framework. Understanding the differences between traditional methods and the Scrum Framework will help move teams in the right direction in Scrum adoption.

NEW QUESTION 162

What might be a valid reason for abnormally cancelling a Sprint?

- A. When the Development Team discovers it cannot meet their Sprint commitments.
- B. When the work becomes too difficult for the Development Team.
- C. When the sales department discovers features that add more value than the current work being done.
- D. When the Sprint Goal becomes obsolete.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 165

Which two statements are the most accurate in regards to scaling Scrum for large projects requiring multiple Scrum Teams? (Choose two.)

- A. A person focusing on the Sprint Backlog of a single Scrum Team is often more productive than that same person working on multiple Scrum Teams at the same time.
- B. A well-structured Product Backlog can minimize and often eliminate Development Team members working on multiple Scrum Teams during a Sprint.
- C. Team members must work full time on a single Scrum Team.
- D. Customizing the core Scrum framework is necessary to be successful with Scrum at large scale.

Answer: AB

Explanation:

A person or team working on a single problem at a time is typically more effective than one that is working on multiple problems congruently as they can fully focus and dedicate their energy to resolving the problem before moving to the next. Having a well-structured Product Backlog can help minimize dependencies and increase focus for each team.

NEW QUESTION 166

Individual Development Team members have been approaching Steven, the Scrum Master, to complain about Chris. Chris has the most experience on the system they are building. He often QUESTION NO:s the choices team members make in design and architecture making them feel bad. What are two good ways for Steven to address this problem? (Choose two.)

- A. Steven observes whether this topic is raised at the Sprint Retrospectiv
- B. If not, then he checks with the team on how comfortable they are with the way the design and architecture is being handled.
- C. Steven suggests facilitating a session with the full team to help resolve the issue.
- D. Steven tells the concerned members that Chris' opinions should be respected as he has the most experience and understands what is best for long term sustainability.
- E. Steven shares his concerns with Chris and the impact on the other team members and that he should be a team player.
- F. Steven takes the time between Sprints to organize a team building session to build a stronger relationship.

Answer: AB

Explanation:

Conflicts are a natural occurrence and the Scrum Master coaches the Development Team on the value of resolving conflicts. Leaving conflicts unresolved can impact the Scrum values of openness and respect diminishing trust. Lower trust levels will impact the Scrum Team's effectiveness and can cause impediments in the future. It is the responsibility of the Scrum Master to remove impediments that hinder the team through conflict resolution and facilitation.

NEW QUESTION 171

Who should be present to review and adjust the selected Sprint work if the Development Team determines that it will not be able to finish the complete forecast?

- A. The stakeholders and Scrum Master.
- B. The Product Owner and the Development Team.
- C. The Development Team and Project Manager.
- D. The Scrum Master, the Business Analyst and the Development Team.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 174

The Sprint length should be:

- A. Short enough to keep the business risk acceptable to the Product Owner.
- B. Short enough to be able to synchronize the development work with other business events.
- C. No more than one month.
- D. All of these answers are correct.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 178

What must the Development Team do during the first Sprint?

- A. Create a potentially shippable product Increment that includes at least one piece of functionality.
- B. Analyze and estimate the requirements for the subsequent Sprints.
- C. Create a project plan in order to map functional development to Sprint dates.
- D. Only design and develop the architecture and infrastructure.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Sprints promote iterative and incremental development.

NEW QUESTION 179

When technical debt occurs, the system will become more unstable as development progresses and code is added resulting in future work being slowed down.

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: A

Explanation:

Technical debt is any shortcomings in the code. It is a natural by-product of software development (unavoidable) and can at best be managed. If neglected, it will compound and have a negative effect on the

team's ability to deliver value. A team can have an artificially high velocity by taking shortcuts or introducing technical debt into the system. This can give a false assumption about the current state of the product. It can look good on the surface but underneath can be a mess.

NEW QUESTION 181

During the Sprint Review, one of the stakeholders announces that due to recent market changes, there is risk that funding might be reduced for the project. This triggers tensions to rise and arguments to break out between members.

As a Scrum Master, what would be the best two actions to take? (Choose two.)

- A. Defend the original budget and request the stakeholders to adhere to the original agreed funding for the product.
- B. Encourage the stakeholders and Product Owner to focus on delivering the highest value items for the next Sprint.
- C. Be objective and request for a short break for people to calm down.
- D. Avoid getting involved as it is the Product Owner's responsibility to manage stakeholder expectations.
- E. Inform everyone that the team needs to stay busy until the information is formally announced.

Answer: BC

Explanation:

The Scrum Master is responsible for promoting and supporting Scrum by helping everyone embody the values of commitment, courage, focus, openness and respect.

NEW QUESTION 182

The Development Team has suggested to move the Daily Scrum to every other day instead of every day. What is the most appropriate action for the Scrum Master to take?

- A. Learn why the Development Team wants this, coach the team on why the Daily Scrum is important and work with them to improve the outcome of the Daily Scrum.
- B. Support the self-organizing team's decision.
- C. Have the Development Team members vote on which days the Daily Scrum should occur.

Answer: A

Explanation:

The Scrum Master is responsible for promoting and supporting Scrum as defined in the Scrum Guide. Scrum Masters do this by helping everyone understand Scrum theory, practices, rules, and values.

NEW QUESTION 184

Currently, your engineering department is organized in siloed teams that specialize by function (for example, design, front-end, back-end, database, and testing). What would you consider when moving away from component teams towards feature teams?

- A. You cannot begin Scrum without have feature team
- B. It is easier to measure and compare performance between feature team
- C. Feature teams should have an equal number of team members.
- D. Members within feature teams require compatible personalitie
- E. Feature teams should have a mix of junior and senior member
- F. Tasks are completed more quickly than component teams.
- G. Moving from component teams to feature teams could reduce, productivity in the initial stage
- H. Feature teams have less communication complexit
- I. Getting the support from the business side makes the transition easier.

Answer: C

Explanation:

The initial phase of forming a new team could cause short-term disruption as they need time to discover how to best work together. Because all the skills and competencies are inside the team the communication overhead is reduced. Having an environment that supports the Scrum values reduces complexity.

NEW QUESTION 185

At the Sprint Planning, the Development Team is not able to forecast the number of Product Backlog items it can do in the upcoming Sprint due to unclear requirements. The Product Owner, however, was able to clearly define the business objective he hopes to achieve in the Sprint.

Which of the following two actions would you support? (Choose two.)

- A. The Development Team forecasts the most likely Product Backlog items to meet the business objective and create a Sprint Backlog based on a likely initial design and pla
- B. Once the time- box for the SprintPlanning meeting is over, they start implementation and continue to analyze, decompose, and create additional functionality during the Sprint.
- C. If all agree they can extend the Sprint Planning until the Development Team can forecast enough Product Backlog items before starting the implementation.
- D. Allow the Development Team members as much time as needed to review the Product Backlog items and reconvene with the Product Owner when they are confident enough to make a forecast for the Sprint.
- E. They discuss in the upcoming Sprint Retrospective why this happened and what changes will make it less likely to occur again.

Answer: AD

Explanation:

All events are time-boxed events, such that every event has a maximum duration. The Development Team modifies the Sprint Backlog throughout the Sprint, and the Sprint Backlog emerges during the Sprint. This emergence occurs as the Development Team works through the plan and learns more about the work needed to achieve the Sprint Goal.

NEW QUESTION 186

Which of the following actions is appropriate for a Scrum Master at the Daily Scrum?

- A. Making sure each member has an opportunity to answer all three QUESTION NO:s.
- B. Leading the Daily Scrum.
- C. Teaching the Development Team to keep the Daily Scrum time-boxed to 15 minutes or less.
- D. Updating the Scrum board.
- E. All of the above.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 191

You have a Scrum Team that has been working together for over a year. The Development Team consists of eleven members who rarely collaborate and work within their functional boundaries. There are no Sprint Goals and most of the items in the Sprint Backlog are unrelated. The Scrum Team has concluded that it is not possible to create Sprint Goals based on the items in the Product Backlog.

What might explain why the Scrum Team is finding it difficult to craft Sprint Goals? (Choose all that apply.)

- A. The Sprints are too long.
- B. The Product Owner is not empowered to make decisions about items in the Product Backlog nor how they are ordered.
- C. The Product Owner doesn't set objectives that he/she wants to achieve with upcoming Sprints.
- D. Scrum might not be the best framework for this team.
- E. The Development Team is too big.

Answer: BCD

Explanation:

Many people misinterpret the Scrum Guide as stating the Development Team size is limited to 3-9 members. In reality, it only states that there is inherent risk attached to having less than 3 members and more than 9 members. As the number of members increases, the lines of communication also increase. This can be calculated using the Group intercommunication formula: $n(n-1)/2$ where n is the number of members. Some teams are able to handle the risk and "synergize" whereas others might struggle. Saying that, the relationship between defining a Sprint Goal and Development Team size is unclear.

But the relationship between the ordering of the Product Backlog, the PO having clear objectives, and the Sprint Goal are direct. The Product Owner typically comes to the Sprint Planning with a business objective in mind and Product Backlog items related to the business objective. After deciding what can be done for the upcoming Sprint, the Scrum Team will craft a Sprint Goal that would be met through the implementation of the items. This is not dependent on the size of the team nor length of the Sprint.

Scrum is also a framework that's fit for purpose. Some projects/products are not fit for Scrum... or, better stated, Scrum is not suitable for all projects/products.

NEW QUESTION 192

How should a Scrum Master respond if the Product Owner plans the first Sprint to only focus on setting up the infrastructure and architecture in order to work on functionality in a subsequent Sprint?

- A. Help the Product Owner understand the value of including business functionality into every Sprint and explain to him/her that the best architecture and infrastructure emerge alongside the development of the functionality.
- B. Support the Product Owner's decision as he/she is accountable for maximizing the value of the work that the Development Team does.
- C. Explain that one Sprint may be too short to finish the architecture and he should pre-allocate subsequent Sprints just in case.
- D. Add at least one technical architect to the Development Team to ensure the architecture can be completed in the first Sprint.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Getting feedback from the Users and Stakeholders is a crucial activity in Scrum. It reduces waste from building items that add no value. Saying that, the best architectures, requirements, and designs emerge from self-organizing teams.

NEW QUESTION 196

On a project where multiple Scrum Teams are working from the same Product Backlog, how should the work be distributed between teams?

- A. The Scrum Team with the highest capacity will pull items from the Product Backlog first.
- B. Each Scrum Team must have an equal amount of User Stories per Sprint.
- C. The Product Owner separates the Product Backlog items for each team.
- D. The Development Teams pull in work from a shared Product Backlog in agreement with the Product Owner and the other teams.

Answer: D

Explanation:

During Sprint Planning the number of items selected from the Product Backlog for the Sprint is solely up to the Development Team regardless of the number of Development Teams working from the same Product Backlog. Only the Development Team can assess what it can accomplish over the upcoming Sprint.

NEW QUESTION 197

What is the Development Team responsible for?

- A. Writing User Stories and ordering the Product Backlog.
- B. Reporting productivity and selecting the Sprint time-box.
- C. Organizing the work required to meet the Sprint Goal and resolving internal team conflicts.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 199

What is the most appropriate action for the Scrum Master to take if the Product Owner is having difficulties managing the Product Backlog?

- A. Have the Development Team order the work instead of the Product Owner.
- B. Have the Product Owner order the items based on size, having the Development Team work on the smallest items first.
- C. Offer the Product Owner help in understanding that the goal of ordering the Product Backlog is to maximize the flow of value.

- D. Delegate the work to the Assistant Product Owner.
- E. Delay the Sprint in order for the Product Owner to have enough time to prioritize the Product Backlog.

Answer: C

Explanation:

The Product Owner's primary concern is the flow of value reflected in the ordering of the Product Backlog.

NEW QUESTION 201

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