

Red-Hat

Exam Questions EX294

Red Hat Certified Engineer (RHCE) exam



NEW QUESTION 1

- (Exam Topic 2)

Generate a hosts file:

*

Download an initial template file hosts.j2 from <http://classroom.example.com/hosts.j2> to /home/admin/ansible/ Complete the template so that it can be used to generate a file with a line for each inventory host in the same format as /etc/hosts: 172.25.250.9 workstation.lab.example.com workstation

* Create a playbook called gen_hosts.yml that uses this template to generate the file

/etc/myhosts on hosts in the dev host group.

* When completed, the file /etc/myhosts on hosts in the dev host group should have a line for each managed host:

* 127.0.0.1 localhost localhost.localdomain localhost4 localhost4.localdomain4

::1 localhost localhost.localdomain localhost6 localhost6.localdomain6

* 172.25.250.10 serevra.lab.example.com servera

* 172.25.250.11 serevrblab.example.com serverb

* 172.25.250.12 serevrc.lab.example.com serverc

* 172.25.250.13 serevrdbl.example.com serverd

while practising you to create these file hear. But in exam have to download as per questation.

hosts.j2 file consists.

localhost localhost.localdomain localhost4 localhost4.localdomain4

::1

localhost localhost.localdomain localhost6 localhost6.localdomain6

A. Mastered

B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Solution as:

```
# pwd
/home/admin/ansible
#
wget http://classroom.example.com/hosts.j2
# vim hosts.j2
* 127.0.0.1 localhost localhost.localdomain localhost4 localhost4.localdomain4 ::1 localhost localhost.localdomain localhost6 localhost6.localdomain6
{% for host in groups['all'] %}
{{ hostvars[host]['ansible_facts']['default_ipv4']['address'] }} {{ hostvars[host] ['ansible_facts']['fqdn'] }} {{ hostvars[host]['ansible_facts']['hostname'] }}
{% endfor %} wq!
# vim gen_hosts.yml
--
- name: collecting all host information hosts: all
tasks:
- name: template: src: hosts.j2
dest: /etc/myhosts
when: inventory_hostname in groups['dev'] wq
# ansible-playbook gen_hosts.yml --syntax-check
# ansible-playbook gen_hosts.yml
```

NEW QUESTION 2

- (Exam Topic 2)

Create and run an Ansible ad-hoc command.

--> As a system administrator, you will need to install software on the managed nodes.

--> Create a shell script called yum-pack.sh that runs an Ansible ad-hoc command to create yum-repository on each of the managed nodes as follows:

--> repository1

* 1. The name of the repository is EX407

* 2. The description is "Ex407 Description"

* 3. The base URL is http://content.example.com/rhel8.0/x86_64/dvd/BaseOS/

* 4. GPG signature checking is enabled

* 5. The GPG key URL is http://content.example.com/rhel8.0/x86_64/dvd/RPM-GPG-KEYredhat- release

* 6. The repository is enabled

--> repository2

* 1. The name of the repository is EXX407

* 2. The description is "Exx407 Description"

* 3. The base URL is http://content.example.com/rhel8.0/x86_64/dvd/AppStream/

* 4. GPG signature checking is enabled

* 5. The GPG key URL is [http://content.example.com/rhel8.0/x86_64/dvd/ RPM-GPG-KEYredhat-](http://content.example.com/rhel8.0/x86_64/dvd/RPM-GPG-KEYredhat-) release

* 6. The repository is enabled

A. Mastered

B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Solution as:

```
# pwd
/home/admin/ansible
# vim yum-pack.sh
#!/bin/bash
ansible all -m yum_repository -a 'name=EX407 description="Ex407 Description"
baseurl=http://content.example.com/rhel8.0/x86_64/dvd/BaseOS/
gpgcheck=yes
gpgkey=http://content.example.com/rhel8.0/x86_64/dvd/RPM-GPG-KEY-redhat-release
enabled=yes'
ansible all -m yum_repository -a 'name=EXX407 description="Exx407 Description"
baseurl=http://content.example.com/rhel8.0/x86_64/dvd/AppStream/
gpgcheck=yes
gpgkey=http://content.example.com/rhel8.0/x86_64/dvd/RPM-GPG-KEY-redhat-release
enabled=yes'
!wq
# chmod +x yum-pack.sh
# bash yum-pack.sh
# ansible all -m command -a 'yum repolist all'
```

NEW QUESTION 3

- (Exam Topic 1)

Create a Shell script /root/program:

The shell script will come back to "user" parameter when you are entering "kernel" parameter.

The shell script will come back to "kernel" when you are entering "user" parameter.

It will output the standard error when this script "usage:/root/program kernel|user" don't input any parameter or the parameter you inputted is entered as the requirements.

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:



```
[root@server1 virtual]# cat /root/program
#!/bin/bash
param1="$1"
if [ "$param1" == "kernel" ]; then
echo "user"
elif [ "$param1" == "user" ]; then
echo "kernel"
else
echo "usage:/root/program kernel|user"
if
[root@server1 ~]# chmod +x /root/program
```

NEW QUESTION 4

- (Exam Topic 1)

Install and configure ansible

User bob has been created on your control node. Give him the appropriate permissions on the control node. Install the necessary packages to run ansible on the control node.

Create a configuration file /home/bob/ansible/ansible.cfg to meet the following requirements:

- The roles path should include /home/bob/ansible/roles, as well as any other path that may be required for the course of the sample exam.
- The inventory file path is /home/bob/ansible/inventory.
- Ansible should be able to manage 10 hosts at a single time.
- Ansible should connect to all managed nodes using the bob user. Create an inventory file for the following five nodes: node1.example.com node2.example.com node3.example.com node4.example.com node5.example.com

Configure these nodes to be in an inventory file where node1 is a member of group dev. nodc2 is a member of group test, nodc3 is a member of group proxy, nodc4 and node 5 are members of group prod. Also, prod is a member of group web servers.

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

```
In/home/sandy/ansible/ansible.cfg
[defaults]
inventory=/home/sandy/ansible/inventory
roles_path=/home/sandy/ansible/roles
remote_user= sandy
host_key_checking=false
[privilegeescalation]
become=true
become_user=root
```

```
become_method=sudo
become_ask_pass=false
In /home/sandy/ansible/inventory
[dev]
node 1.example.com
[test]
node2.example.com
[proxy]
node3 .example.com
[prod]
node4.example.com
node5 .example.com
[webserver:children]
prod
```

NEW QUESTION 5

- (Exam Topic 1)

Create a role called sample-apache in /home/sandy/ansible/roles that enables and starts httpd, enables and starts the firewall and allows the webserver service. Create a template called index.html.j2 which creates and serves a message from /var/www/html/index.html Whenever the content of the file changes, restart the webserver service.

Welcome to [FQDN] on [IP]

Replace the FQDN with the fully qualified domain name and IP with the ip address of the node using ansible facts. Lastly, create a playbook in /home/sandy/ansible/ called apache.yml and use the role to serve the index file on webserver hosts.

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

/home/sandy/ansible/apache.yml

```
---
- name: http
  hosts: webserver
  roles:
    - sample-apache
```

/home/sandy/ansible/roles/sample-apache/tasks/main.yml

```
---
# tasks file for sample-apache
- name: enable httpd
  service:
    name: httpd
    state: started
    enabled: true
- name: enable firewall
  service:
    name: firewalld
    state: started
    enabled: true
- name: firewall http service
  firewalld:
    service: http
    state: enabled
    permanent: yes
    immediate: yes
- name: index
  template:
    src: templates/index.html.j2
    dest: /var/www/html/index.html
  notify:
    - restart
```

/home/sandy/ansible/roles/sample-apache/templates/index.html.j2

```
Welcome to {{ansible_fqdn}} ({{ansible_default_ipv4.address}})
```

In /home/sandy/ansible/roles/sample-apache/handlers/main.yml

```
- name: restart
  service:
    name: httpd
    state: restarted
```

NEW QUESTION 6

- (Exam Topic 1)

Create an empty encrypted file called myvault.yml in /home/sandy/ansible and set the password to notsafepw. Rekey the password to iwej2221. See the

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

ansible-vault create myvault.yml

Create new password: notsafepw Confirm password: notsafepw ansible-vault rekey myvault.yml

Current password: notsafepw New password: iwej2221 Confirm password: iwej2221

NEW QUESTION 7

- (Exam Topic 1)

Create a playbook called issue.yml in /home/sandy/ansible which changes the file /etc/issue on all managed nodes: If host is a member of (lev then write "Development" If host is a member of test then write "Test" If host is a member of prod then write "Production"

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Solution as:

```
---
- name: issue file
  hosts: dev,test,prod
  tasks:
    - name: edit development node
      copy:
        content: Development
        dest: /etc/issue
        when: "dev" in group_names
    - name: edit test node
      copy:
        content: Test
        dest: /etc/issue
        when: "test" in group_names
    - name: edit development node
      copy:
        content: Production
        dest: /etc/issue
        when: "prod" in group_names
...
```

NEW QUESTION 8

- (Exam Topic 1)

Create a file called requirements.yml in /home/sandy/ansible/roles to install two roles. The source for the first role is geerlingguy.haproxy and geerlingguy.php. Name the first haproxy-role and the second php-role. The roles should be installed in /home/sandy/ansible/roles.

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

in /home/sandy/ansible/roles vim requirements.yml

```
- src: geerlingguy.haproxy
  name: haproxy-role
- src: geerlingguy.php_role
  name: php_role
```

Run the requirements file from the roles directory:

ansible-galaxy install -r requirements.yml -p /home/sandy/ansible/roles

NEW QUESTION 9

- (Exam Topic 1)

Create a file called adhoc.sh in /home/sandy/ansible which will use adhoc commands to set up a new repository. The name of the repo will be 'EPEL' the description 'RHEL8' the baseurl is 'https://dl.fedoraproject.org/pub/epel/epel-release-latest-8.noarch.rpm' there is no gpgcheck, but you should enable the repo.
* You should be able to use an bash script using adhoc commands to enable repos. Depending on your lab setup, you may need to make this repo "state=absent" after you pass this task.

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

chmod 0777 adhoc.sh

vim adhoc.sh

#!/bin/bash

ansible all -m yum_repository -a 'name=EPEL description=RHEL8 baseurl=https://dl.fedoraproject.org/pub/epel/epel-release-latest-8.noarch.rpm gpgcheck=no enabled=yes'

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 1)

Create a playbook /home/bob /ansible/motd.yml that runs on all inventory hosts and docs the following: The playbook should replaee any existing content of/etc/motd in the following text. Use ansible facts to display the FQDN of each host

On hosts in the dev host group the line should be "Welcome to Dev Server FQDN".

On hosts in the webserver host group the line should be "Welcome to Apache Server FQDN". On hosts in the database host group the line should be "Welcome to MySQL Server FQDN".

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

/home/sandy/ansible/apache.yml

```
---
- name: http
  hosts: webserver
  roles:
    - sample-apache
```

/home/sandy/ansible/roles/sample-apache/tasks/main.yml

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 1)

In /home/sandy/ansible/ create a playbook called logvol.yml. In the play create a logical volume called lv0 and make it of size 1500MiB on volume group vgO If there is not enough space in the volume group print a message "Not enough space for logical volume" and then make a 800MiB lv0 instead. If the volume group still doesn't exist, create a message "Volume group doesn't exist" Create an xfs filesystem on all lv0 logical volumes. Don't mount the logical volume.

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Solution as:

```
- name: hosts
hosts: all
tasks:
- name: create partition
  parted:
    device: /dev/vdb
    number: 1
    flags: [ lvm ]
    state: present
- name: create vg
  lvg:
    vg: vg0
    pvs: /dev/vdb1
    when: ansible_devices.vdb.partitions.vdb1 is defined
- name: create logical volume
  lvol:
    vg: vg0
    lv: lv0
    size: 1500m
    when: ansible_lvm.vgs.vg0 is defined and ( (ansible_lvm.vgs.vg0.size_g | float ) > 1.5)
- name: send message if volume group not large enough
  debug:
    msg: Not enough space for logical volume
    when: ansible_lvm.vgs.vg0 is defined and ( (ansible_lvm.vgs.vg0.size_g | float ) < 1.5)
- name: create a smaller logical volume
  lvol:
    vg: vg0
    lv: lv0
    size: 1500m
    when: ansible_lvm.vgs.vg0 is defined and ( (ansible_lvm.vgs.vg0.size_g | float ) < 1.5)
- name: create fs
  filesystem:
    dev: /dev/vg0/lv0
    fstype: xfs
    when: ansible_lvm.vgs.vg0 is defined
```

NEW QUESTION 11

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