

IIBA

Exam Questions CBAP

Certified business analysis professional (CBAP) appliaction



NEW QUESTION 1

- (Topic 1)

Wanda is the business analyst for her organization and she is currently working on the specify and model requirements process. One of the elements of this process is the documentation of the textual requirements. Wanda must describe the capabilities of the solution, any conditions that must exist for the requirements to operate, and what third component of the textual requirement?

- A. Any constraints that may prevent the solution from fulfilling the requirement
- B. Write in the active voice
- C. Describe a situation or problem
- D. Express only one requirement at a time

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 2

- (Topic 1)

Your organization is using a plan-driven approach to business analysis. What characteristic must be true of changes in the approach that your organization is using?

- A. All the changes only occur if they are less than an agreed factor, such as ten percent of the solution's overall cost or a percentage of the project's schedule
- B. All the changes only occur if they are less than ten percent of the solution's overall cost
- C. All the changes only occur if they are genuinely necessary
- D. Changes are generally not permitted in the plan-driven approach to business analysis

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 3

- (Topic 1)

The business analysis approach generally defines all of the following attributes except for which one?

- A. Deliverables
- B. Requirements for solutions acceptance
- C. Analysis technique
- D. Team roles

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 4

- (Topic 1)

Paul is the business analyst for his organization. He is examining a single solution to determine if the solution he and his team have identified carries enough business value to justify its implementation. What business analysis process is Paul performing in this scenario?

- A. Define transition requirements
- B. Assess proposed solution
- C. Assess organizational readiness
- D. Allocate requirements

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 5

- (Topic 1)

Which one of the following business analysis planning and monitoring techniques can be used to define and document the business analysis approach?

- A. Process modeling
- B. Structured walkthrough
- C. Decision analysis
- D. Control charts

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 6

- (Topic 1)

What does the T in SWOT analysis mean?

- A. Trial
- B. Threats
- C. Test
- D. Time

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 7

- (Topic 1)

Ben is the business analyst for his organization. Ben is currently working on a solution to improve a laser printer. He has taken the laser printer apart, identified each component, and documented each component's purpose. What type of requirements organization is Ben doing in this scenario?

- A. Process modeling
- B. Data modeling
- C. Functional decomposition
- D. Scope modeling

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 8

- (Topic 1)

All of the following stakeholders participate in the prioritization of requirements except for which one?

- A. Implementation subject matter expert
- B. Project team
- C. Domain subject matter expert
- D. Project manager

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 9

- (Topic 1)

You are creating a model for your requirements. Which model type categorizes and describes the people who directly interact with a solution?

- A. Rules
- B. User classes, profiles, or roles
- C. Concepts and relationships
- D. Events

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Topic 1)

What document defines the business needs, identifies key stakeholders, and describes the positive impact the solution will provide on the key stakeholders?

- A. Project charter
- B. Project scope statement
- C. Solution scope
- D. Vision statement

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization. You are coaching Tom about the different approaches to business analysis. Which type of business analysis approach has the most business analysis work at the beginning of the project or during the start of a project phase?

- A. Change-driven approach
- B. Value-driven approach
- C. Plan-driven approach
- D. Requirements-driven approach

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 11

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and you are completing the verify requirements process. There are eight characteristics each requirements should have: cohesive, complete, consistent, correct, and feasible. Which one of the following four is not a characteristic of a requirement?

- A. Functional
- B. Modifiable
- C. Unambiguous
- D. Testable

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 13

- (Topic 1)

Sally is the business analyst for her organization. Sally and her business analysis team is currently using a business analysis approach to determine what the competition of her organization is offering prospective clients. She is trying to identify solutions to increase revenue by remaining competitive with the competition. What business analysis approach is Sally and her business analysis team using?

- A. Business rules analysis
- B. Functional decomposition
- C. Focus groups
- D. Benchmarking

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 16

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization. Management wants you to prioritize the identified requirements by the requirements that have the highest likelihood of success. Why would management want you to prioritize the requirements with this factor even though some of the requirements may be difficult to implement?

- A. They want a fast return on investment
- B. They want to show early success in the implementation to the project stakeholder
- C. They don't understand the requirement
- D. They want to avoid penalties or fines due to a pending law

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 20

- (Topic 1)

You have identified a task in your task list that cannot be completed until the inspector for the project signs off on the initial deliverables. The inspector's signoff on the initial deliverables is called what?

- A. Assumption
- B. Dependency
- C. Milestone
- D. Constraint

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 21

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization. Management has asked that you create a method to store the project requirements including those under development, under review, and the requirements which have been approved. What is management asking you to create?

- A. A change management system
- B. A repository
- C. A project scope statement
- D. A requirements register

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 24

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are working on organizing the identified requirements for a new solution. Nancy, your assistant in this process, says that these requirements aren't very complex. You agree but add that it's this thing that makes the overall solution complex. What thing adds to the level of complexity among requirements?

- A. Relationships among the requirements
- B. Management in the project
- C. Stakeholders in the project
- D. Cost and schedule constraints

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 25

- (Topic 1)

Holly's organization uses a plan-driven approach to business analysis. When it comes to communication in Holly's organization what type of communication will likely be required?

- A. Face-to-face
- B. Chain of command
- C. Formal
- D. Ad hoc

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 30

- (Topic 1)

Which one of the following is an example of a non-negotiable demand by a stakeholder during the requirements prioritization session?

- A. All requirements are ranked as high
- B. Communication
- C. All requirements are prioritized by cost-benefits ratio
- D. Cost

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 31

- (Topic 1)

You are completing enterprise analysis. Management has asked you to create a document that will help them create a go/no go decision to invest and more forward with a proposed project. What document does management want you to create?

- A. Feasibility study
- B. Project scope
- C. Solution scope
- D. Business case

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 33

- (Topic 1)

What element of the plan business analysis process affects the business analysis duties that need to be performed?

- A. The experience of the business analyst
- B. The experience of the project manager
- C. The expected completion date of the business analysis duties
- D. The type of project or initiative

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 36

- (Topic 1)

You and Tom are writing the solution scope for a new project in your organization. You need to create a method to define what solution will and will not provide for the organization. What technique can you and Tom use to establish appropriate boundaries for the solution?

- A. Interviews with the key stakeholders
- B. User stories
- C. Functional decomposition
- D. Scope modeling

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 37

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization. Management realizes that a proposed solution has risks that may cause the entire project to fail. They would like you to prioritize the requirements with maximum risks first so that if the project fails, there is little loss of capital in the project implementation. What requirements prioritization approach is management asking you to create in this instance?

- A. Implementation difficulty
- B. Business or technical risk
- C. Likelihood of success
- D. Relationship to other requirements

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 39

- (Topic 1)

The business analysis approach generally defines all of the following attributes except for which one?

- A. Requirements for solutions acceptance
- B. Deliverables
- C. Team roles
- D. Analysis technique

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 43

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization. Management has asked that you create a model of the requirements so the stakeholders can better understand the requirements and the project as a whole. Which of the following statements best describes a model?

- A. Models are slices of the project solution
- B. Models simplify the requirements for common stakeholder
- C. Models are statistics for the return on investment, time saved, and other mathematics
- D. Models abstract and simplify reality

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 47

- (Topic 1)

What part of defining the business needs process will evaluate the ends that the organization is seeking to achieve?

- A. Business goals and objectives
- B. Alternative identification
- C. Solution assessment
- D. Requirements

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 52

- (Topic 1)

Paul has been asked to complete SWOT analysis for his solution scope. What does SWOT analysis mean?

- A. Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities, Time
- B. Stakeholder Weaknesses, Organizational Threats
- C. Stakeholders Weaknesses, Organization, Threats
- D. Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities, Threats

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 56

- (Topic 1)

Your organization uses the MoSCoW approach to requirements prioritization. What does MoSCoW mean?

- A. Must, Should, Could, Would
- B. Must, Should, Could, Won't
- C. Mission, Schedule, Cost, Willingness
- D. Must not, Should not, Could not, Will not

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 58

- (Topic 1)

Henry is the business analyst for his organization. Management has created a pre-determined budget of \$450,000 for his solution. Henry has identified the project requirements but now wants to prioritize them based on timeboxing and budgeting. Henry examines the cost of the requirements and begins removing the requirements from the allowed list in order to meet the \$450,000 budget. What timeboxing or budgeting approach is Henry using?

- A. Parametric
- B. All in
- C. Selective
- D. All out

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 61

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are beginning the requirements analysis processes. Which one of the following statements best describes the requirements analysis processes?

- A. It ensures that analysis and implementation efforts focus on the most critical requirements .
- B. It covers the definition of stakeholder requirements, which describe what a solution must be capable of doing
- C. It defines all of the work, and only the required work, to complete the project objective
- D. It is conformity to requirements and a fitness for use

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 63

- (Topic 1)

What two factors must the business analyst consider when conducting stakeholder analysis?

- A. Politics and influence
- B. Influence and attitude
- C. Attitude and position
- D. Position and politics

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 66

- (Topic 1)

What type of a business analysis approach focuses on the rapid delivery of business value in short iterations?

- A. Risk-driven
- B. Change-driven
- C. Risk-laden
- D. Profit-driven

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 70

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and management has asked that you identify opportunities to improve the operations of the business. You notice that some of the stakeholders use several pieces of software and several duplicate activities within each software package to generate data reports for customers. What type of recommendation can you make in regard to this observation?

- A. You can address the automation of how the workers perform
- B. You will need to perform active observation first to understand the processes in more detail

- C. You can address the non-functional requirements of the activities
- D. You will need to perform passive observation first to understand the processes in more detail

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 71

- (Topic 1)

You are working with Terry on the conduct stakeholder analysis task as part of the business analysis duties in your company. Terry wants to know why it's so important to identify stakeholders so early in the business analysis duties. Which one of the following statements best addresses the need to identify the stakeholders early on in the business analysis duties?

- A. It's important to identify the stakeholders so the business analyst knows who to report to
- B. It's important to identify the stakeholders so the business analyst knows who to bill for the project
- C. It's important to identify the stakeholder so the business analyst can help ensure the timely delivery of the requirements deliverable
- D. It's important to identify the stakeholders so the stakeholders know who the business analyst is

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 75

- (Topic 1)

Your organization is trying to determine which one of two opportunities they will pursue. The Project A is worth \$235,987 and Project B is worth \$567,000 but carries significant risk. The organization elects to pursue Project B and not Project A. What is the opportunity cost in this scenario?

- A. \$331,013
- B. There is not enough information to know as the risk for Project B has not been quantified
- C. \$235,987
- D. \$567,000

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 80

- (Topic 1)

When an organization is using a change-driven approach to business analysis, how are communications managed?

- A. Communications in a change-driven approach to business analysis focus more on the frequency of communication
- B. Communications in a change-driven approach typically use face-to-face channels
- C. Communications in a change-driven approach focus more on formal communication
- D. Communications in a change-driven approach are all ad hoc

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 82

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are coaching Roberta on how business analysis works. Roberta is confused about what a business analysis methodology is during the business analysis planning and monitoring phase of the business analysis duties. What is a methodology?

- A. A methodology is a formalized and repeatable business analysis approach
- B. A methodology is a short-term endeavor to create a unique product or service
- C. A methodology is an approach that the business analyst believes will work but it has not been proven to work yet in the business analysis domain
- D. A methodology is a formalized plan that describes how the business analyst will complete the elicitation of requirements

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 87

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are preparing to complete the allocate requirements process. This process assigns stakeholder and solution requirements to solution components and to releases. One of the elements of this process is solution components. All of the following are solution components except for which one?

- A. Assessment of proposed solution
- B. Business processes to be performed and managed
- C. Business policies and business rules
- D. Software applications and application components used in the solution

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 89

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are working on prioritizing the project requirements. Management has asked you to prioritize the requirements based on the cost-benefit analysis for the requirements' value to the organization. What basis for prioritization are you using in this instance?

- A. Business value
- B. Stakeholder agreement
- C. Likelihood of success
- D. Urgency

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 90

- (Topic 1)

Ned is the business analyst for the NHQ Company. He is working with Stan on completing the requirements prioritization of all the identified requirements. Why would Stan and Ned complete requirements prioritization?

- A. To determine which requirements should be completed first
- B. To determine which requirements should not be completed at all
- C. To determine which requirements carry the most risk
- D. To determine who created what requirement based on their position in the organization

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 92

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are coaching Roberta on how business analysis works. Roberta is confused about what a business analysis methodology is during the business analysis planning and monitoring phase of the business analysis duties. What is a methodology?

- A. A methodology is an approach that the business analyst believes will work but it has not been proven to work yet in the business analysis domain
- B. A methodology is a short term endeavor to create a unique product or service
- C. A methodology is a formalized plan that describes how the business analyst will complete the elicitation of requirements
- D. A methodology is a formalized and repeatable business analysis approach

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 96

- (Topic 2)

There are just three inputs to the assess proposed solution process. Which of the following is not one of the inputs for the assess proposed solution process?

- A. Decision analysis
- B. Requirements
- C. Assumptions and constraints
- D. Solution options

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 99

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and preparing to complete the requirements elicitation activities. Your manager wants to know when the requirements elicitation process will be completed. Which of the following responses best describes the nature of the requirements elicitation process?

- A. The schedule of the project determines the duration of the requirements elicitation process.
- B. The duration of the requirements elicitation activities is determined by the willingness of the project stakeholders to contribute to the requirements information
- C. The size of the project determines the duration of the requirements elicitation process
- D. Eliciting requirements is not a compartmentalized activity

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 103

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for a large software development project. There are several issues that must be resolved by certain dates or the problem will prevent the project from advancing.

What technique can you use to track problems with the requirements?

- A. Problem tracking
- B. Issue tracking
- C. RTM
- D. Baselineing

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 108

- (Topic 2)

It's often impossible or difficult to prove that the implementation of a solution will change the current state of an organization to the desired future state. The business analyst must document the characteristics and risk of the implementation of a solution in case the belief that the solution will achieve the desired results will prove invalid. What is the belief that the solution will create the desired effect for the organization called?

- A. Project
- B. Risk
- C. Assumption
- D. Model

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 112

- (Topic 2)

Which of the following is the best definition of the business rules analysis?

- A. To define the people that govern decisions in and organization and that define, constrain, or enable organizational policie
- B. To define the job functions, roles and responsibilities, and the designation of power among the project stakeholder
- C. To define the rules that govern decisions in and organization and that define, constrain, or enable organizational policie
- D. To define the historical information that is available for the business analyst to rely on for his researc

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 117

- (Topic 2)

Wanda is the business analyst for her organization and she is currently working on the specify and model requirements process. One of the elements of this process is the documentation of the textual requirements. Wanda must describe the capabilities of the solution, any conditions that must exist for the requirements to operate, and what third component of the textual requirement?

- A. Write in the active voice
- B. Express only one requirement at a time
- C. Any constraints that may prevent the solution from fulfilling the requirement
- D. Describe a situation or problem

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 121

- (Topic 2)

Which conduct stakeholder analysis technique identifies stakeholder roles that may serve as a useful starting point for identifying actors and roles?

- A. Interviews
- B. Scenario and uses cases and user stories
- C. Scope modeling
- D. Requirements workshops

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 126

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for a new project. Part of this project is for the project team to manually install new workstations through the company's campus. Based on your research you have determined that the project team can install 25 new workstations per hour. Since there is a fixed amount of time that these workstations need to be installed you are considering adding additional labor for the implementation. You are also considering to adjust the prioritization of the project requirements based on the amount of workstations the project team can install per hour. What does the 25 workstations per hour represent in this scenario?

- A. Report project
- B. Parametric estimate
- C. Timeboxing
- D. Planning

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 127

- (Topic 2)

What does the T in SWOT analysis mean?

- A. Trial
- B. Time
- C. Test
- D. Threats

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 129

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are coaching Roberta on how business analysis works. Roberta is confused about what a business analysis methodology is during the business analysis planning and monitoring phase of the business analysis duties. What is a methodology?

- A. A methodology is an approach that the business analyst believes will work but it has not been proven to work yet in the business analysis domai
- B. A methodology is a short term endeavor to create a unique product or servic
- C. A methodology is a formalized and repeatable business analysis approac
- D. A methodology is a formalized plan that describes how the business analyst will complete the elicitation of requirement

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 132

- (Topic 2)

You have completed the requirements documentation and the stakeholders have signed off on the requirements. Now the requirements are advancing into a project as your organization has chartered a project based on the identified requirements. What stakeholder is now responsible for assessing the solution scope to determine the project scope?

- A. Project sponsor
- B. Project manager

- C. Business analyst
- D. Key stakeholders

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 136

- (Topic 2)

What requirements elicitation technique examines the available information, documentation, records, and history of a solution, organization, or cause to identify relevant information to the current business analysis duties?

- A. Benchmarking
- B. Dataflow diagrams
- C. Document analysis
- D. Requirements elicitation

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 141

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are working with Ralph who is also a business analyst at your company. You have moved one of the requirements higher in the prioritization of the requirements because it is needed to be implemented before some of the more important requirements are done. Ralph disagrees with your placement of the requirement because you are to rank the requirements based on their level of difficulty. Who is correct and why?

- A. Ralph is correct because the requirements are always to be ranked by importance or business value
- B. You are correct because the lower priority requirements must be completed before the higher priority requirements can be done
- C. You are correct because you are the senior business analyst
- D. Ralph is correct because the sequence of requirements is actually done with the project activity list

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 145

- (Topic 2)

You are preparing the business case for a proposed solution in your organization. You need to identify several components for the business case including an assessment of the risks the solution may contain. Which one of the following is the best definition of a risk as it pertains to the business case?

- A. Risk is an uncertain event or condition that may have both positive and negative effects on the solution
- B. Risk is an uncertain event that can cause the organization to lose more money than it invests in the solution
- C. Risk is a potential event that can cause the solution to fail
- D. Risks are threats to the organization's success

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 146

- (Topic 2)

There are just three inputs to the assess proposed solution process. Which of the following is NOT one of the inputs for the assess proposed solution process?

- A. Requirements
- B. Decision analysis
- C. Assumptions and constraints
- D. Solution options

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 149

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for THY Organization and you have gathered the requirements. You have presented the requirements to the stakeholders and they have approved your requirements. You are now working with Francie on recording the dependencies and relationships for each of the requirements. Why would you want to record the dependencies and relationships for the requirements?

- A. To help determine the sequence in which requirements are to be addressed
- B. To help determine which requirements carry the most risk
- C. To help determine the total cost for the solution to be implemented
- D. To help determine the total time for the solution to be implemented

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 151

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are preparing for the conduct elicitation activity. You'll need several stakeholders' roles as you prepare for this activity in your organization. Which one of the following stakeholders may be responsible to dictate that a specific process or technique be followed during your requirements elicitation activities?

- A. Project manager
- B. Regulator
- C. Functional management
- D. Project sponsor

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 153

- (Topic 2)

All of the following are techniques that can be used to specify or model requirements except for which one?

- A. Organization modeling
- B. Data modeling
- C. Work breakdown structure creation
- D. State diagrams

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 157

- (Topic 2)

Management comes to you and asks you to complete some specifications and models about the current state of the organization. Management wants you to complete this business analysis activity as soon as possible and report back to them with your findings. What is the primary purpose of the specify and model requirements process?

- A. To analyze the processes of an organization to determine what processes can be improved, removed, or added
- B. To analyze the utility function within the organization to determine how risk tolerance may allow for new opportunities
- C. To analyze the roles and responsibilities of users within the organization to determine how the processes may be improved
- D. To analyze the functioning of an organization and to provide an insight into opportunities for improvement

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 159

- (Topic 2)

What type of interview is the most common as part of requirements elicitation?

- A. Many-to-one
- B. Many-to-many
- C. One-to-one
- D. One-to-many

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 163

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for the NHQ Organization. Management has asked that you examine the workflow and internal processes for order fulfillment. Specifically they'd like you to complete an in-depth analysis and documentation of the business problems and opportunities that may exist for the organization. What business analysis knowledge area does this activity map to?

- A. Requirements elicitation
- B. Solution assessment and validation
- C. Enterprise analysis
- D. Requirements management and communication

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 166

- (Topic 2)

You have identified several problems that you need to track as the business analysis duties progress. You want to make certain that the identified activities are resolved. What document elicitation technique can help in this scenario?

- A. Brainstorming
- B. Observation
- C. Interviews
- D. Problem tracking

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 167

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization. You are currently writing the business goals and objectives as part of the elements for the define business process. Which one of the following statements best describes the business goals and objectives element?

- A. They describe the processes the solution will need to improve for the project to be successful
- B. They describe all of the positive benefits in ratio to the risk and costs of the project
- C. They describe all of the required work the project will need to complete in order to reach its objective
- D. They describe the ends that the organization is seeking to achieve

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 171

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are preparing for the conduct elicitation activities. You'll have six inputs as you prepare for this activity. Which one of the following is not a valid input for the requirements elicitation activity?

- A. Requirements management plan
- B. Documented elicitation results
- C. Solution scope
- D. Business need

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 175

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for a new project. Part of this project is for the project team to manually install new workstations through the company's campus. Based on your research you have determined that the project team can install 25 new workstations per hour. Since there is a fixed amount of time that these workstations need to be installed you are considering adding additional labor for the implementation. You are also considering to adjust the prioritization of the project requirements based on the amount of workstations the project team can install per hour. What does the 25 workstations per hour represent in this scenario?

- A. Timeboxing
- B. Planning
- C. Parametric estimate
- D. Report project

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 178

- (Topic 2)

There are four inputs to the plan business analysis activities. Which one of the following is not an input to the plan business analysis activities process?

- A. List of identified risks
- B. Organizational process assets
- C. Business analysis approach
- D. Stakeholder list, roles, and responsibilities

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 180

- (Topic 2)

What is the purpose of the business case?

- A. The business case helps the organization determine if they can justify the investment for the solution
- B. The business case helps the organization determine the duration and cost of the solution
- C. The business case helps the organization determine the cost of the solution
- D. The business case helps the organization determine if the solution is feasible

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 185

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization. As part of the requirements prioritization you have given each key stakeholder \$10,000 in play money to distribute among the identified requirements. Each stakeholder can assign their play money to any of the requirements, but the requirements will be prioritized based on the value of the play money assigned to each requirement. What type of requirements prioritization is happening in this scenario?

- A. Resource leveling
- B. Confirmation management
- C. Utility function
- D. Voting

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 186

- (Topic 2)

The requirements elicitation process requires that the business analyst and team prepare for the requirements elicitation activities. There are three specific inputs that the business analyst will need in preparing for the requirements elicitation. Which of the following is NOT one of the three inputs the business analyst will use as he prepares for requirements elicitation?

- A. Solution scope
- B. Change request
- C. Business need
- D. Stakeholder list

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 187

- (Topic 2)

Holly is the business analyst for her organization. Management has asked Holly to create a document that will define solution alternatives and how each identified

solution may provide an expected business benefit to meet the identified business need. Management has asked Holly to provide data and statistics in this document to support her claims and findings. What type of document is management asking Holly to create?

- A. Feasibility study
- B. Vision statement
- C. Project scope statement
- D. Current state assessment

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 189

- (Topic 2)

What type of requirements elicitation technique is the Delphi Technique?

- A. Survey
- B. Workshop
- C. Round table
- D. Prototyping

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 193

- (Topic 2)

Which solution scope technique can help the business analyst understand the scope of the work by breaking down the scope into smaller work products?

- A. Interface analysis
- B. User stories
- C. Functional decomposition
- D. Scope modeling

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 197

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and need a method to requirements elicitation from nearly 12,000 stakeholders. You want a method to quickly capture this group's feelings and thoughts to identify what the majority of this group needs and wants in a new solution your organization may create. What requirements elicitation technique can be used in this scenario?

- A. Interviews
- B. Trend analysis
- C. Focus groups
- D. Surveys

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 199

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are preparing to conduct stakeholder analysis. As part of this process you realize that you'll need several inputs. Which one of the following is NOT an input you'll use for the conduct stakeholder analysis task?

- A. Enterprise architecture
- B. Enterprise environmental factors
- C. Organizational process assets
- D. Business need

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 200

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for the NHQ Project. You have identified several stakeholders that need different types of information related to the requirements. Which stakeholder would need detailed technical interface requirements?

- A. Project manager
- B. Regulators
- C. Testers
- D. Implementation subject matter experts

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 205

- (Topic 2)

Holly is the business analyst for her organization. Holly encourages teamwork and open communications among the business analysis team and the stakeholders. She wants stakeholders to drop by her office and freely discuss the requirements, the solution scope, and other concerns about the solution she's working on. Holly definitely prefers informal communications. What is the danger Holly may experience with informal communications?

- A. There is no danger; informal communications is a preferred business analysis technique
- B. The stakeholders may address the business analysis team and the project team directly rather than communicate through Holly

- C. Stakeholders may miss information and the requirements could become ambiguous
- D. The stakeholders may not know who's in charge of the solution

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 208

- (Topic 2)

Bob and Susan are business analysts for their organization. They are examining two materials that could be used in an upcoming project. They are testing the materials and measuring the results of each test to compare the materials to each other. This process will help Bob and Susan determine which material is best for their upcoming project. What type of process are Bob and Susan completing with these materials?

- A. Feasibility study
- B. Stress test
- C. Alternative identification
- D. Benchmarking

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 210

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following processes includes tasks and roles, risk categories, schedules for risk management activities, definitions of probability and impact, and the stakeholders' tolerances?

- A. Risk management plan
- B. Risk register
- C. Risk analysis
- D. Risk response plan

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 214

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following establishes organizational checks and balances with a proper segregation of front, back, and middle office functions for effective risk management?

- A. Risk response plan
- B. Risk analysis
- C. Risk management plan
- D. Risk governance

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 219

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following inputs of Monitor and Control Risks acquires information from performance measurements and evaluates it to provide variance analysis and forecasting?

- A. Risk register
- B. Work performance information
- C. Performance report
- D. Project management plan

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 224

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is the process of developing a document that formally authorizes a project or a phase? A. Define Scope

- A. Develop Schedule
- B. Develop Project Charter
- C. Create Work Breakdown Structure

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 226

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following software development life cycles is a methodology that divides the project into phases, and the project manager focuses on control of time, cost, and scope?

- A. Spiral
- B. Agile
- C. Waterfall
- D. Incremental

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 229

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following can be an effective tool during quality control to help determine the how the problem occurred?

- A. Rework
- B. Trend Analysis
- C. Flowcharting
- D. Pareto Diagram

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 230

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is a visual decomposition of the program scope and the resources needed in order to create the things defined within the program scope?

- A. Resource breakdown structure (RBS)
- B. product breakdown structure (PBS)
- C. Budgeted Cost of Work Scheduled (BCWS)
- D. Work Breakdown Structure (WBS)

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 235

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following roles approves the project scope statement, phase gate reviews, solution validations, scope changes, and project success criteria?

- A. Project manager
- B. Subject matter expert
- C. Solution owner
- D. Stakeholder

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 238

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is concerned with determining whether the information used for risk analysis is probable, of high class, or accurate?

- A. Risk Urgency Assessment
- B. Risk Probability and Impact Assessment
- C. Risk Categorization
- D. Risk Data Quality Assessment

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 240

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is the process of analyzing the areas of a project that are most affected by risk?

- A. Risk Identification
- B. Risk Urgency Assessment
- C. Risk Categorization
- D. Risk Analysis

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 245

- (Topic 3)

The ____, an output of the define scope process, does document the process and criteria for accepting completed products.

- A. Statement of Work
- B. Contract
- C. Project scope statement
- D. Project management plan

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 250

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following compares two or more systems, states, services, products, or things to determine the best viable choice?

- A. Benchmarking
- B. Risk Identification
- C. Risk analysis
- D. Cost-benefit analysis

Answer:

A

NEW QUESTION 254

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following quantitative risk analysis techniques relies on experience and past data to compute the probability and impact of risks on project objectives?

- A. Probability distribution
- B. Sensitivity analysis
- C. Modeling and simulation
- D. Interviewing

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 256

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following techniques is used to divide a project into controllable parts?

- A. Gantt Chart
- B. Pareto Chart
- C. WBS
- D. CPM

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 258

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following meeting brings all of the potential vendors together to discuss the statement of work and the request for proposal?

- A. Contract bidding meeting
- B. Status meeting
- C. Qualified vendors meeting
- D. Bidders conference

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 262

- (Topic 3)

When does the lessons learned document is updated?

- A. At planning phase.
- B. At execution phase.
- C. At closing phase.
- D. Throughout the project lifecycle.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 264

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following charts is important to ensure that the roles and responsibilities of those involved in a task are tracked?

- A. Pie chart
- B. Line chart
- C. RACI chart
- D. Gantt chart

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 266

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following processes is must at the end of each project phase to determine the completeness of the project work and to gain the customer's acceptance to move the project forward?

- A. Scope verification
- B. Inspection of key results
- C. Quality control
- D. Phase gate review

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 270

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following processes is used by organizations to set the risk tolerance, identify the potential risks, and prioritize the tolerance for risk?

- A. Risk communication
- B. Risk identification

- C. Risk analysis
- D. Risk management

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 273

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following reports is generated whenever the project is slipping off the project schedule and includes an explanation of the problem?

- A. Status report
- B. Schedule variance report
- C. Delay report
- D. Cost variance report

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 278

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following defines the deliverable the customer is expecting?

- A. Project charter
- B. Procurement management plan
- C. Product scope statement
- D. Project network diagram

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 280

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is a flowchart that shows all the processes and the interfaces that interact with the project processes?

- A. Process configuration
- B. Pareto chart
- C. Control chart
- D. Quality baseline
- E. RACI chart

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 281

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is a method of displaying the timelines of all the various subtasks that are involved in any project?

- A. Pie chart
- B. Scatter chart
- C. Activity network diagram
- D. Cost-benefit analysis

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 286

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is not a hygiene agent according to Frederick Herzberg theory?

- A. The chance to excel
- B. Job security
- C. A paycheck
- D. Clean and safe working conditions

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 288

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following process groups occurs at the beginning of the project?

- A. Executing
- B. Planning
- C. Initiating
- D. Controlling and Monitoring
- E. Closing

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 289

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following authorizes the project to exist within the organization?

- A. Project charter
- B. Project network diagram
- C. Project integration management
- D. Project boundaries

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 293

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following techniques involves attempting to make and numerically determine the probability of various adverse events and measuring the likely extent of the losses?

- A. Risk analysis
- B. Qualitative risk analysis
- C. Risk assessment
- D. Quantitative risk analysis

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 295

- (Topic 3)

_____ is the degree to which a set of inherent characteristics fulfills requirements.

- A. Quality
- B. Regulation
- C. Project phase
- D. Scope

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 298

- (Topic 3)

_____ are timeless events that show progress in the project. These are typically achieved at the end of phase in the project lifecycle.

- A. Achievements
- B. Millstones
- C. Phases
- D. Templates

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 300

- (Topic 3)

You have identified several stakeholders that you believe are kinesthetic learners. Which statement best describes the kinesthetic learning approach?

- A. The learners learn best by reading and pondering
- B. The learners learn best by experiencing the topic
- C. The learners learn best by seeing the topic in a model or through storyboard
- D. The learners are not interested in the topic unless they can immediately apply it to their lives or job

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 304

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is the formal acceptance of the project?

- A. A project review
- B. A sign-off
- C. Risk assessment
- D. Inspection trend analysis

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 305

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is a graphical representation of roles and responsibilities of different project team members?

- A. RACI chart
- B. Pareto chart
- C. Resource histogram chart
- D. Organization chart

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 306

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following phases is the first step towards creating a business continuity plan?

- A. Business Continuity Plan Development
- B. Scope and Plan Initiation
- C. Business Impact Assessment
- D. Plan Approval and Implementation

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 311

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is a quality control chart to track trends in project execution?

- A. Control chart
- B. RACI chart
- C. PERT chart
- D. Pareto chart

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 312

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following processes can start with the source of problems or with the problem itself?

- A. Risk estimation
- B. Risk analysis
- C. Risk management
- D. Risk identification

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 316

- (Topic 3)

_____ is a process to determine the completeness of the project work and to gain the customer's acceptance to move the project forward.

- A. Phase gate review
- B. Inspection of key results
- C. Verify scope
- D. Quality control

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 317

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following requirement attributes lacks any ambiguous characteristics?

- A. Understandable
- B. User Requirements Document (URD)
- C. Unambiguous
- D. Urgency

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 321

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is a process of adding labor to a project to reduce the project duration?

- A. Forming
- B. Storming
- C. Rolling wave planning
- D. Crashing

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 324

- (Topic 3)

In risk analysis, which of the following can be identified as a consequence of a disaster?

- A. Loss of operating capability
- B. Loss of goodwill
- C. Loss of competitive edge
- D. Loss of stockholder confidence

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 329

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following diagrams is used to display sensitivity analysis data?

- A. Decision tree
- B. Ishikawa
- C. Influence
- D. Tornado

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 330

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is a conversation between one or more speakers centering on one specific topic?

- A. Feedback loop
- B. Presentation
- C. Survey
- D. Formal requirements review

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 331

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