

CBAP Dumps

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NEW QUESTION 1

- (Topic 1)

What is the term used to describe the cost of the solution after the solution has been implemented in production by a vendor?

- A. Total ownership costing
- B. Lifecycle maintenance fees
- C. Sustainability fees
- D. Total cost of ownership

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 2

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and you are completing the manage requirements traceability process. You are tracking the requirements to determine how the requirements are interrelated with one another and with the actual delivery of the project scope.

There are actually three reasons why the business analyst should trace requirements. Which one of the following is not one of the three reasons why trace requirements is useful?

- A. Impact analysis
- B. Requirements coverage
- C. Requirements allocation
- D. Quality control

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 3

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are creating the solution scope definition.

Which of the following should be included in the solution scope definition?

- A. Business case
- B. Technical dependencies
- C. Elicitation techniques
- D. Organization readiness assessment

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 4

- (Topic 1)

What does the T in SWOT analysis mean?

- A. Trial
- B. Threats
- C. Test
- D. Time

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 5

- (Topic 1)

Jane is the business analyst for her organization and she is completing passive observation to identify improvement opportunities in the workflow. She notices that some of the employees perform certain customer-facing activities in a different format than the other workers. Is this a problem that can be addressed as part of an improvement opportunity?

- A. It can be a problem as customers could become confused or frustrated because of the different approaches to the work
- B. It is not a problem unless there is a drop in sales so it should be left alone
- C. It can be a problem as the enterprise environmental factors always call for consistency in all processes
- D. It is not a problem unless the customer complains
- E. If Jane has not noticed the customers complaining then the process should be left alone

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 6

- (Topic 1)

Which stakeholder must approve the business analysis approach to ensure that the business analysis approach is compatible with the other project activities?

- A. Project sponsor
- B. Project manager
- C. Project customer
- D. Change control board

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 7

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization. You are coaching Tom about the different approaches to business analysis. Which type of business analysis approach has the most business analysis work at the beginning of the project or during the start of a project phase?

- A. Change-driven approach
- B. Value-driven approach
- C. Plan-driven approach
- D. Requirements-driven approach

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 8

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization. On your current project you'll be using the change-driven approach for defining requirements and gathering feedback. Which of the following statements best describes the change-driven approach?

- A. The change-driven approach favors defining requirements through experimentation
- B. The change-driven approach does not define the requirements until after a solution for the problem has been identified
- C. The change-driven approach favors defining requirements standardized template
- D. The change-driven approach favors defining requirements through team interaction

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 9

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and you are completing the verify requirements process. There are eight characteristics each requirements should have: cohesive, complete, consistent, correct, and feasible. Which one of the following four is not a characteristic of a requirement?

- A. Functional
- B. Modifiable
- C. Unambiguous
- D. Testable

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and have many solutions available to an identified problem. You would like a way to quickly and fairly determine which solution is the best choice for your organization. Which of the following approaches would allow you to determine the top-rated solutions for your organization? Question No : 35 - (Topic 1) IIBA CBAP : Practice Test

- A. Scoring system
- B. Acceptance and evaluation criteria
- C. Vendor assessment
- D. Voting system

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are working with Jennifer to conduct stakeholder analysis. You would like to create a RACI chart to help with the roles of the people involved in the stakeholder analysis process. Jennifer is not familiar with this chart and asks what does RACI mean. Which one of the following best describes the RACI chart in the conduct stakeholder analysis process?

- A. It's a matrix that uses the Responsible, Accountable, Consult, and Inform tasks as part of the stakeholder analysis process
- B. It's a role and responsibility chart that identifies when stakeholders are needed in the business analyst duties
- C. It's a matrix that uses Role, Action, Consult, and Inform as part of the conduct stakeholder analysis process
- D. It's a rule that the business analyst can use to identify all of the needed stakeholders: roles, actions, communications, and interests

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 13

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for a smaller project where there are few requirements. Management would still like you to create a method to trace the few requirements for this project. What type of matrix would be best in this instance?

- A. Roles and responsibility matrix
- B. RACI matrix
- C. Coverage matrix
- D. Requirements trace matrix

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 14

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization. Management has asked that you create a stakeholder map as part of the conduct stakeholder analysis process. What is a stakeholder map?

- A. A stakeholder map is a visual diagram that shows the connection among positive and negative stakeholder
- B. A stakeholder map is a visual diagram that illustrates where the stakeholders are geographically locate
- C. A stakeholder map is a visual diagram that depicts the stakeholders' actions as responsible, accountable consult, and infor
- D. A stakeholder map is a visual diagram that depicts the relationship of the stakeholders to the solution and to one anothe

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 16

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for the NGQ Company. Management is concerned that their company is not able to meet an identified business need with their current existing structure, people, processes and technology. They've asked you to complete an analysis of their organization's ability to meet the identified business need. What business analysis process are you completing for your organization?

- A. Determining the solution approach
- B. Assessing the capability gaps
- C. Requirements elicitation
- D. Verifying the requirements

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 20

- (Topic 1)

You are creating the solution scope for an identified problem in your organization. You are working with several stakeholders during this process including the domain subject matter expert, the implementation subject matter expert, the project manager, and the sponsor. Which of these stakeholders will be responsible for writing the project scope?

- A. Domain subject matter expert
- B. Business analyst
- C. Project manager
- D. Sponsor

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 22

- (Topic 1)

You are completing enterprise analysis. Management has asked you to create a document that will help them create a go/no go decision to invest and more forward with a proposed project. What document does management want you to create?

- A. Feasibility study
- B. Project scope
- C. Solution scope
- D. Business case

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 25

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization. You are currently working with Steve on the organize requirements process. You and Steve have elected to use the user stories approach for this process. What is the user stories approach for requirements organization?

- A. Stakeholders' experiences equate to the stakeholder requirement
- B. Stakeholders are interviewed and their experiences are recorded to help identify the requir ement
- C. Stakeholders' objectives are described to identify the requirements that the solution will need to suppor
- D. Stakeholders are interviewed and their stories are recorded as part of the requirement

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 29

- (Topic 1)

Your organization uses the MoSCoW approach to requirements prioritization. What does MoSCoW mean?

- A. Must, Should, Could, Would
- B. Must, Should, Could, Won't
- C. Mission, Schedule, Cost, Willingness
- D. Must not, Should not, Could not, Will not

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 33

- (Topic 1)

Henry is the business analyst for his organization. Management has created a pre-determined budget of \$450,000 for his solution. Henry has identified the project requirements but now wants to prioritize them based on timeboxing and budgeting. Henry examines the cost of the requirements and begins removing the requirements from the allowed list in order to meet the \$450,000 budget. What timeboxing or budgeting approach is Henry using?

- A. Parametric
- B. All in
- C. Selective

D. All out

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 35

- (Topic 1)

You are working with Terry on the conduct stakeholder analysis task as part of the business analysis duties in your company. Terry wants to know why it's so important to identify stakeholders so early in the business analysis duties. Which one of the following statements best addresses the need to identify the stakeholders early on in the business analysis duties?

- A. It's important to identify the stakeholders so the business analyst knows who to report t
- B. It's important to identify the stakeholders so the business analyst knows who to bill for the projec
- C. It's important to identify the stakeholder so the business analyst can help ensure the timely delivery of the requirements deliverable
- D. It's important to identify the stakeholders so the stakeholders know who the business analyst i

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 36

- (Topic 1)

Your organization is trying to determine which one of two opportunities they will pursue. The Project A is worth \$235,987 and Project B is worth \$567,000 but carries significant risk. The organization elects to pursue Project B and not Project A. What is the opportunity cost in this scenario?

- A. \$331013
- B. There is not enough information to know as the risk for Project B has not been quantifie
- C. \$235,987
- D. \$567,000

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 38

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are preparing to complete the allocate requirements process. This process assigns stakeholder and solution requirements to solution components and to releases. One of the elements of this process is solution components. All of the following are solution components except for which one?

- A. Assessment of proposed solution
- B. Business processes to be performed and managed
- C. Business policies and business rules
- D. Software applications and application components used in the solution

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 43

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are working on prioritizing the project requirements. Management has asked you to prioritize the requirements based on the cost-benefit analysis for the requirements' value to the organization. What basis for prioritization are you using in this instance?

- A. Business value
- B. Stakeholder agreement
- C. Likelihood of success
- D. Urgency

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 46

- (Topic 1)

Rachel is writing the business case for her organization. As she's completing this process Rachel is concerned that she's including all the correct information for management. Which one of the following should Rachel not include in her business case?

- A. Time to break even
- B. Opportunities to prioritize requirements
- C. Follow-on opportunities
- D. Qualitative and quantitative benefits

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 48

- (Topic 1)

Ned is the business analyst for the NHQ Company. He is working with Stan on completing therequirements prioritization of all the identified requirements. Why would Stan and Ned complete requirements prioritization?

- A. To determine which requirements should be completed first
- B. To determine which requirements should not be completed at all
- C. To determine which requirements carry the most risk
- D. To determine who created what requirement based on their position in the organization

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 53

- (Topic 1)

What business analysis process ensures that requirements specifications and models meet the necessary standard of quality to allow them to be used effectively to guide further work?

- A. Identify constraints and assumptions
- B. Validate requirements
- C. Verify requirements
- D. Specify and model requirements

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 55

- (Topic 2)

It's often impossible or difficult to prove that the implementation of a solution will change the current state of an organization to the desired future state. The business analyst must document the characteristics and risk of the implementation of a solution in case the belief that the solution will achieve the desired results will prove invalid. What is the belief that the solution will create the desired effect for the organization called?

- A. Project
- B. Risk
- C. Assumption
- D. Model

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 58

- (Topic 2)

Management would like you to front-load the requirements with the most risk requirements. Why would management prefer the risky requirements first in the prioritization?

- A. So if the risk comes true the project will fail with little investment in the work
- B. So if the risk comes true then the project manager can mitigate the risk even
- C. So if the risk comes true they'll receive the reward as soon as possible
- D. So if the risk comes true then there's ample time to correct the problem

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 61

- (Topic 2)

Zoe is the business analyst for her organization. She is currently prioritizing the requirements based on the implementation difficulty of the requirements to help with the solution planning.

Which of the following best describes the approach Zoe is taking with requirements prioritization?

- A. The requirements are categorized by type of work, and then ranked within each category of ease of implementation to difficulty of implementation
- B. The requirements are ranked most difficult to easiest to implement
- C. The requirements are ranked from easiest to hardest to implement
- D. The requirements are categorized by the likelihood of management approving the requirement

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 62

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are coaching Roberta on how business analysis works. Roberta is confused about what a business analysis methodology is during the business analysis planning and monitoring phase of the business analysis duties. What is a methodology?

- A. A methodology is an approach that the business analyst believes will work but it has not been proven to work yet in the business analysis domain
- B. A methodology is a short term endeavor to create a unique product or service
- C. A methodology is a formalized and repeatable business analysis approach
- D. A methodology is a formalized plan that describes how the business analyst will complete the elicitation of requirements

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 66

- (Topic 2)

What requirements elicitation involves carefully selected stakeholders and subject matter experts for a short, intensive period (usually for one to a few days) to define and document the requirements for a solution?

- A. Many-to-many interviews
- B. Requirements workshop
- C. Focus group
- D. Prototyping

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 68

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization. You have identified the costs and level of effort needed for each of the solution components. Management has asked that you also assess the most effective tradeoffs between delivery options. You consider the available resources and the constraints on the solution to determine if an additional investment is justified to realize a higher value for the solution. What other consideration could you include in your assessment of the solution?

- A. Historical information
- B. Dependencies between requirements
- C. Experience of the implementation team
- D. Enterprise environmental factors

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 69

- (Topic 2)

Jenni is the business analyst for the UHQ Organization. She is preparing to complete the conduct elicitation activity for her organization. Jenni can use all of the following techniques as part of this activity except for which one?

- A. Requirements workshops
- B. Document analysis
- C. Interviews
- D. Problem tracking

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 71

- (Topic 2)

Enterprise analysis provides many things for an organization. All of the following are tasks included in enterprise analysis except for which one?

- A. Determine solution approach
- B. Define business need
- C. Assess capability gaps
- D. Solution performance assessment

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 75

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are working with Ralph who is also a business analyst at your company. You have moved one of the requirements higher in the prioritization of the requirements because it is needed to be implemented before some of the more important requirements are done. Ralph disagrees with your placement of the requirement because you are to rank the requirements based on their level of difficulty. Who is correct and why?

- A. Ralph is correct because the requirements are always to be ranked by importance or business value
- B. You are correct because the lower priority requirements must be completed before the higher priority requirements can be done
- C. You are correct because you are the senior business analyst
- D. Ralph is correct because the sequence of requirements is actually done with the project activity list

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 76

- (Topic 2)

There are just three inputs to the assess proposed solution process. Which of the following is NOT one of the inputs for the assess proposed solution process?

- A. Requirements
- B. Decision analysis
- C. Assumptions and constraints
- D. Solution options

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 80

- (Topic 2)

You are working with Tom, a key stakeholder, in your business analysis duties. Tom is asking you about the desired outcome for current business opportunity. Which one of the following is NOT an example of a desired outcome?

- A. Implement new machinery to complete the work processes faster
- B. Increase sales
- C. Reduce costs
- D. Reduce time to deliver a product or service

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 85

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are preparing for the conduct elicitation activity. You'll need several stakeholders' roles as you prepare for this activity in your organization. Which one of the following stakeholders may be responsible to dictate that a specific process or technique be followed during your requirements elicitation activities?

- A. Project manager
- B. Regulator
- C. Functional management
- D. Project sponsor

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 90

- (Topic 2)

The RGQ Organization utilizes a change log. What is a change log?

- A. It is a document that records all change requests for the projec
- B. It is a document that tracks all unauthorized changes to the project solutio
- C. It is a document that tracks all characteristics and status of changes that have been receive
- D. It is a document that tracks the changes that have been received, including their implementation to the project solutio

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 94

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization. You are identifying new opportunities to improve upon your existing web services. Management is open to new opportunities as long as the changes do not take more than 60 days to implement. What type of a factor does the 60 day implementation represent?

- A. Technical constraint
- B. Schedule constraint
- C. Business constraint
- D. Assumption

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 95

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for a large project for your organization. Your project has 65 stakeholders and this will greatly increase the complexity of the communication in this project. To demonstrate how complex this project and its communication will be, you show the management the number of communication channels in this project. How many channels exist in this project based on the number of stakeholders?

- A. 2080
- B. 4160
- C. 65
- D. 4225

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 97

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are about to conduct requirements elicitation for a process to streamline the customer fulfillment system your organization uses. You need to understand how the people, processes, and technology within the customer fulfillment system operates before you begin the elicitation process. What type of analytical thinking are you participating in this scenario?

- A. Problem solving
- B. Creative thinking
- C. Brainstorming
- D. System thinking

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 101

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are working with Sally, a project manager, for your organization. You and Sally are determining the cost of the labor, materials, equipment, and facilities in order to achieve the different solutions that have been proposed for an identified problem. What is this process called?

- A. Cost budgeting
- B. Expert judgment
- C. Rough order of magnitude cost estimating
- D. Scoping the project costs

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 102

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for the NHQ Organization. Management has asked that you examine the workflow and internal processes for order fulfillment. Specifically they'd like you to complete an in-depth analysis and documentation of the business problems and opportunities that may be exist for the organization. What business analysis knowledge area does this activity map to?

- A. Requirements elicitation
- B. Solution assessment and validation

- C. Enterprise analysis
- D. Requirements management and communication

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 104

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization. You are currently writing the business goals and objectives as part of the elements for the define business process. Which one of the following statements best describes the business goals and objectives element?

- A. They describe the processes the solution will need to improve for the project to be successful
- B. They describe all of the positive benefits in ratio to the risk and costs of the project
- C. They describe all of the required work the project will need to complete in order to reach its objective
- D. They describe the ends that the organization is seeking to achieve

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 106

- (Topic 2)

Martha is observing Sarah complete several complex steps as part of her business analysis requirements elicitation process. In this instance Martha working alongside Sarah is actually helping Sarah complete the work so that Martha can understand all of the steps Sarah must complete. What type of requirements elicitation technique is Martha using?

- A. Progressive elaboration
- B. Shadowing
- C. Cross training requirements elicitation
- D. Active observation

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 110

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are working on prioritizing requirements. What plan should guide you through this process?

- A. Risk management plan
- B. Project management plan
- C. Requirements management plan
- D. Scope management plan

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 114

- (Topic 2)

Herb is the business analyst for the HYY Organization. As Herb is completing the organize requirements process he recognizes that requirements typically need to answer one question for identification. What is the one interrogative that requirements should answer?

- A. What
- B. When
- C. Why
- D. How

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 116

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and you are preparing to elicit the requirements for a new business opportunity. Which one of the following statements best describes the prepare for elicitation process?

- A. You need authority granted to you from the sponsor to utilize resources for the elicit requirements process
- B. You need to determine which elicitation techniques are needed for the requirements gathering technique
- C. You need to ensure all needed resources are organized and scheduled for conducting the elicitation activities
- D. You need to receive permission from functional management to interview and elicit requirements for the stakeholder

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 121

- (Topic 2)

Mark is the business analyst for his organization. Mark and his business analysis team have used the whiteboard to record the documentation as the result of requirements elicitation. What must be done with this information if Mark uses a whiteboard?

- A. The scribe must include the white board information as part of the minute
- B. The business analyst must transfer the information to another medium before the whiteboard is erased
- C. The business analyst must document the white board information and get all participants' approval of the recording
- D. The regulator must approve the writings on the whiteboard

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 123

- (Topic 2)

What type of requirements elicitation technique is the Delphi Technique?

- A. Survey
- B. Workshop
- C. Round table
- D. Prototyping

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 124

- (Topic 2)

Your organization needs to adapt to the change economy, new technologies, and an increase in competition in order to survive. They've asked you to complete a business analysis approach that will help them change their organizational policies in order to achieve their goals and objectives.

What business analysis technique has this organization asked you to complete?

- A. Focus groups
- B. Business rules analysis
- C. Brainstorming
- D. Root cause analysis

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 128

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are trying to determine the best solution for an identified problem. You have determined that you could create a software solution using inhouse resources for \$65,000 and with an ongoing support of \$5,600 per month. A vendor offers you a quote that they can create the software for \$49,000 with an ongoing support of \$6,100 per month. Which solution should you choose?

- A. Create the software if you'll keep the solution less than 32 month
- B. Create the software if you'll use the solution longer than 32 month
- C. There is not enough information to determine which solution is financially better
- D. Buy from the vendor if you'll keep the solution longer than 32 month

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 131

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for the NHQ Project. You have identified several stakeholders that need different types of information related to the requirements. Which stakeholder would need detailed technical interface requirements?

- A. Project manager
- B. Regulators
- C. Testers
- D. Implementation subject matter experts

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 132

- (Topic 2)

Bob and Susan are business analysts for their organization. They are examining two materials that could be used in an upcoming project. They are testing the materials and measuring the results of each test to compare the materials to each other. This process will help Bob and Susan determine which material is best for their upcoming project. What type of process are Bob and Susan completing with these materials?

- A. Feasibility study
- B. Stress test
- C. Alternative identification
- D. Benchmarking

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 133

- (Topic 3)

Which one of the following diagrams visualize the result of the root cause analysis study?

- A. Activity diagrams
- B. State diagrams
- C. Tornado diagrams
- D. Cause-and effect diagrams

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 134

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following establishes organizational checks and balances with a proper segregation of front, back, and middle office functions for effective risk

management?

- A. Risk response plan
- B. Risk analysis
- C. Risk management plan
- D. Risk governance

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 137

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following graphical presentations of a project plan is most appropriate for presenting to upper management?

- A. Pie chart
- B. Pareto Chat
- C. Critical Path Method
- D. Scatter chart

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 140

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following processes is used to make certain that the project team members are completing the project work according to the project plan?

- A. Project time management
- B. Project scope management
- C. Quality management plan
- D. Quality control

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 143

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following roles approves the project scope statement, phase gate reviews, solution validations, scope changes, and project success criteria?

- A. Project manager
- B. Subject matter expert
- C. Solution owner
- D. Stakeholder

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 147

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following compares two or more systems, states, services, products, or things to determine the best viable choice?

- A. Benchmarking
- B. Risk Identification
- C. Risk analysis
- D. Cost-benefit analysis

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 151

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following tasks cannot start until other tasks are completed?

- A. Analysis task
- B. Dependent task
- C. Predecessor task
- D. Independent task

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 152

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following roles approves the project scope statement, phase gate reviews, solution validations, scope changes, and project success criteria?

- A. Project manager
- B. Subject matter expert
- C. Solution owner
- D. Stakeholder

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 154

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following techniques is used to divide a project into controllable parts?

- A. Gantt Chart
- B. Pareto Chart
- C. WBS
- D. CPM

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 157

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following meeting brings all of the potential vendors together to discuss the statement of work and the request for proposal?

- A. Contract bidding meeting
- B. Status meeting
- C. Qualified vendors meeting
- D. Bidders conference

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 160

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is a table of all stakeholders showing the mapping of which stakeholders will contribute information to other stakeholders?

- A. RACI Chart
- B. Communications Requirements Matrix
- C. Project scope statement
- D. Organizational Breakdown Structure

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 164

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following represents the duration of activities against a calendar?

- A. Scatter chart
- B. Gantt chart
- C. Pie chart
- D. Pareto chart

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 166

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following types of elicitation allows each stakeholder to freely discuss their role in a particular process?

- A. Focus group
- B. Structured interview
- C. Quick Interview
- D. Unstructured interview

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 171

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following roles helps assess the data requirements of a project, identifies data assets, and helps the project team complete data modeling requirements?

- A. Database analyst
- B. End user
- C. Subject matter expert
- D. Information architect

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 172

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is a flowchart that shows all the processes and the interfaces that interact with the project processes?

- A. Process configuration
- B. Pareto chart
- C. Control chart
- D. Quality baseline
- E. RACI chart

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 177

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is a method of displaying the timelines of all the various subtasks that are involved in any project?

- A. Pie chart
- B. Scatter chart
- C. Activity network diagram
- D. Cost-benefit analysis

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 181

- (Topic 3)

_____ is the degree to which a set of inherent characteristics fulfills requirements.

- A. Quality
- B. Regulation
- C. Project phase
- D. Scope

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 185

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is NOT a component of an entity relationship diagram?

- A. Attributes
- B. Relationships
- C. Forks
- D. Entities

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 186

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following models demonstrates the attributes, operations, and relationship to entities within the solution?

- A. Entity Relationship
- B. Data disctionary
- C. Class model
- D. CRUD matrix

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 188

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is derived from a schedule model to meet the project execution plan and achieve management approval for use as a baseline?

- A. Updating
- B. Impacts
- C. Baseline schedule
- D. Dumping

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 189

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following processes can start with the source of problems or with the problem itself?

- A. Risk estimation
- B. Risk analysis
- C. Risk management
- D. Risk identification

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 194

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following roles works with the project team to understand the deliverables and then teaches the users of the deliverables how to utilize the project's product?

- A. End user
- B. Database analyst

C. Stakeholder
D. Trainer

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 196

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