

CSA

Exam Questions CCSK

Certificate of Cloud Security Knowledge



NEW QUESTION 1

Select the best definition of “compliance” from the options below.

- A. The development of a routine that covers all necessary security measures.
- B. The diligent habits of good security practices and recording of the same.
- C. The timely and efficient filing of security reports.
- D. The awareness and adherence to obligations, including the assessment and prioritization of corrective actions deemed necessary and appropriate.
- E. The process of completing all forms and paperwork necessary to develop a defensible paper trail.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 2

How is encryption managed on multi-tenant storage?

- A. Single key for all data owners
- B. One key per data owner
- C. Multiple keys per data owner
- D. The answer could be A, B, or C depending on the provider
- E. C for data subject to the EU Data Protection Directive; B for all others

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 3

Which of the following encryption methods would be utilized when object storage is used as the back-end for an application?

- A. Database encryption
- B. Media encryption
- C. Asymmetric encryption
- D. Object encryption
- E. Client/application encryption

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION 4

What is true of searching data across cloud environments?

- A. You might not have the ability or administrative rights to search or access all hosted data.
- B. The cloud provider must conduct the search with the full administrative controls.
- C. All cloud-hosted email accounts are easily searchable.
- D. Search and discovery time is always factored into a contract between the consumer and provider.
- E. You can easily search across your environment using any E-Discovery tool.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 5

How can key management be leveraged to prevent cloud providers from inappropriately accessing customer data?

- A. Use strong multi-factor authentication
- B. Secure backup processes for key management systems
- C. Segregate keys from the provider hosting data
- D. Stipulate encryption in contract language
- E. Select cloud providers within the same country as customer

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 6

A defining set of rules composed of claims and attributes of the entities in a transaction, which is used to determine their level of access to cloud-based resources is called what?

- A. An entitlement matrix
- B. A support table
- C. An entry log
- D. A validation process
- E. An access log

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 7

Which of the following statements are NOT requirements of governance and enterprise risk management in a cloud environment?

- A. Inspect and account for risks inherited from other members of the cloud supply chain and take active measures to mitigate and contain risks through operational resiliency.
- B. Respect the interdependency of the risks inherent in the cloud supply chain and communicate the corporate risk posture and readiness to consumers and dependent parties.
- C. Negotiate long-term contracts with companies who use well-vetted software application to avoid the transient nature of the cloud environment.

- D. Provide transparency to stakeholders and shareholders demonstrating fiscal solvency and organizational transparency.
- E. Both B and C.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 8

Which of the following statements best describes an identity federation?

- A. A library of data definitions
- B. A group of entities which have decided to exist together in a single cloud
- C. Identities which share similar attributes
- D. Several countries which have agreed to define their identities with similar attributes
- E. The connection of one identity repository to another

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION 9

Which concept provides the abstraction needed for resource pools?

- A. Virtualization
- B. Applistructure
- C. Hypervisor
- D. Metastructure
- E. Orchestration

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 10

What should every cloud customer set up with its cloud service provider (CSP) that can be utilized in the event of an incident?

- A. A data destruction plan
- B. A communication plan
- C. A back-up website
- D. A spill remediation kit
- E. A rainy day fund

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 10

Which cloud security model type provides generalized templates for helping implement cloud security?

- A. Conceptual models or frameworks
- B. Design patterns
- C. Controls models or frameworks
- D. Reference architectures
- E. Cloud Controls Matrix (CCM)

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 11

ENISA: An example high risk role for malicious insiders within a Cloud Provider includes

- A. Sales
- B. Marketing
- C. Legal counsel
- D. Auditors
- E. Accounting

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 15

Which of the following statements is true in regards to Data Loss Prevention (DLP)?

- A. DLP can provide options for quickly deleting all of the data stored in a cloud environment.
- B. DLP can classify all data in a storage repository.
- C. DLP never provides options for how data found in violation of a policy can be handled.
- D. DLP can provide options for where data is stored.
- E. DLP can provide options for how data found in violation of a policy can be handled.

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION 17

Which cloud-based service model enables companies to provide client-based access for partners to databases or applications?

- A. Platform-as-a-service (PaaS)

- B. Desktop-as-a-service (DaaS)
- C. Infrastructure-as-a-service (IaaS)
- D. Identity-as-a-service (IDaaS)
- E. Software-as-a-service (SaaS)

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 21

A security failure at the root network of a cloud provider will not compromise the security of all customers because of multitenancy configuration.

- A. False
- B. True

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 22

Which layer is the most important for securing because it is considered to be the foundation for secure cloud operations?

- A. Infrastructure
- B. Datastructure
- C. Infostructure
- D. Applistrukture
- E. Metastructure

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 26

What are the primary security responsibilities of the cloud provider in the management infrastructure?

- A. Building and properly configuring a secure network infrastructure
- B. Configuring second factor authentication across the network
- C. Properly configuring the deployment of the virtual network, especially the firewalls
- D. Properly configuring the deployment of the virtual network, except the firewalls
- E. Providing as many API endpoints as possible for custom access and configurations

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 29

ENISA: Lock-in is ranked as a high risk in ENISA research, a key underlying vulnerability causing lock in is:

- A. Lack of completeness and transparency in terms of use
- B. Lack of information on jurisdictions
- C. No source escrow agreement
- D. Unclear asset ownership
- E. Audit or certification not available to customers

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 31

Which of the following is a perceived advantage or disadvantage of managing enterprise risk for cloud deployments?

- A. More physical control over assets and processes.
- B. Greater reliance on contracts, audits, and assessments due to lack of visibility or management.
- C. Decreased requirement for proactive management of relationship and adherence to contracts.
- D. Increased need, but reduction in costs, for managing risks accepted by the cloud provider.
- E. None of the above.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 36

REST APIs are the standard for web-based services because they run over HTTPS and work well across diverse environments.

- A. False
- B. True

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 37

When deploying Security as a Service in a highly regulated industry or environment, what should both parties agree on in advance and include in the SLA?

- A. The metrics defining the service level required to achieve regulatory objectives.
- B. The duration of time that a security violation can occur before the client begins assessing regulatory fines.
- C. The cost per incident for security breaches of regulated information.
- D. The regulations that are pertinent to the contract and how to circumvent them.
- E. The type of security software which meets regulations and the number of licenses that will be needed.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 42

The Software Defined Perimeter (SDP) includes which components?

- A. Client, Controller, and Gateway
- B. Client, Controller, Firewall, and Gateway
- C. Client, Firewall, and Gateway
- D. Controller, Firewall, and Gateway
- E. Client, Controller, and Firewall

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 45

Without virtualization, there is no cloud.

- A. False
- B. True

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 50

Big data includes high volume, high variety, and high velocity.

- A. False
- B. True

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 55

Which statement best describes the Data Security Lifecycle?

- A. The Data Security Lifecycle has six stages, is strictly linear, and never varies.
- B. The Data Security Lifecycle has six stages, can be non-linear, and varies in that some data may never pass through all stages.
- C. The Data Security Lifecycle has five stages, is circular, and varies in that some data may never pass through all stages.
- D. The Data Security Lifecycle has six stages, can be non-linear, and is distinct in that data must always pass through all phases.
- E. The Data Security Lifecycle has five stages, can be non-linear, and is distinct in that data must always pass through all phases.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 57

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