



# Amazon-Web-Services

## Exam Questions MLA-C01

AWS Certified Machine Learning Engineer - Associate

#### NEW QUESTION 1

An ML engineer needs to implement a solution to host a trained ML model. The rate of requests to the model will be inconsistent throughout the day. The ML engineer needs a scalable solution that minimizes costs when the model is not in use. The solution also must maintain the model's capacity to respond to requests during times of peak usage.

Which solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Create AWS Lambda functions that have fixed concurrency to host the mode
- B. Configure the Lambda functions to automatically scale based on the number of requests to the model.
- C. Deploy the model on an Amazon Elastic Container Service (Amazon ECS) cluster that uses AWS Fargat
- D. Set a static number of tasks to handle requests during times of peak usage.
- E. Deploy the model to an Amazon SageMaker endpoint
- F. Deploy multiple copies of the model to the endpoint
- G. Create an Application Load Balancer to route traffic between the different copies of the model at the endpoint.
- H. Deploy the model to an Amazon SageMaker endpoint
- I. Create SageMaker endpoint auto scaling policies that are based on Amazon CloudWatch metrics to adjust the number of instances dynamically.

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 2

A company is using an Amazon Redshift database as its single data source. Some of the data is sensitive.

A data scientist needs to use some of the sensitive data from the database. An ML engineer must give the data scientist access to the data without transforming the source data and without storing anonymized data in the database.

Which solution will meet these requirements with the LEAST implementation effort?

- A. Configure dynamic data masking policies to control how sensitive data is shared with the data scientist at query time.
- B. Create a materialized view with masking logic on top of the databas
- C. Grant the necessary read permissions to the data scientist.
- D. Unload the Amazon Redshift data to Amazon S3. Use Amazon Athena to create schema-on-read with masking logi
- E. Share the view with the data scientist.
- F. Unload the Amazon Redshift data to Amazon S3. Create an AWS Glue job to anonymize the dat
- G. Share the dataset with the data scientist.

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 3

A company is planning to use Amazon SageMaker to make classification ratings that are based on images. The company has 6 of training data that is stored on an Amazon FSx for NetApp ONTAP system virtual machine (SVM). The SVM is in the same VPC as SageMaker.

An ML engineer must make the training data accessible for ML models that are in the SageMaker environment.

Which solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Mount the FSx for ONTAP file system as a volume to the SageMaker Instance.
- B. Create an Amazon S3 bucke
- C. Use Mountpoint for Amazon S3 to link the S3 bucket to the FSx for ONTAP file system.
- D. Create a catalog connection from SageMaker Data Wrangler to the FSx for ONTAP file system.
- E. Create a direct connection from SageMaker Data Wrangler to the FSx for ONTAP file system.

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 4

A company uses Amazon Athena to query a dataset in Amazon S3. The dataset has a target variable that the company wants to predict.

The company needs to use the dataset in a solution to determine if a model can predict the target variable.

Which solution will provide this information with the LEAST development effort?

- A. Create a new model by using Amazon SageMaker Autopilo
- B. Report the model's achieved performance.
- C. Implement custom scripts to perform data pre-processing, multiple linear regression, and performance evaluatio
- D. Run the scripts on Amazon EC2 instances.
- E. Configure Amazon Macie to analyze the dataset and to create a mode
- F. Report the model's achieved performance.
- G. Select a model from Amazon Bedroc
- H. Tune the model with the dat
- I. Report the model's achieved performance.

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 5

A company is planning to create several ML prediction models. The training data is stored in Amazon S3. The entire dataset is more than 5 in size and consists of CSV, JSON, Apache Parquet, and simple text files.

The data must be processed in several consecutive steps. The steps include complex manipulations that can take hours to finish running. Some of the processing involves natural language processing (NLP) transformations. The entire process must be automated.

Which solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Process data at each step by using Amazon SageMaker Data Wrangle
- B. Automate the process by using Data Wrangler jobs.
- C. Use Amazon SageMaker notebooks for each data processing ste
- D. Automate the process by using Amazon EventBridge.
- E. Process data at each step by using AWS Lambda function

- F. Automate the process by using AWS Step Functions and Amazon EventBridge.
- G. Use Amazon SageMaker Pipelines to create a pipeline of data processing step
- H. Automate the pipeline by using Amazon EventBridge.

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 6

A company is using an AWS Lambda function to monitor the metrics from an ML model. An ML engineer needs to implement a solution to send an email message when the metrics breach a threshold.  
Which solution will meet this requirement?

- A. Log the metrics from the Lambda function to AWS CloudTrail
- B. Configure a CloudTrail trail to send the email message.
- C. Log the metrics from the Lambda function to Amazon CloudFront
- D. Configure an Amazon CloudWatch alarm to send the email message.
- E. Log the metrics from the Lambda function to Amazon CloudWatch
- F. Configure a CloudWatch alarm to send the email message.
- G. Log the metrics from the Lambda function to Amazon CloudWatch
- H. Configure an Amazon CloudFront rule to send the email message.

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 7

A company has an ML model that needs to run one time each night to predict stock values. The model input is 3 MB of data that is collected during the current day. The model produces the predictions for the next day. The prediction process takes less than 1 minute to finish running.  
How should the company deploy the model on Amazon SageMaker to meet these requirements?

- A. Use a multi-model serverless endpoint
- B. Enable caching.
- C. Use an asynchronous inference endpoint
- D. Set the InitialInstanceCount parameter to 0.
- E. Use a real-time endpoint
- F. Configure an auto scaling policy to scale the model to 0 when the model is not in use.
- G. Use a serverless inference endpoint
- H. Set the MaxConcurrency parameter to 1.

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 8

A company has a team of data scientists who use Amazon SageMaker notebook instances to test ML models. When the data scientists need new permissions, the company attaches the permissions to each individual role that was created during the creation of the SageMaker notebook instance.  
The company needs to centralize management of the team's permissions. Which solution will meet this requirement?

- A. Create a single IAM role that has the necessary permission
- B. Attach the role to each notebook instance that the team uses.
- C. Create a single IAM group
- D. Add the data scientists to the group
- E. Associate the group with each notebook instance that the team uses.
- F. Create a single IAM user
- G. Attach the AdministratorAccess AWS managed IAM policy to the user
- H. Configure each notebook instance to use the IAM user.
- I. Create a single IAM group
- J. Add the data scientists to the group
- K. Create an IAM role
- L. Attach the AdministratorAccess AWS managed IAM policy to the role
- M. Associate the role with the group
- N. Associate the group with each notebook instance that the team uses.

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 9

A company has trained an ML model in Amazon SageMaker. The company needs to host the model to provide inferences in a production environment. The model must be highly available and must respond with minimum latency. The size of each request will be between 1 KB and 3 MB. The model will receive unpredictable bursts of requests during the day. The inferences must adapt proportionally to the changes in demand.  
How should the company deploy the model into production to meet these requirements?

- A. Create a SageMaker real-time inference endpoint
- B. Configure auto scaling
- C. Configure the endpoint to present the existing model.
- D. Deploy the model on an Amazon Elastic Container Service (Amazon ECS) cluster
- E. Use ECS scheduled scaling that is based on the CPU of the ECS cluster.
- F. Install SageMaker Operator on an Amazon Elastic Kubernetes Service (Amazon EKS) cluster
- G. Deploy the model in Amazon EKS
- H. Set horizontal pod auto scaling to scale replicas based on the memory metric.
- I. Use Spot Instances with a Spot Fleet behind an Application Load Balancer (ALB) for inference
- J. Use the ALBRequestCountPerTarget metric as the metric for auto scaling.

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 10

A company has a large, unstructured dataset. The dataset includes many duplicate records across several key attributes. Which solution on AWS will detect duplicates in the dataset with the LEAST code development?

- A. Use Amazon Mechanical Turk jobs to detect duplicates.
- B. Use Amazon QuickSight ML Insights to build a custom deduplication model.
- C. Use Amazon SageMaker Data Wrangler to pre-process and detect duplicates.
- D. Use the AWS Glue FindMatches transform to detect duplicates.

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 10

A company is gathering audio, video, and text data in various languages. The company needs to use a large language model (LLM) to summarize the gathered data that is in Spanish.

Which solution will meet these requirements in the LEAST amount of time?

- A. Train and deploy a model in Amazon SageMaker to convert the data into English text.
- B. Train and deploy an LLM in SageMaker to summarize the text.
- C. Use Amazon Transcribe and Amazon Translate to convert the data into English text.
- D. Use Amazon Bedrock with the Jurassic model to summarize the text.
- E. Use Amazon Rekognition and Amazon Translate to convert the data into English text.
- F. Use Amazon Bedrock with the Anthropic Claude model to summarize the text.
- G. Use Amazon Comprehend and Amazon Translate to convert the data into English text.
- H. Use Amazon Bedrock with the Stable Diffusion model to summarize the text.

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 13

A company has deployed an XGBoost prediction model in production to predict if a customer is likely to cancel a subscription. The company uses Amazon SageMaker Model Monitor to detect deviations in the F1 score.

During a baseline analysis of model quality, the company recorded a threshold for the F1 score. After several months of no change, the model's F1 score decreases significantly.

What could be the reason for the reduced F1 score?

- A. Concept drift occurred in the underlying customer data that was used for predictions.
- B. The model was not sufficiently complex to capture all the patterns in the original baseline data.
- C. The original baseline data had a data quality issue of missing values.
- D. Incorrect ground truth labels were provided to Model Monitor during the calculation of the baseline.

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 15

A company has trained and deployed an ML model by using Amazon SageMaker. The company needs to implement a solution to record and monitor all the API call events for the SageMaker endpoint. The solution also must provide a notification when the number of API call events breaches a threshold.

Use SageMaker Debugger to track the inferences and to report metrics. Create a custom rule to provide a notification when the threshold is breached.

Which solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Use SageMaker Debugger to track the inferences and to report metric
- B. Create a custom rule to provide a notification when the threshold is breached.
- C. Use SageMaker Debugger to track the inferences and to report metric
- D. Use the tensor\_variance built-in rule to provide a notification when the threshold is breached.
- E. Log all the endpoint invocation API events by using AWS CloudTrail
- F. Use an Amazon CloudWatch dashboard for monitoring
- G. Set up a CloudWatch alarm to provide notification when the threshold is breached.
- H. Add the Invocations metric to an Amazon CloudWatch dashboard for monitoring
- I. Set up a CloudWatch alarm to provide notification when the threshold is breached.

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 19

##### HOTSPOT

A company wants to host an ML model on Amazon SageMaker. An ML engineer is configuring a continuous integration and continuous delivery (CI/CD) pipeline in AWS CodePipeline to deploy the model. The pipeline must run automatically when new training data for the model is uploaded to an Amazon S3 bucket.

Select and order the pipeline's correct steps from the following list. Each step should be selected one time or not at all. (Select and order three.)

- An S3 event notification invokes the pipeline when new data is uploaded.
- S3 Lifecycle rule invokes the pipeline when new data is uploaded.
- SageMaker retrains the model by using the data in the S3 bucket.
- The pipeline deploys the model to a SageMaker endpoint.
- The pipeline deploys the model to SageMaker Model Registry.

Step 1:

An S3 event notification invokes the pipeline when new data is uploaded.  
 An S3 Lifecycle rule invokes the pipeline when new data is uploaded.  
 SageMaker retrains the model by using the data in the S3 bucket.  
 The pipeline deploys the model to a SageMaker endpoint.  
 The pipeline deploys the model to SageMaker Model Registry.

Step 2:

An S3 event notification invokes the pipeline when new data is uploaded.  
 An S3 Lifecycle rule invokes the pipeline when new data is uploaded.  
 SageMaker retrains the model by using the data in the S3 bucket.  
 The pipeline deploys the model to a SageMaker endpoint.  
 The pipeline deploys the model to SageMaker Model Registry.

Step 3:

An S3 event notification invokes the pipeline when new data is uploaded.  
 An S3 Lifecycle rule invokes the pipeline when new data is uploaded.  
 SageMaker retrains the model by using the data in the S3 bucket.  
 The pipeline deploys the model to a SageMaker endpoint.  
 The pipeline deploys the model to SageMaker Model Registry.

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Step 1: Select...

Select...

An S3 event notification invokes the pipeline when new data is uploaded.  
 An S3 Lifecycle rule invokes the pipeline when new data is uploaded.  
 SageMaker retrains the model by using the data in the S3 bucket.  
 The pipeline deploys the model to a SageMaker endpoint.  
 The pipeline deploys the model to SageMaker Model Registry.

Step 2: Select...

Select...

An S3 event notification invokes the pipeline when new data is uploaded.  
 An S3 Lifecycle rule invokes the pipeline when new data is uploaded.  
 SageMaker retrains the model by using the data in the S3 bucket.  
 The pipeline deploys the model to a SageMaker endpoint.  
 The pipeline deploys the model to SageMaker Model Registry.

Step 3: Select...

Select...

An S3 event notification invokes the pipeline when new data is uploaded.  
 An S3 Lifecycle rule invokes the pipeline when new data is uploaded.  
 SageMaker retrains the model by using the data in the S3 bucket.  
 The pipeline deploys the model to a SageMaker endpoint.  
 The pipeline deploys the model to SageMaker Model Registry.

**NEW QUESTION 22**

A company has an ML model that generates text descriptions based on images that customers upload to the company's website. The images can be up to 50 MB in total size.

An ML engineer decides to store the images in an Amazon S3 bucket. The ML engineer must implement a processing solution that can scale to accommodate changes in demand.

Which solution will meet these requirements with the LEAST operational overhead?

- A. Create an Amazon SageMaker batch transform job to process all the images in the S3 bucket.
- B. Create an Amazon SageMaker Asynchronous Inference endpoint and a scaling policy.
- C. Run a script to make an inference request for each image.
- D. Create an Amazon Elastic Kubernetes Service (Amazon EKS) cluster that uses Karpenter for auto scaling.
- E. Host the model on the EKS cluster.
- F. Run a script to make an inference request for each image.
- G. Create an AWS Batch job that uses an Amazon Elastic Container Service (Amazon ECS) cluster.
- H. Specify a list of images to process for each AWS Batch job.

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 25**

An ML engineer has an Amazon Comprehend custom model in Account A in the us-east-1 Region. The ML engineer needs to copy the model to Account B in the same Region.

Which solution will meet this requirement with the LEAST development effort?

- A. Use Amazon S3 to make a copy of the model.
- B. Transfer the copy to Account B.
- C. Create a resource-based IAM policy.
- D. Use the Amazon Comprehend ImportModel API operation to copy the model to Account B.
- E. Use AWS DataSync to replicate the model from Account A to Account B.
- F. Create an AWS Site-to-Site VPN connection between Account A and Account B to transfer the model.

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 27**

**HOTSPOT**

A company stores historical data in .csv files in Amazon S3. Only some of the rows and columns in the .csv files are populated. The columns are not labeled. An



Step 1: Select...

Select...

Create an Amazon SageMaker batch transform job for data cleaning and feature engineering. Store the resulting data back in Amazon S3.

Use Amazon Athena to infer the schemas and available columns.

Use AWS Glue crawlers to infer the schemas and available columns.

Use AWS Glue DataBrew for data cleaning and feature engineering.

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Step 2: Select...

Select...

Create an Amazon SageMaker batch transform job for data cleaning and feature engineering. Store the resulting data back in Amazon S3.

Use Amazon Athena to infer the schemas and available columns.

Use AWS Glue crawlers to infer the schemas and available columns.

Use AWS Glue DataBrew for data cleaning and feature engineering.

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Step 3: Select...

Select...

Create an Amazon SageMaker batch transform job for data cleaning and feature engineering. Store the resulting data back in Amazon S3.

Use Amazon Athena to infer the schemas and available columns.

Use AWS Glue crawlers to infer the schemas and available columns.

Use AWS Glue DataBrew for data cleaning and feature engineering.

**NEW QUESTION 28**

An ML engineer is training a simple neural network model. The ML engineer tracks the performance of the model over time on a validation dataset. The model's performance improves substantially at first and then degrades after a specific number of epochs. Which solutions will mitigate this problem? (Choose two.)

- A. Enable early stopping on the model.
- B. Increase dropout in the layers.
- C. Increase the number of layers.
- D. Increase the number of neurons.
- E. Investigate and reduce the sources of model bias.

**Answer:** AB

**NEW QUESTION 31**

An ML engineer is using a training job to fine-tune a deep learning model in Amazon SageMaker Studio. The ML engineer previously used the same pre-trained model with a similar dataset. The ML engineer expects vanishing gradient, underutilized GPU, and overfitting problems. The ML engineer needs to implement a solution to detect these issues and to react in predefined ways when the issues occur. The solution also must provide comprehensive real-time metrics during the training. Which solution will meet these requirements with the LEAST operational overhead?

- A. Use TensorBoard to monitor the training job
- B. Publish the findings to an Amazon Simple Notification Service (Amazon SNS) topic
- C. Create an AWS Lambda function to consume the findings and to initiate the predefined actions.
- D. Use Amazon CloudWatch default metrics to gain insights about the training job
- E. Use the metrics to invoke an AWS Lambda function to initiate the predefined actions.
- F. Expand the metrics in Amazon CloudWatch to include the gradients in each training step
- G. Use the metrics to invoke an AWS Lambda function to initiate the predefined actions.
- H. Use SageMaker Debugger built-in rules to monitor the training job
- I. Configure the rules to initiate the predefined actions.

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 33**

**HOTSPOT**

An ML engineer is working on an ML model to predict the prices of similarly sized homes. The model will base predictions on several features. The ML engineer will use the following feature engineering techniques to estimate the prices of the homes:

- Feature splitting
- Logarithmic transformation
- One-hot encoding
- Standardized distribution

Select the correct feature engineering techniques for the following list of features. Each feature engineering technique should be selected one time or not at all (Select three.)

City (name)

- Select...
- Feature splitting
- Logarithmic transformation
- One-hot encoding
- Standardized distribution

Type\_year (type of home and year the home was built)

- Select...
- Feature splitting
- Logarithmic transformation
- One-hot encoding
- Standardized distribution

Size of the building (square feet or square meters)

- Select...
- Feature splitting
- Logarithmic transformation
- One-hot encoding
- Standardized distribution

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

City (name)

- Select...
- Feature splitting
- Logarithmic transformation
- One-hot encoding
- Standardized distribution

Type\_year (type of home and year the home was built)

- Select...
- Feature splitting
- Logarithmic transformation
- One-hot encoding
- Standardized distribution

Size of the building (square feet or square meters)

- Select...
- Feature splitting
- Logarithmic transformation
- One-hot encoding
- Standardized distribution

**NEW QUESTION 34**

An ML engineer is developing a fraud detection model by using the Amazon SageMaker XGBoost algorithm. The model classifies transactions as either fraudulent or legitimate.

During testing, the model excels at identifying fraud in the training dataset. However, the model is inefficient at identifying fraud in new and unseen transactions.

What should the ML engineer do to improve the fraud detection for new transactions?

- A. Increase the learning rate.
- B. Remove some irrelevant features from the training dataset.
- C. Increase the value of the max\_depth hyperparameter.
- D. Decrease the value of the max\_depth hyperparameter.

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 36

An ML engineer needs to create data ingestion pipelines and ML model deployment pipelines on AWS. All the raw data is stored in Amazon S3 buckets. Which solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Use Amazon Data Firehose to create the data ingestion pipeline
- B. Use Amazon SageMaker Studio Classic to create the model deployment pipelines.
- C. Use AWS Glue to create the data ingestion pipeline
- D. Use Amazon SageMaker Studio Classic to create the model deployment pipelines.
- E. Use Amazon Redshift ML to create the data ingestion pipeline
- F. Use Amazon SageMaker Studio Classic to create the model deployment pipelines.
- G. Use Amazon Athena to create the data ingestion pipeline
- H. Use an Amazon SageMaker notebook to create the model deployment pipelines.

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 40

A company needs to give its ML engineers appropriate access to training data. The ML engineers must access training data from only their own business group. The ML engineers must not be allowed to access training data from other business groups. The company uses a single AWS account and stores all the training data in Amazon S3 buckets. All ML model training occurs in Amazon SageMaker. Which solution will provide the ML engineers with the appropriate access?

- A. Enable S3 bucket versioning.
- B. Configure S3 Object Lock settings for each user.
- C. Add cross-origin resource sharing (CORS) policies to the S3 buckets.
- D. Create IAM policie
- E. Attach the policies to IAM users or IAM roles.

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 44

Case Study

A company is building a web-based AI application by using Amazon SageMaker. The application will provide the following capabilities and features: ML experimentation, training, a central model registry, model deployment, and model monitoring. The application must ensure secure and isolated use of training data during the ML lifecycle. The training data is stored in Amazon S3. The company must implement a manual approval-based workflow to ensure that only approved models can be deployed to production endpoints. Which solution will meet this requirement?

- A. Use SageMaker Experiments to facilitate the approval process during model registration.
- B. Use SageMaker ML Lineage Tracking on the central model registr
- C. Create tracking entities for the approval process.
- D. Use SageMaker Model Monitor to evaluate the performance of the model and to manage the approval.
- E. Use SageMaker Pipeline
- F. When a model version is registered, use the AWS SDK to change the approval status to "Approved."

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 45

Case Study

A company is building a web-based AI application by using Amazon SageMaker. The application will provide the following capabilities and features: ML experimentation, training, a central model registry, model deployment, and model monitoring. The application must ensure secure and isolated use of training data during the ML lifecycle. The training data is stored in Amazon S3. The company needs to use the central model registry to manage different versions of models in the application. Which action will meet this requirement with the LEAST operational overhead?

- A. Create a separate Amazon Elastic Container Registry (Amazon ECR) repository for each model.
- B. Use Amazon Elastic Container Registry (Amazon ECR) and unique tags for each model version.
- C. Use the SageMaker Model Registry and model groups to catalog the models.
- D. Use the SageMaker Model Registry and unique tags for each model version.

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 50

An ML engineer needs to use Amazon SageMaker to fine-tune a large language model (LLM) for text summarization. The ML engineer must follow a low-code no-code (LCNC) approach. Which solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Use SageMaker Studio to fine-tune an LLM that is deployed on Amazon EC2 instances.
- B. Use SageMaker Autopilot to fine-tune an LLM that is deployed by a custom API endpoint.
- C. Use SageMaker Autopilot to fine-tune an LLM that is deployed on Amazon EC2 instances.
- D. Use SageMaker Autopilot to fine-tune an LLM that is deployed by SageMaker JumpStart.

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 55**

An ML engineer has trained a neural network by using stochastic gradient descent (SGD). The neural network performs poorly on the test set. The values for training loss and validation loss remain high and show an oscillating pattern. The values decrease for a few epochs and then increase for a few epochs before repeating the same cycle.

What should the ML engineer do to improve the training process?

- A. Introduce early stopping.
- B. Increase the size of the test set.
- C. Increase the learning rate.
- D. Decrease the learning rate.

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 59**

A company uses Amazon SageMaker for its ML workloads. The company's ML engineer receives a 50 MB Apache Parquet data file to build a fraud detection model. The file includes several correlated columns that are not required.

What should the ML engineer do to drop the unnecessary columns in the file with the LEAST effort?

- A. Download the file to a local workstation
- B. Perform one-hot encoding by using a custom Python script.
- C. Create an Apache Spark job that uses a custom processing script on Amazon EMR.
- D. Create a SageMaker processing job by calling the SageMaker Python SDK.
- E. Create a data flow in SageMaker Data Wrangle
- F. Configure a transform step.

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 61**

A company is using ML to predict the presence of a specific weed in a farmer's field. The company is using the Amazon SageMaker linear learner built-in algorithm with a value of `multiclass_classifier` for the `predictor_type` hyperparameter.

What should the company do to MINIMIZE false positives?

- A. Set the value of the weight decay hyperparameter to zero.
- B. Increase the number of training epochs.
- C. Increase the value of the `target_precision` hyperparameter.
- D. Change the value of the `predictor_type` hyperparameter to `regressor`.

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 66**

**HOTSPOT**

An ML engineer needs to use Amazon SageMaker Feature Store to create and manage features to train a model.

Select and order the steps from the following list to create and use the features in Feature Store. Each step should be selected one time. (Select and order three.)

- Access the store to build datasets for training.
- Create a feature group.
- Ingest the records.

Step 1: Select...  
Select...  
Access the store to build datasets for training.  
 Create a feature group  
 Ingest the records.

Step 2: Select...  
Select...  
Access the store to build datasets for training.  
Create a feature group.  
Ingest the records.

Step 3: Select...  
Select...  
Access the store to build datasets for training.  
Create a feature group.  
Ingest the records.

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Step 1: Select...  
 Select...  
 Access the store to build datasets for training.  
 Create a feature group.  
 Ingest the records.

Step 2: Select...  
 Select...  
 Access the store to build datasets for training.  
 Create a feature group.  
 Ingest the records.

Step 3: Select...  
 Select...  
 Access the store to build datasets for training.  
 Create a feature group.  
 Ingest the records.

**NEW QUESTION 69**

A company has a binary classification model in production. An ML engineer needs to develop a new version of the model. The new model version must maximize correct predictions of positive labels and negative labels. The ML engineer must use a metric to recalibrate the model to meet these requirements. Which metric should the ML engineer use for the model recalibration?

- A. Accuracy
- B. Precision
- C. Recall
- D. Specificity

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 73**

An ML engineer needs to use AWS CloudFormation to create an ML model that an Amazon SageMaker endpoint will host. Which resource should the ML engineer declare in the CloudFormation template to meet this requirement?

- A. AWS::SageMaker::Model
- B. AWS::SageMaker::Endpoint
- C. AWS::SageMaker::NotebookInstance
- D. AWS::SageMaker::Pipeline

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 76**

An ML engineer needs to use an ML model to predict the price of apartments in a specific location. Which metric should the ML engineer use to evaluate the model's performance?

- A. Accuracy
- B. Area Under the ROC Curve (AUC)
- C. F1 score
- D. Mean absolute error (MAE)

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 79

A company regularly receives new training data from the vendor of an ML model. The vendor delivers cleaned and prepared data to the company's Amazon S3 bucket every 3-4 days.

The company has an Amazon SageMaker pipeline to retrain the model. An ML engineer needs to implement a solution to run the pipeline when new data is uploaded to the S3 bucket.

Which solution will meet these requirements with the LEAST operational effort?

- A. Create an S3 Lifecycle rule to transfer the data to the SageMaker training instance and to initiate training.
- B. Create an AWS Lambda function that scans the S3 bucket
- C. Program the Lambda function to initiate the pipeline when new data is uploaded.
- D. Create an Amazon EventBridge rule that has an event pattern that matches the S3 upload
- E. Configure the pipeline as the target of the rule.
- F. Use Amazon Managed Workflows for Apache Airflow (Amazon MWAA) to orchestrate the pipeline when new data is uploaded.
- G. The data contains meaningful ordered features with sensitive information that should not be discarded
- H. An ML engineer must ensure that the sensitive data is masked before another team starts to build the model.
- I. Use Amazon Macie to categorize the sensitive data.
- J. Prepare the data by using AWS Glue DataBrew.
- K. Run an AWS Batch job to change the sensitive data to random values.
- L. Run an Amazon EMR job to change the sensitive data to random values.

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 83

Case study

An ML engineer is developing a fraud detection model on AWS. The training dataset includes transaction logs, customer profiles, and tables from an on-premises MySQL database. The transaction logs and customer profiles are stored in Amazon S3.

The dataset has a class imbalance that affects the learning of the model's algorithm. Additionally, many of the features have interdependencies. The algorithm is not capturing all the desired underlying patterns in the data.

Which AWS service or feature can aggregate the data from the various data sources?

- A. Amazon EMR Spark jobs
- B. Amazon Kinesis Data Streams
- C. Amazon DynamoDB
- D. AWS Lake Formation

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 87

A company is planning to use Amazon Redshift ML in its primary AWS account. The source data is in an Amazon S3 bucket in a secondary account.

An ML engineer needs to set up an ML pipeline in the primary account to access the S3 bucket in the secondary account. The solution must not require public IPv4 addresses.

Which solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Provision a Redshift cluster and Amazon SageMaker Studio in a VPC with no public access enabled in the primary account
- B. Create a VPC peering connection between the accounts
- C. Update the VPC route tables to remove the route to 0.0.0.0/0.
- D. Provision a Redshift cluster and Amazon SageMaker Studio in a VPC with no public access enabled in the primary account
- E. Create an AWS Direct Connect connection and a transit gateway
- F. Associate the VPCs from both accounts with the transit gateway
- G. Update the VPC route tables to remove the route to 0.0.0.0/0.
- H. Provision a Redshift cluster and Amazon SageMaker Studio in a VPC in the primary account
- I. Create an AWS Site-to-Site VPN connection with two encrypted IPsec tunnels between the accounts
- J. Set up interface VPC endpoints for Amazon S3.
- K. Provision a Redshift cluster and Amazon SageMaker Studio in a VPC in the primary account
- L. Create an S3 gateway endpoint
- M. Update the S3 bucket policy to allow IAM principals from the primary account
- N. Set up interface VPC endpoints for SageMaker and Amazon Redshift.

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 90

Case study

An ML engineer is developing a fraud detection model on AWS. The training dataset includes transaction logs, customer profiles, and tables from an on-premises MySQL database. The transaction logs and customer profiles are stored in Amazon S3.

The dataset has a class imbalance that affects the learning of the model's algorithm. Additionally, many of the features have interdependencies. The algorithm is not capturing all the desired underlying patterns in the data.

The ML engineer needs to use an Amazon SageMaker built-in algorithm to train the model. Which algorithm should the ML engineer use to meet this requirement?

- A. LightGBM
- B. Linear learner
- C. K-means clustering
- D. Neural Topic Model (NTM)

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 95

An ML engineer needs to deploy ML models to get inferences from large datasets in an asynchronous manner. The ML engineer also needs to implement

scheduled monitoring of the data quality of the models. The ML engineer must receive alerts when changes in data quality occur. Which solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Deploy the models by using scheduled AWS Glue job
- B. Use Amazon CloudWatch alarms to monitor the data quality and to send alerts.
- C. Deploy the models by using scheduled AWS Batch job
- D. Use AWS CloudTrail to monitor the data quality and to send alerts.
- E. Deploy the models by using Amazon Elastic Container Service (Amazon ECS) on AWS Fargat
- F. Use Amazon EventBridge to monitor the data quality and to send alerts.
- G. Deploy the models by using Amazon SageMaker batch transfor
- H. Use SageMaker Model Monitor to monitor the data quality and to send alerts.

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 99

A company wants to predict the success of advertising campaigns by considering the color scheme of each advertisement. An ML engineer is preparing data for a neural network model. The dataset includes color information as categorical data. Which technique for feature engineering should the ML engineer use for the model?

- A. Apply label encoding to the color categorie
- B. Automatically assign each color a unique integer.
- C. Implement padding to ensure that all color feature vectors have the same length.
- D. Perform dimensionality reduction on the color categories.
- E. One-hot encode the color categories to transform the color scheme feature into a binary matrix.

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 100

An ML engineer needs to use an Amazon EMR cluster to process large volumes of data in batches. Any data loss is unacceptable. Which instance purchasing option will meet these requirements MOST cost-effectively?

- A. Run the primary node, core nodes, and task nodes on On-Demand Instances.
- B. Run the primary node, core nodes, and task nodes on Spot Instances.
- C. Run the primary node on an On-Demand Instanc
- D. Run the core nodes and task nodes on Spot Instances.
- E. Run the primary node and core nodes on On-Demand Instance
- F. Run the task nodes on Spot Instances.

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 103

An ML engineer has developed a binary classification model outside of Amazon SageMaker. The ML engineer needs to make the model accessible to a SageMaker Canvas user for additional tuning. The model artifacts are stored in an Amazon S3 bucket. The ML engineer and the Canvas user are part of the same SageMaker domain. Which combination of requirements must be met so that the ML engineer can share the model with the Canvas user? (Choose two.)

- A. The ML engineer and the Canvas user must be in separate SageMaker domains.
- B. The Canvas user must have permissions to access the S3 bucket where the model artifacts are stored.
- C. The model must be registered in the SageMaker Model Registry.
- D. The ML engineer must host the model on AWS Marketplace.
- E. The ML engineer must deploy the model to a SageMaker endpoint.

**Answer: BC**

#### NEW QUESTION 104

An ML engineer receives datasets that contain missing values, duplicates, and extreme outliers. The ML engineer must consolidate these datasets into a single data frame and must prepare the data for ML. Which solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Use Amazon SageMaker Data Wrangler to import the datasets and to consolidate them into a single data fram
- B. Use the cleansing and enrichment functionalities to prepare the data.
- C. Use Amazon SageMaker Ground Truth to import the datasets and to consolidate them into a single data fram
- D. Use the human-in-the-loop capability to prepare the data.
- E. Manually import and merge the dataset
- F. Consolidate the datasets into a single data fram
- G. Use Amazon Q Developer to generate code snippets that will prepare the data.
- H. Manually import and merge the dataset
- I. Consolidate the datasets into a single data fram
- J. Use Amazon SageMaker data labeling to prepare the data.

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 105

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