

Amazon-Web-Services

Exam Questions SCS-C03

AWS Certified Security - Specialty



NEW QUESTION 1

A company has a large fleet of Amazon Linux 2 Amazon EC2 instances that run an application processing sensitive data. Compliance requirements include no exposed management ports, full session logging, and authentication through AWS IAM Identity Center. DevOps engineers occasionally need access for troubleshooting.

Which solution will provide remote access while meeting these requirements?

- A. Grant access to the EC2 serial console and allow IAM role access.
- B. Enable EC2 Instance Connect and configure security groups accordingly.
- C. Assign an EC2 instance role that allows access to AWS Systems Manager.
- D. Create an IAM policy that grants access to Systems Manager Session Manager and assign it to an IAM Identity Center role.
- E. Use Systems Manager Automation to temporarily open remote access ports.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 2

A company uses AWS Organizations to manage an organization that consists of three workload OUs: Production, Development, and Testing. The company uses AWS CloudFormation templates to define and deploy workload infrastructure in AWS accounts that are associated with the OUs. Different SCPs are attached to each workload OU.

The company successfully deployed a CloudFormation stack update to workloads in the Development OU and the Testing OU. When the company uses the same CloudFormation template to deploy the stack update in an account in the Production OU, the update fails.

The error message reports insufficient IAM permissions.

What is the FIRST step that a security engineer should take to troubleshoot this issue?

- A. Review the AWS CloudTrail logs in the account in the Production OU.
- B. Search for any failed API calls from CloudFormation during the deployment attempt.
- C. Remove all the SCPs that are attached to the Production OU.
- D. Rerun the CloudFormation stack update to determine if the SCPs were preventing the CloudFormation API calls.
- E. Confirm that the role used by CloudFormation has sufficient permissions to create, update, and delete the resources that are referenced in the CloudFormation template.
- F. Make all the SCPs that are attached to the Production OU the same as the SCPs that are attached to the Testing OU.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 3

A security team manages a company's AWS Key Management Service (AWS KMS) customer managed keys. Only members of the security team can administer the KMS keys. The company's application team has a software process that needs temporary access to the keys occasionally. The security team needs to provide the application team's software process with access to the keys.

Which solution will meet these requirements with the LEAST operational overhead?

- A. Export the KMS key material to an on-premises hardware security module (HSM). Give the application team access to the key material.
- B. Edit the key policy that grants the security team access to the KMS keys by adding the application team as principal.
- C. Revert this change when the application team no longer needs access.
- D. Create a key grant to allow the application team to use the KMS key.
- E. Revoke the grant when the application team no longer needs access.
- F. Create a new KMS key by generating key material on-premise.
- G. Import the key material to AWS KMS whenever the application team needs access.
- H. Grant the application team permissions to use the key.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 4

A company hosts its public website on Amazon EC2 instances behind an Application Load Balancer (ALB). The website is experiencing a global DDoS attack from a specific IoT device brand that uses a unique user agent. A security engineer is creating an AWS WAF web ACL and will associate it with the ALB.

Which rule statement will mitigate the current attack and future attacks from these IoT devices without blocking legitimate customers?

- A. Use an IP set match rule statement.
- B. Use a geographic match rule statement.
- C. Use a rate-based rule statement.
- D. Use a string match rule statement on the user agent.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 5

A company's application team needs a new AWS Key Management Service (AWS KMS) customer managed key to use with Amazon S3. The company's security policy requires separate keys for different AWS services to limit security exposure.

How can a security engineer limit the KMS customer managed key to work with only Amazon S3?

- A. Configure the key policy to allow only Amazon S3 to perform the kms:Encrypt action.
- B. Configure the key policy to allow KMS actions only when the value for the kms:ViaService condition key matches the Amazon S3 service name.
- C. Configure the application's IAM role policy to allow Amazon S3 to perform the iam:PassRole action.
- D. Configure the application's IAM role policy to allow only S3 operations when the operations are combined with the KMS customer managed key.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 6

A company's security team wants to receive near-real-time email notifications about AWS abuse reports related to DoS attacks. An Amazon SNS topic already

exists and is subscribed to by the security team.
What should the security engineer do next?

- A. Poll Trusted Advisor for abuse notifications by using a Lambda function.
- B. Create an Amazon EventBridge rule that matches AWS Health events for AWS_ABUSE_DOS_REPORT and publishes to SNS.
- C. Poll the AWS Support API for abuse cases by using a Lambda function.
- D. Detect abuse reports by using CloudTrail logs and CloudWatch alarms.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 7

A company's security engineer receives an abuse notification from AWS indicating that malware is being hosted from the company's AWS account. The security engineer discovers that an IAM user created a new Amazon S3 bucket without authorization.
Which combination of steps should the security engineer take to MINIMIZE the consequences of this compromise? (Select THREE.)

- A. Encrypt all AWS CloudTrail logs.
- B. Turn on Amazon GuardDuty.
- C. Change the password for all IAM users.
- D. Rotate or delete all AWS access keys.
- E. Take snapshots of all Amazon Elastic Block Store (Amazon EBS) volumes.
- F. Delete any resources that are unrecognized or unauthorized.

Answer: BDF

NEW QUESTION 8

A company needs to identify the root cause of security findings and investigate IAM roles involved in those findings. The company has enabled VPC Flow Logs, Amazon GuardDuty, and AWS CloudTrail.
Which solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Use Amazon Detective to investigate IAM roles and visualize findings.
- B. Use Amazon Inspector and CloudWatch dashboards.
- C. Export GuardDuty findings to S3 and analyze with Athena.
- D. Use Security Hub custom actions to investigate IAM roles.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 9

An application is running on an Amazon EC2 instance that has an IAM role attached. The IAM role provides access to an AWS Key Management Service (AWS KMS) customer managed key and an Amazon S3 bucket. The key is used to access 2 TB of sensitive data that is stored in the S3 bucket. A security engineer discovers a potential vulnerability on the EC2 instance that could result in the compromise of the sensitive data. Due to other critical operations, the security engineer cannot immediately shut down the EC2 instance for vulnerability patching.
What is the FASTEST way to prevent the sensitive data from being exposed?

- A. Download the data from the existing S3 bucket to a new EC2 instance.
- B. Then delete the data from the S3 bucket.
- C. Re-encrypt the data with a client-based key.
- D. Upload the data to a new S3 bucket.
- E. Block access to the public range of S3 endpoint IP addresses by using a host-based firewall.
- F. Ensure that internet-bound traffic from the affected EC2 instance is routed through the host-based firewall.
- G. Revoke the IAM role's active session permission.
- H. Update the S3 bucket policy to deny access to the IAM role.
- I. Remove the IAM role from the EC2 instance profile.
- J. Disable the current key.
- K. Create a new KMS key that the IAM role does not have access to, and re-encrypt all the data with the new key.
- L. Schedule the compromised key for deletion.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 10

A company experienced a security incident caused by a vulnerable container image that was pushed from an external CI/CD pipeline into Amazon ECR.
Which solution will prevent vulnerable images from being pushed?

- A. Enable ECR enhanced scanning with Lambda blocking.
- B. Use Amazon Inspector with EventBridge and Lambda.
- C. Integrate Amazon Inspector into the CI/CD pipeline using SBOM generation and fail the pipeline on critical findings.
- D. Enable basic continuous ECR scanning.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 10

A security engineer has designed a VPC to segment private traffic from public traffic. The VPC includes two Availability Zones. Each Availability Zone contains one public subnet and one private subnet. Three route tables exist: one for the public subnets and one for each private subnet. The security engineer discovers that all four subnets are routing traffic through the internet gateway that is attached to the VPC.
Which combination of steps should the security engineer take to remediate this scenario? (Select TWO.)

- A. Verify that a NAT gateway has been provisioned in the public subnet in each Availability Zone.
- B. Verify that a NAT gateway has been provisioned in the private subnet in each Availability Zone.
- C. Modify the route tables for the public subnets to add a local route to the VPC CIDR range.

- D. Modify the route tables for the private subnets to route 0.0.0.0/0 to the NAT gateway in the public subnet of the same Availability Zone.
- E. Modify the route tables for the private subnets to route 0.0.0.0/0 to the internet gateway.

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 12

An AWS Lambda function was misused to alter data, and a security engineer must identify who invoked the function and what output was produced. The engineer cannot find any logs created by the Lambda function in Amazon CloudWatch Logs. Which of the following explains why the logs are not available?

- A. The execution role for the Lambda function did not grant permissions to write log data to CloudWatch Logs.
- B. The Lambda function was invoked by using Amazon API Gateway, so the logs are not stored in CloudWatch Logs.
- C. The execution role for the Lambda function did not grant permissions to write to the Amazon S3 bucket where CloudWatch Logs stores the logs.
- D. The version of the Lambda function that was invoked was not current.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 14

A company is building a secure solution that relies on an AWS Key Management Service (AWS KMS) customer managed key. The company wants to allow AWS Lambda to use the KMS key. However, the company wants to prevent Amazon EC2 from using the key. Which solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Use IAM explicit deny for EC2 instance profiles and allow for Lambda roles.
- B. Use a KMS key policy with `kms:ViaService` conditions to allow Lambda usage and deny EC2 usage.
- C. Use `aws:SourceIp` and `aws:AuthorizedService` condition keys in the KMS key policy.
- D. Use an SCP to deny EC2 and allow Lambda.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 15

A company has an encrypted Amazon Aurora DB cluster in the us-east-1 Region that uses an AWS KMS customer managed key. The company must copy a DB snapshot to the us-west-1 Region but cannot access the encryption key across Regions. What should the company do to properly encrypt the snapshot in us-west-1?

- A. Store the customer managed key in AWS Secrets Manager in us-west-1.
- B. Create a new customer managed key in us-west-1 and use it to encrypt the snapshot.
- C. Create an IAM policy to allow access to the key in us-east-1 from us-west-1.
- D. Create an IAM policy that allows RDS in us-west-1 to access the key in us-east-1.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 16

A company uses AWS IAM Identity Center with SAML 2.0 federation. The company decides to change its federation source from one identity provider (IdP) to another. The underlying directory for both IdPs is Active Directory. Which solution will meet this requirement?

- A. Disable all existing users and groups within IAM Identity Center that were part of the federation with the original IdP.
- B. Modify the attribute mappings within the IAM Identity Center trust relationship to match information that the new IdP sends.
- C. Reconfigure all existing IAM roles in the company's AWS accounts to explicitly trust the new IdP as the principal.
- D. Confirm that the Network Time Protocol (NTP) clock skew is correctly set between IAM Identity Center and the new IdP endpoints.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 19

A company runs an internet-accessible application on several Amazon EC2 instances that run Windows Server. The company used an instance profile to configure the EC2 instances. A security team currently accesses the VPC that hosts the EC2 instances by using an AWS Site-to-Site VPN tunnel from an on-premises office. The security team issues a policy that requires all external access to the VPC to be blocked in the event of a security incident. However, during an incident, the security team must be able to access the EC2 instances to obtain forensic information on the instances. Which solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Install EC2 Instance Connect on the EC2 instance
- B. Update the IAM policy for the IAM role to grant the required permission
- C. Use the AWS CLI to open a tunnel to connect to the instances.
- D. Install EC2 Instance Connect on the EC2 instance
- E. Configure the instances to permit access to the `ec2-instance-connect` command use
- F. Use the AWS Management Console to connect to the EC2 instances.
- G. Create an EC2 Instance Connect endpoint in the VP
- H. Configure an appropriate security group to allow access between the EC2 instances and the endpoint
- I. Use the AWS CLI to open a tunnel to connect to the instances.
- J. Create an EC2 Instance Connect endpoint in the VP
- K. Configure an appropriate security group to allow access between the EC2 instances and the endpoint
- L. Use the AWS Management Console to connect to the EC2 instances.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 23

A company has a single AWS account and uses an Amazon EC2 instance to test application code. The company recently discovered that the instance was

compromised and was serving malware. Analysis showed that the instance was compromised 35 days ago. A security engineer must implement a continuous monitoring solution that automatically notifies the security team by email for high severity findings as soon as possible. Which combination of steps should the security engineer take to meet these requirements? (Select THREE.)

- A. Enable AWS Security Hub in the AWS account.
- B. Enable Amazon GuardDuty in the AWS account.
- C. Create an Amazon Simple Notification Service (Amazon SNS) topic.
- D. Subscribe the security team's email distribution list to the topic.
- E. Create an Amazon Simple Queue Service (Amazon SQS) queue.
- F. Subscribe the security team's email distribution list to the queue.
- G. Create an Amazon EventBridge rule for GuardDuty findings of high severity.
- H. Configure the rule to publish a message to the topic.
- I. Create an Amazon EventBridge rule for Security Hub findings of high severity.
- J. Configure the rule to publish a message to the queue.

Answer: BCE

NEW QUESTION 24

A company runs a web application on a fleet of Amazon EC2 instances in an Auto Scaling group. Amazon GuardDuty and AWS Security Hub are enabled. The security engineer needs an automated response to anomalous traffic that follows AWS best practices and minimizes application disruption. Which solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Use EventBridge to disable the instance profile access keys.
- B. Use EventBridge to invoke a Lambda function that removes the affected instance from the Auto Scaling group and isolates it with a restricted security group.
- C. Use Security Hub to update the subnet network ACL to block traffic.
- D. Send GuardDuty findings to Amazon SNS for email notification.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 27

A company is planning to deploy a new log analysis environment. The company needs to analyze logs from multiple AWS services in near real time. The solution must provide the ability to search the logs and must send alerts to an existing Amazon Simple Notification Service (Amazon SNS) topic when specific logs match detection rules. Which solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Analyze the logs by using Amazon OpenSearch Service.
- B. Search the logs from the OpenSearch API.
- C. Use OpenSearch Service Security Analytics to match logs with detection rules and to send alerts to the SNS topic.
- D. Analyze the logs by using AWS Security Hub.
- E. Search the logs from the Findings page in Security Hub.
- F. Create custom actions to match logs with detection rules and to send alerts to the SNS topic.
- G. Analyze the logs by using Amazon CloudWatch Logs.
- H. Use a subscription filter to match logs with detection rules and to send alerts to the SNS topic.
- I. Search the logs manually by using CloudWatch Logs Insights.
- J. Analyze the logs by using Amazon QuickSight.
- K. Search the logs by listing the query results in a dashboard.
- L. Run queries to match logs with detection rules and to send alerts to the SNS topic.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 32

CloudFormation stack deployments fail for some users due to permission inconsistencies. Which combination of steps will ensure consistent deployments MOST securely? (Select THREE.)

- A. Create a composite principal service role.
- B. Create a service role with cloudformation.amazonaws.com as the principal.
- C. Attach scoped policies to the service role.
- D. Attach service ARNs in policy resources.
- E. Update each stack to use the service role.
- F. Allow iam:PassRole to the service role.

Answer: BEF

NEW QUESTION 37

A company is running an application in the eu-west-1 Region. The application uses an AWS Key Management Service (AWS KMS) customer managed key to encrypt sensitive data. The company plans to deploy the application in the eu-north-1 Region. A security engineer needs to implement a key management solution for the application deployment in the new Region. The security engineer must minimize changes to the application code. Which change should the security engineer make to the AWS KMS configuration to meet these requirements?

- A. Update the key policies in eu-west-1. Point the application in eu-north-1 to use the same customer managed key as the application in eu-west-1.
- B. Allocate a new customer managed key to eu-north-1 to be used by the application that is deployed in that Region.
- C. Allocate a new customer managed key to eu-north-1. Create the same alias name for both keys.
- D. Configure the application deployment to use the key alias.
- E. Allocate a new customer managed key to eu-north-1. Create an alias for eu-north-1. Change the application code to point to the alias for eu-north-1.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 38

A company's security engineer receives an alert that indicates that an unexpected principal is accessing a company-owned Amazon Simple Queue Service

(Amazon SQS) queue. All the company's accounts are within an organization in AWS Organizations. The security engineer must implement a mitigation solution that minimizes compliance violations and investment in tools outside of AWS. What should the security engineer do to meet these requirements?

- A. Create security groups and attach them to all SQS queues.
- B. Modify network ACLs in all VPCs to restrict inbound traffic.
- C. Create interface VPC endpoints for Amazon SQS.
- D. Restrict access using `aws:SourceVpce` and `aws:PrincipalOrgId` conditions.
- E. Use a third-party cloud access security broker (CASB).

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 39

A company is using AWS CloudTrail and Amazon CloudWatch to monitor resources in an AWS account. The company's developers have been using an IAM role in the account for the last 3 months.

A security engineer needs to refine the customer managed IAM policy attached to the role to ensure that the role provides least privilege access. Which solution will meet this requirement with the LEAST effort?

- A. Implement AWS IAM Access Analyzer policy generation on the role.
- B. Implement AWS IAM Access Analyzer policy validation on the role.
- C. Search CloudWatch logs to determine the actions the role invoked and to evaluate the permissions.
- D. Use AWS Trusted Advisor to compare the policies assigned to the role against AWS best practices.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 44

A company is running a new workload across accounts in an organization in AWS Organizations. All running resources must have a tag of CostCenter, and the tag must have one of three approved values. The company must enforce this policy and must prevent any changes of the CostCenter tag to a non-approved value. Which solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Use AWS Config custom policy rule and an SCP to deny non-approved `aws:RequestTag/CostCenter` values.
- B. Use CloudTrail + EventBridge + Lambda to block creation.
- C. Enable tag policies, define allowed values, enforce noncompliant operations, and use an SCP to deny creation when `aws:RequestTag/CostCenter` is null.
- D. Enable tag policies and use EventBridge + Lambda to block changes.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 48

A company sends Apache logs from EC2 Auto Scaling instances to a CloudWatch Logs log group with 1-year retention. A suspicious IP address appears in logs. A security engineer needs to analyze the past week of logs to count requests from that IP and list requested URLs.

What should the engineer do with the LEAST effort?

- A. Export to S3 and use Macie.
- B. Stream to OpenSearch and analyze.
- C. Use CloudWatch Logs Insights with queries.
- D. Export to S3 and use AWS Glue.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 49

A company runs ECS services behind an internet-facing ALB that is the origin for CloudFront. An AWS WAF web ACL is associated with CloudFront, but clients can bypass it by accessing the ALB directly.

Which solution will prevent direct access to the ALB?

- A. Use AWS PrivateLink with the ALB.
- B. Replace the ALB with an internal ALB.
- C. Restrict ALB listener rules to CloudFront IP ranges.
- D. Require a custom header from CloudFront and validate it at the ALB.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 51

A company needs a cloud-based, managed desktop solution for its workforce of remote employees. The company wants to ensure that the employees can access the desktops only by using company-provided devices. A security engineer must design a solution that will minimize cost and management overhead.

Which solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Deploy a custom virtual desktop infrastructure (VDI) solution with a restriction policy to allow access only from corporate devices.
- B. Deploy a fleet of Amazon EC2 instances.
- C. Assign an instance to each employee with certificate-based device authentication that uses Windows Active Directory.
- D. Deploy Amazon WorkSpace.
- E. Set up a trusted device policy with IP blocking on the authentication gateway by using AWS Identity and Access Management (IAM).
- F. Deploy Amazon WorkSpace.
- G. Create client certificates, and deploy them to trusted devices.
- H. Enable restricted access at the directory level.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 55

A company uploads data files as objects into an Amazon S3 bucket. A vendor downloads the objects to perform data processing. A security engineer must implement a solution that prevents objects from residing in the S3 bucket for longer than 72 hours.

- A. Configure S3 Versioning to expire object versions that have been in the bucket for 72 hours.
- B. Configure an S3 Lifecycle configuration rule on the bucket to expire objects after 72 hours.
- C. Use the S3 Intelligent-Tiering storage class and configure expiration after 72 hours.
- D. Generate presigned URLs that expire after 72 hours.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 57

A company that uses AWS Organizations is using AWS IAM Identity Center to administer access to AWS accounts. A security engineer is creating a custom permission set in IAM Identity Center. The company will use the permission set across multiple accounts. An AWS managed policy and a customer managed policy are attached to the permission set. The security engineer has full administrative permissions and is operating in the management account. When the security engineer attempts to assign the permission set to an IAM Identity Center user who has access to multiple accounts, the assignment fails. What should the security engineer do to resolve this failure?

- A. Create the customer managed policy in every account where the permission set is assigned.
- B. Give the customer managed policy the same name and same permissions in each account.
- C. Remove either the AWS managed policy or the customer managed policy from the permission set.
- D. Create a second permission set that includes the removed policy.
- E. Apply the permission sets separately to the user.
- F. Evaluate the logic of the AWS managed policy and the customer managed policy.
- G. Resolve any policy conflicts in the permission set before deployment.
- H. Do not add the new permission set to the user.
- I. Instead, edit the user's existing permission set to include the AWS managed policy and the customer managed policy.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 59

A company must inventory sensitive data across all Amazon S3 buckets in all accounts from a single security account.

- A. Delegate Amazon Macie and Security Hub administration.
- B. Use Amazon Inspector with Security Hub.
- C. Use Inspector with Trusted Advisor.
- D. Use Macie with Trusted Advisor.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 62

A company needs to detect unauthenticated access to its Amazon Elastic Kubernetes Service (Amazon EKS) clusters. The solution must require no additional configuration of the existing EKS deployment.

Which solution will meet these requirements with the LEAST operational effort?

- A. Install a third-party security add-on.
- B. Enable AWS Security Hub and monitor Kubernetes findings.
- C. Monitor CloudWatch Container Insights metrics for EKS.
- D. Enable Amazon GuardDuty and use EKS Audit Log Monitoring.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 64

A security engineer needs to control access to data that is encrypted with an AWS Key Management Service (AWS KMS) customer managed key. The security engineer also needs to use additional authenticated data (AAD) to prevent tampering with ciphertext.

Which solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Pass the key alias to AWS KMS when calling the Encrypt and Decrypt API actions.
- B. Use IAM policies to restrict access to the Encrypt and Decrypt API actions.
- C. Use the kms:EncryptionContext condition key when defining IAM policies for the customer managed key.
- D. Use key policies to restrict access to the appropriate IAM groups.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 69

A security engineer receives a notice about suspicious activity from a Linux-based Amazon EC2 instance that uses Amazon Elastic Block Store (Amazon EBS)-based storage. The instance is making connections to known malicious addresses.

The instance is in a development account within a VPC that is in the us-east-1 Region. The VPC contains an internet gateway and has a subnet in us-east-1a and us-east-1b. Each subnet is associated with a route table that uses the internet gateway as a default route. Each subnet also uses the default network ACL. The suspicious EC2 instance runs within the us-east-1b subnet. During an initial investigation, a security engineer discovers that the suspicious instance is the only instance that runs in the subnet.

Which response will immediately mitigate the attack and help investigate the root cause?

- A. Log in to the suspicious instance and use the netstat command to identify remote connections.
- B. Use the IP addresses from these remote connections to create deny rules in the security group of the instance.
- C. Install diagnostic tools on the instance for investigation.
- D. Update the outbound network ACL for the subnet in us-east-1b to explicitly deny all connections as the first rule during the investigation of the instance.
- E. Update the outbound network ACL for the subnet in us-east-1b to explicitly deny all connections as the first rule.

- F. Replace the security group with a new security group that allows connections only from a diagnostics security group
- G. Update the outbound network ACL for the us-east-1b subnet to remove the deny all rule
- H. Launch a new EC2 instance that has diagnostic tool
- I. Assign the new security group to the new EC2 instance
- J. Use the new EC2 instance to investigate the suspicious instance.
- K. Ensure that the Amazon Elastic Block Store (Amazon EBS) volumes that are attached to the suspicious EC2 instance will not delete upon termination
- L. Terminate the instance
- M. Launch a new EC2 instance in us-east-1a that has diagnostic tool
- N. Mount the EBS volumes from the terminated instance for investigation.
- O. Create an AWS WAF web ACL that denies traffic to and from the suspicious instance
- P. Attach the AWS WAF web ACL to the instance to mitigate the attack
- Q. Log in to the instance and install diagnostic tools to investigate the instance.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 71

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