

70-346 Dumps

Managing Office 365 Identities and Requirements

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NEW QUESTION 1

A company plans to use Office 365 to provide email services for users. You need to ensure that a custom domain name is used. What should you do first?

- A. Add the custom domain name to Office 365 and then verify it.
- B. Verify the existing domain name.
- C. Create an MX record in DNS.
- D. Create a CNAME record in DNS.

Answer: A

Explanation: DNS actually tells the Internet where to send email to. Thus you need to make sure that your custom name that you intend using for email is added to Office 365 and verified. When you put the right information into the right DNS records for your domain, the DNS system routes everything correctly so your email, for example, arrives in Office 365 instead of somewhere else.

NEW QUESTION 2

You administer the Office 365 environment for a company that has offices around the world. All of the offices use the same Office 365 tenant. You need to ensure that all users can access the services that are available in their regions. Which setting or service should you update?

- A. User location settings
- B. User licenses
- C. Service usage address
- D. Rights management

Answer: A

Explanation: The User Location settings will allow you to set sign-in status and user locations for all the users that are on your network notwithstanding the physical location where they find themselves.

References:

<http://blogs.perficient.com/microsoft/2014/11/office-365-assign-licensing-user-location-via-active-directory/>

NEW QUESTION 3

Your company purchases an Office 365 plan. The company has an Active Directory Domain Services domain. User1 must to manage Office 365 delegation for the company.

You need to ensure that User1 can assign administrative roles to other users. What should you do?

- A. Create an Office 365 tenant and assign User1 the password administrator role.
- B. Use a password administrator account to assign the role to User1.
- C. Use a user management administrator account to assign the role to User1.
- D. Create an Office 365 tenant and assign User1 the global administrator role.

Answer: D

Explanation: The Global Administrator account is similar to the Company administrator. Users in this role have access to everything or the permission to add them to a dedicated role where they do not have permission (such as discovery management and assigning administrative roles to other users).

References:

<https://support.office.com/client/Assigning-admin-roles-eac4d046-1afd-4f1a-85fc-8219c79e1504>

NEW QUESTION 4

Your company has 100 user mailboxes. The company purchases a subscription to Office 365 for professionals and small businesses. You need to enable the Litigation Hold feature for each mailbox.

What should you do first?

- A. Purchase a subscription to Office 365 for midsize business and enterprises.
- B. Enable audit logging for all of the mailboxes.
- C. Modify the default retention policy.
- D. Create a service request.

Answer: A

Explanation: The first step will always be the purchasing the correct Office 365 plan to suit your needs. There are three plans of Office 365: Professional, Mid-Size Businesses, and Enterprise. The Office 365 Mid-sized businesses and Enterprise plans will allow you to enable Litigation Hold. The Professional plan is not compliant with this setting. User mailboxes that are placed under litigation hold with the external audit enabled meet all compliance requirements, because the data is immutable.

NEW QUESTION 5

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company.

You need to ensure that trusted applications can decrypt rights-protected content.

Which four Windows PowerShell cmdlets should you run in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate cmdlets from the list of cmdlets to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.



Answer:

Explanation: Microsoft Azure Rights Management (previously known as Windows Azure Active Directory Rights Management). To be able to decrypt rights protected documents you need to make sure that Microsoft Azure Rights Management is set up. Also you will need to enable a SuperUser account because The Active Directory Rights Management Services (AD RMS) super users group is a special group that has full control over all rights-protected content managed by the cluster. Its members are granted full owner rights in all use licenses that are issued by the AD RMS cluster on which the super users group is configured. This means that members of this group can decrypt any rights-protected content file and remove rights-protection from it.

The super users group is not enabled and is not assigned a group by default. This can be done by running the appropriate commands in sequence which are:

References:

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dn569291.aspx> <https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dn151475%28v=exchg.150%29.aspx>

NEW QUESTION 6

Your company has a subscription to Office 365 for midsize business and enterprises. The company uses Microsoft Skype for Business Online.

You need to open ports on the network firewall to enable all of the features of Skype for Business Online. Which port or ports should you open? (Each correct answer presents part of the solution. Choose all that apply.)

- A. inbound TCP443
- B. outbound TCP 5061
- C. outbound UDP 3478
- D. outbound TCP 443
- E. outbound UDP 50000 to outbound UDP 59999
- F. inbound TCP 8080

Answer: ACDE

Explanation: A: inbound TCP 443 is the port for the Skype for Business for Business client service.

C: outbound UDP 3478 is the UDP port for Skype for Business audio and video sessions.

D: outbound TCP 443 is the port for the Skype for Business data sharing sessions as well as the Video and Audio and application sharing sessions.

E: outbound UDP 50000 to outbound UDP 59999 is the port for Skype for Business audio and video sessions. References:

<https://adam-hand.com/cloud-technologies/firewall-ports-for-office-365/>

NEW QUESTION 7

You create an Office 365 tenant. You assign administrative roles to other users. You hire a new user named User2.

User2 must NOT be able to change passwords for other users. You need to assign an administrative role to User2.

Which role should you assign?

- A. Service administrator
- B. Global administrator
- C. Delegate administrator
- D. Password administrator

Answer: A

Explanation: Being the Service Administrator will allow User2 to make service requests and monitor service health, while not allowing User2 to ability to change passwords for other users.

NEW QUESTION 8

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. The company has two administrators named User1 and User2.

Users must be able to perform the activities as shown in the following table:

Administrator	Activities
User1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reset passwords for standard user accounts. Reset passwords for other members of the same role. Must NOT reset passwords for other administrator accounts.
User2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reset passwords for all administrator accounts.

You need to grant the appropriate administrative role to each user.

What should you do? To answer, drag the appropriate role to the correct user. Each role may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

password administrator
delegate administrator
billing administrator
global administrator

Answer Area

Administrator	Role
User1	
User2	

Answer:

Explanation: User1 has to be the Password administrator which will allow for User1 to reset passwords, manage service requests, and monitor service health. Password admins are limited to resetting passwords for users and other password admins.

User2 has to be the global administrator to have access to all administrative features. Global admins are the only admins who can assign other admin roles. This will enable User2 the ability to reset passwords for all administrator accounts.

NEW QUESTION 9

You deploy Skype for Business Online for a company that has offices in San Francisco and New York. The two offices both connect to the Internet. There is no private network link between the offices.

Users in the New York office report that they cannot transfer files to the users in the San Francisco office by using Skype for Business Online.

You need to ensure that users in both offices can transfer files by using Skype for Business Online. What should you do?

- A. Configure the firewall to open Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) ports 50060-50079.
- B. Configure the firewall to open Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) ports 50040-50059.
- C. Create a private network connection to share files.
- D. Upgrade all of the Skype for Business Online clients to use Skype for Business client application.

Answer: B

Explanation: Skype for Business Online will allow for file sharing if the firewall is configured accordingly since it is mentioned that Skype for Business Online is already deployed. And there is connectivity by both offices to the Internet. If the TCP port number 50040-50059 is configured open on the firewall you will be able to share Audio, Video and application as well as Desktop sharing content and files.

References:

<http://onlinehelp.microsoft.com/en-ca/office365-enterprises/hh416761.aspx>

NEW QUESTION 10

A company deploys an Office 365 tenant.

You need to enable multi-factor authentication for Office 365.

Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

	Answer Area
Enable multi-factor authentication for all user accounts.	
Instruct users to use a mobile phone to complete the registration process.	
Create a multi-factor authentication provider with the Per Enabled User usage model.	
Create a multi-factor authentication provider with the Per Authentication usage model.	
Instruct users to obtain a single-use password to complete the registration process.	

Answer:

Explanation: Box 1: Create a multi-factor authentication provider with the Per Enabled User usage model. Box 2: Enable multi-factor authentication for all user accounts.

Box 3: Instruct users to use a mobile phone to complete the registration process. Adding Multi-Factor Authentication to Azure Active Directory (for Office 365 users) Step 1: First we create the usage model of the MFA provider.

We should use PerEnabled User which is used for Office 365. Note:

▶ Per Authentication – purchasing model that charges per authentication. Typically used for scenarios that use the Azure Multi-Factor Authentication in an application.

▶ Per Enabled User – purchasing model that charges per enabled user. Typically used for scenarios such as Office 365.

Step 2: Enable Multi-Factor Authentication for all your user accounts. You need to enable multi-factor authentication on your Office 365 users. Step 3: Have a user sign-in and complete the registration process.

The users can use their mobile phones to complete the auto-enrollment process.

Details: After being enrolled for multi-factor authentication, the next time a user signs in, they see a message asking them to set up their second authentication factor. Using the enrollment process the users will be able to specify your preferred method of verification.

The following methods exist: Mobile Phone Call, Mobile Phone Text Message, Office Phone Call, or Mobile App.

References:

<https://github.com/MicrosoftDocs/azure-docs/blob/master/articles/multi-factor-authentication/multi-factor-authentication-overview.md>

NEW QUESTION 10

A company deploys an Office 365 tenant.

All employees in the human resources (HR) department must use multi-factor authentication. They must use only the Microsoft Outlook client to access their email messages. User1 joins the HR department.

You need to help User1 configure his account.

Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

	Answer Area
Instruct User1 to create an app password.	
Instruct User1 to use an app password to complete the registration process.	
Instruct User1 to use a one-time password to complete the registration process.	
Enable multi-factor authentication for User1.	
Instruct User1 to use a mobile phone to complete the registration process.	

Answer:

Explanation: Box 1: Enable multi-factor authentication for User1.

Box 2: Instruct User1 to use a mobile phone to complete the registration process. Box 3: Instruct User1 to create an app password.

(Step 1) First we need to enable multi-factor authentication for this Office 365 users.

(Step 2) After being enrolled for multi-factor authentication, the next time a user signs in, they see a message asking them to set up their second authentication factor.

Any of the following may be used for the second factor of authentication: Mobile Phone Call, Mobile Phone Text Message, Office Phone Call, or Mobile App.

(Step 3) Configure app passwords for non-browser apps (such as ...Outlook etc.).

User1 should create an app password. The app password should then be used to set up Microsoft Outlook.

After the registration process (step 2) has been completed, users can setup application passwords for

non-browser apps (such as ...Outlook etc.). This is required because the non-browser apps (such as ...Outlook etc.) do not support multi-factor authentication and you will be unable to use them unless an app password is configured.

References:

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/azure/dn383636.aspx#enablemfaoffice365>

NEW QUESTION 15

You are the Office 365 administrator for Contoso, Ltd. User1 is unable to sign in.

You need to change the password for User1 and ensure that the user is prompted to reset her password the next time she signs in.

How should you complete the relevant Windows PowerShell command? To answer, drag the appropriate Windows PowerShell segments to the correct location or locations. Each Windows PowerShell segment may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

Answer:

Explanation: The Set-MsolUserPassword cmdlet is used to change the password of a user.

The parameter -UserPrincipalName is used to specify the user to set the password for.

The following command resets the password for user@contoso.com. A random password will be generated. The user will be required to reset the password on next sign in.

Set-MsolUserPassword -UserPrincipalName user@contoso.com

NEW QUESTION 18

You use a centralized identity management system as a source of authority for user account information. You export a list of new user accounts to a file on a daily basis. Your company uses a local Active Directory for storing user accounts for on-premises solutions. You are configuring the Windows Azure Active Directory Sync tool.

New user accounts must be created in both the local Active Directory and Office 365. You must import user account data into Office 365 daily.

You need to import the new users. What should you do?

- A. Use the Office 365 admin center to import the file.
- B. Create a Windows PowerShell script to import account data from the file into Active Directory.
- C. Use the Windows Azure Management Portal to import the file.
- D. Create a Windows PowerShell script that uses the MSOnline module to import account data from the file.

Answer: B

Explanation: To force a sync with the Windows Azure Active Directory Sync tool:

- ▶ Open Powershell (as admin)
- ▶ Type Import-Module DirSync
- ▶ Then Type Start-OnlineCoExistenceSync

To simplify further you can write the commands as a PowerShell script.

NEW QUESTION 21

You have an Office 365 environment. Synchronization between the on-premises Active Directory and Office 365 is enabled. You need to deactivate directory synchronization. Which Windows PowerShell cmdlet should you run?

- A. Update-MsolFederatedDomain
- B. Remove-MsolDomain
- C. Remove-MsolFederatedDomain
- D. Set-MsolDirSyncEnabled

Answer: D

Explanation: The Set-MsolDirSyncEnabled cmdlet is used to enable or disable directory synchronization for a company. The complete command to disable directory Sync is Set-MsolDirSyncEnabled -EnableDirSync \$false

References:

<http://support.microsoft.com/kb/2619062>

NEW QUESTION 26

Your company has a hybrid deployment of Office 365. You need to create a group. The group must have the following characteristics:

- ▶ Group properties are synchronized automatically.
- ▶ Group members have the ability to control which users can send email messages to the group. What should you do?

- A. Create a distribution group and configure the Mail Flow Settings.
- B. Create a dynamic distribution group.
- C. Create a new role group.
- D. Create a distribution group and configure the Membership Approval settings.

Answer: C

Explanation: The member of the role group can all do administrative tasks. When you create a role group you can select between the following three roles:

- ▶ Application Impersonation
- ▶ Distribution Groups
- ▶ Mail Recipients. References:

<https://blogs.perficient.com/microsoft/2015/04/office-365-allowing-users-to-edit-exchange-groups-they-manage>

NEW QUESTION 28

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. The company has Office 365 Enterprise E3 licenses for each of its 250 employees. The company does not allow email or Skype for Business Online licenses to be assigned to external contractors.

User1 is an external contractor who requires access to SharePoint and Office Web Apps only. You need to add a license for User1's account.

What should you do? To answer, drag the appropriate action to the correct location or locations. Each action may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

Answer Area	
Step	Action
1.	Sign in to the Office 365 admin center.
2.	
3.	Add an Office Web App with SharePoint (Plan 1) plan.
4.	
5.	Assign licenses to User1.

Select the purchase services option.

Select the licensing option.

Select the users and groups option.

Enable External Users in SharePoint.

Add an Office 365 Enterprise E3 license for User1.

Answer:

Explanation:

Step	Action
1.	Sign in to the Office 365 admin center.
2.	Select the purchase services option.
3.	Add an Office Web App with SharePoint (Plan 1) plan.
4.	Select the users and groups option.
5.	Assign licenses to User1.

NEW QUESTION 30

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. The company uses Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS) to provide single sign-on to cloud-based services. You enable multi-factor authentication.

Users must NOT be required to use multi-factor authentication when they sign in from the company's main office location. However, users must be required to verify their identity with a password and token when they access resources from remote locations.

You need to configure the environment. What should you do?

- A. Disable AD FS multi-factor authentication.
- B. Configure an IP blacklist for the main office location.
- C. Disable the AD FS proxy.
- D. Configure an IP whitelist for the main office location.

Answer: D

Explanation: With ADFS you now get the option to whitelist an IP for multi-factor authentication (MFA).

For example, if you enable multi-factor authentication. Users must NOT be required to use multi-factor authentication when they sign in from the company's main office location. However, users must be required to verify their identity with a password and token when they access resources from remote locations.

References:

<https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/azure/dn807156.aspx>

NEW QUESTION 33

Fabrikam Inc. plans to use the domain fabrikam.com for Office 365 user identities, email addresses, Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) addresses, and a public-facing home page.

Single sign-on (SSO) between Office 365 and the on-premises Active Directory is NOT required. You need to configure the Office 365 plan.

Which four Windows PowerShell cmdlets should you run in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.



Answer:

Explanation: Box1. First we need to add the domain.

The New-MsolDomain cmdlet is used to create a new domain object. This cmdlet can be used to create a domain with managed or federated identities.

Box2. Next we need to check the DNS before the domain can be confirmed.

The Get-MsolDomainVerificationDns cmdlet is used to return the DNS records that need to be set to verify a domain.

Box3. Now we can confirm the domain.

The Confirm-MsolDomain cmdlet is used to confirm ownership of a domain. In order to confirm ownership, a custom TXT or MX DNS record must be added for the domain. The domain must first be added using the New-MsolDomain cmdlet (step 1), and then the Get-MsolDomainVerificationDNS cmdlet (step 2) should be called to retrieve the details of the DNS record that must be set.

Box4. Next we can set fabrikam.com as the default domain.

The Set-MsolDomain cmdlet is used to update settings for a domain. This cmdlet can be used to change the default domain setting for the company.

NEW QUESTION 36

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. A user named User1 from a partner organization is permitted to sign in and use the Office 365 services. User1 reports that the password expires in ten days. You must set the password to never expire. Changes must NOT impact any other accounts. You need to update the password policy for the user. Which Windows PowerShell cmdlet should you run?

- A. Set-MsolPasswordPolicy
- B. Set-MsolPartnerInformation
- C. Set-MsolUser
- D. Set-MsolUserPassword

Answer: C

Explanation: The Set-MsolUser cmdlet is used to update a user object. The parameter -PasswordNeverExpires <Boolean> Sets whether or not the user's password will expire periodically.

So the command Set-MsolUser -PasswordNeverExpires \$true would make the appropriate configuration.

NEW QUESTION 37

A company uses Office 365 services. You implement the Windows Azure Active Directory Sync tool in the local environment. An employee moves to a new department. All Office 365 services must display the new department information for the employee. You need to update the employee's user account. Where should you change the value of the department attribute for the employee?

- A. The Active Directory management page in the Windows Azure Management Portal
- B. The Users and groups page in the Office 365 admin center
- C. The on-premises Active Directory
- D. The Metaverse Designer

Answer: C

Explanation: The Active Directory Synchronization allows you to sync your Active Directory Objects such as users and groups to your Office 365 account. This is a one-way synchronization, which means you continue to manage users On-Premises, and your changes will appear on Office 365 SharePoint. So if you want to

change the user information of employee you must use the On-Premises Active Directory.

NEW QUESTION 42

Litware Inc. has an Office 365 Enterprise E1 plan. Employees have access to all Office 365 services. Employees in the human resources (HR) department must continue to use the on-premises SharePoint 2013 deployment due to legal requirements.

You need to disable access to SharePoint Online for all HR department employees.

How should you complete the relevant Windows PowerShell commands? To answer, drag the appropriate Windows PowerShell segment to the correct location or locations in the answer area. Each Windows PowerShell segment may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 2px;">-MsolUser</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 2px;">-MsolUserRole</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 2px;">-MSOnline</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 2px;">-MsolService</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 2px;">-MsolSubscription</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 2px;">-MsolUserLicense</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 2px;">-MsolLicenseOptions</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 2px;">SHAREPOINTWAC</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">SHAREPOINTSTANDARD</div>	<pre> Import-Module MSOnline \$cred = Get-Credential Connect-MsolService -cred \$cred \$license = New <input type="text"/> -AccountSkuId "litware:STANDARDPACK" -DisabledPlans <input type="text"/> Get <input type="text"/> -All -Department "HR" Set <input type="text"/> -LicenseOptions \$license </pre>
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Answer:

Explanation: Box 1: -MsolLicenseOptions

We must create license object. The New-MsolLicenseOptions cmdlet creates a new License Options object. Box 2: SHAREPOINTSTANDARD

We must disable SharePoint Online. SharePoint Online is denoted by SHAREPOINTSTANDARD.

The New-MsolLicenseOptions-DisabledPlans <string[]> produces a list of service plans to disable when assigning this license to the user.

Box 3: We get all HR department users through the Get -MsolUser -All -Department "HR" command. The Get-MsolUser cmdlet can be used to retrieve an individual user, or list of users.

Box 4: For these retrieved users we use the Set-MsolUserLicense command to apply the license we constructed.

The Set-MsolUserLicense cmdlet can be used to adjust the licenses for a user.

NEW QUESTION 44

An organization plans to deploy an Office 365 tenant. The company has two servers named SERVER1 and SERVER2. SERVER1 is a member server of the Active Directory forest that you are synchronizing. SERVER2 is a standalone server. Both servers run Windows Server 2012.

You need to use the Azure Active Directory Connect to provision users

Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;">Install and run the Azure AD Connect on SERVER2.</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;">From the Office 365 admin center, activate directory synchronization.</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;">Install and run the Azure AD Connect on SERVER1.</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;">Activate all synchronized users.</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">Install Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) on the member server.</div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">Answer Area</div>
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Answer:

Explanation:

You must activate directory synchronization before you install the Directory Sync tool.

The Directory Sync tool must be installed on a computer that is joined to the Active Directory forest that you plan to synchronize. As SERVER2 is a standalone server, it is not joined to the Active Directory forest and cannot be used for synchronization.

Finally, assign license to activate services for the synchronized users.

NEW QUESTION 48

An organization purchases an Office 365 plan for 10,000 user accounts. You have a domain controller that runs Windows Server 2008 R2. The forest functional level is set to Windows Server 2000.

The organization must be able to synchronize user attributes from the on-premises Active Directory Domain Services environment to Office 365.

You need to prepare to install the Azure AD Connect

Which two actions should you perform? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- A. Upgrade the domain controller to Windows Server 2012.
- B. Install Microsoft .NET Framework 3.5SP1 and Microsoft .NET Framework 4.0.
- C. Install Windows Server 2012 Standard edition.
- D. Raise the forest functional level to Windows Server 2008 R2.
- E. Join a workstation to an Active Directory domain.

Answer: BD

Explanation: B: The directory synchronization computer must run the Microsoft .NET Framework 3.5 SP1 and the Microsoft .NET Framework 4.0 or higher.

D: The minimum forest functional level requirement for Office 356 is Windows Server 2003. We must therefore raise the forest functional level.

NEW QUESTION 50

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. The environment must support single sign-on.

You need to install the required certificates.

Which two certificates should you install? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- A. Secure Sockets Layer (SSL)
- B. Privacy-enhanced mail (PEM)
- C. Token signing
- D. Personal
- E. Software publisher

Answer: AC

Explanation: Certificates are used to secure communications between federation servers, Web Application Proxies, federation server proxies, the cloud service, and web clients.

A: A Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) certificate is used to secure communications between federation servers, clients, Web Application Proxy, and federation server proxy computers.

C: A Token-signing certificate is a standard X.509 certificate that is used to securely sign all tokens that the federation server issues and that the cloud service will accept and validate.

NEW QUESTION 53

An organization has over 10,000 users and uses a SQL-based Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS) 2.1 server farm.

You need to change the AD FS 2.0 service account password.

What should you do? Select the correct answer from each list in the answer area.

Step	Action
1.	Log on to each <input type="text"/>
2.	Modify the application pool identity by using the <input type="text"/>
3.	Modify the AD FS Windows Service Properties by using the <input type="text"/>

Step	Action
1.	Log on to each <div> <div></div> <div> directory sync server federation proxy server federation server workstation </div> </div>
2.	Modify the application pool identity by using the <div> <div></div> <div> AD FS management Internet Information Services (IIS) manager local security policy task scheduler </div> </div>
3.	Modify the AD FS Windows Service Properties by using the <div> <div></div> <div> Office 365 admin center System Configuration Windows Services MMC snap-in </div> </div>

Answer:

Explanation: We must update the domain password for the AD FS 2.0 service account in Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) and then update the AD FS AppPool and the AD FS service account on all federation servers in the federation server farm to mirror the new domain password. The AD FS AppPool is configured through Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager. The AD FS 2.0 Windows Service Properties is configured through the Windows Services snap-in. References: <https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh344806%28v=ws.10%29.aspx>

NEW QUESTION 56

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. You must configure a trust between the on-premises Active Directory domain and the Office 365 environment by using Active Directory Federation Services. You need to assign the correct certificate to the description of your on-premises server environment below. Which certificate types should you assign? To answer, drag the appropriate certificate type to the correct test description. Each certificate type may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

Answer Area	
Description	Certificate Type
Secures the communication between federation servers, clients, and federation server proxy computers.	<div></div>
Securely signs all tokens that the federation server issues for the cloud-based services.	<div></div>

Client

Domain

SSL

X.509

Answer:

Explanation: Certificates are used to secure communications between federation servers, Web Application Proxies, federation server proxies, the cloud service, and web clients. A Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) certificate is used to secure communications between federation servers, clients, Web Application Proxy, and federation server proxy computers. A Token-signing certificate is a standard X.509 certificate that is used to securely sign all tokens that the federation server issues and that the cloud service will accept and validate. References: <https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dn151311.aspx> <http://blogs.technet.com/b/adfs/archive/2007/07/23/adfs-certificates-ssl-token-signing-and-client-authentication->

NEW QUESTION 61

A company deploys an Office 365 tenant.

You need to configure single sign-on (SSO) for all user accounts.

Which two actions should you perform? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- A. Run the Windows PowerShell cmdlet Convert-MsolDomainToStandard.
- B. Run the Windows PowerShell cmdlet Enable-ADFSEndpoint.
- C. Run the Windows PowerShell cmdlet Convert-MsolDomainToFederated.
- D. Deploy a federation server proxy.
- E. Run the Windows PowerShell cmdlet New-ADFSOrganization.
- F. Deploy a federation server farm.

Answer: CF

Explanation: C: The Convert-MSOLDomainToFederated cmdlet converts the specified domain from standard authentication to single sign-on (SSO).

F: Single sign-on (SSO) requires Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS) which can be installed as a federation farm.

References:

<http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dn194092.aspx>

NEW QUESTION 62

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. You have a server that runs Windows Server 2012. You plan to install an Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS) proxy server.

You need to install and configure all of the required roles.

Which two roles should you install and configure? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- A. Web Server (IIS)
- B. AD FS
- C. Application Server
- D. Network Policy and Access Service
- E. Active Directory Certificate Services (AD CS)
- F. Remote Access

Answer: AB

Explanation: The Active Directory Federation Services role and the Web Server Role (IIS) role are required for setting up an AD FS proxy server.

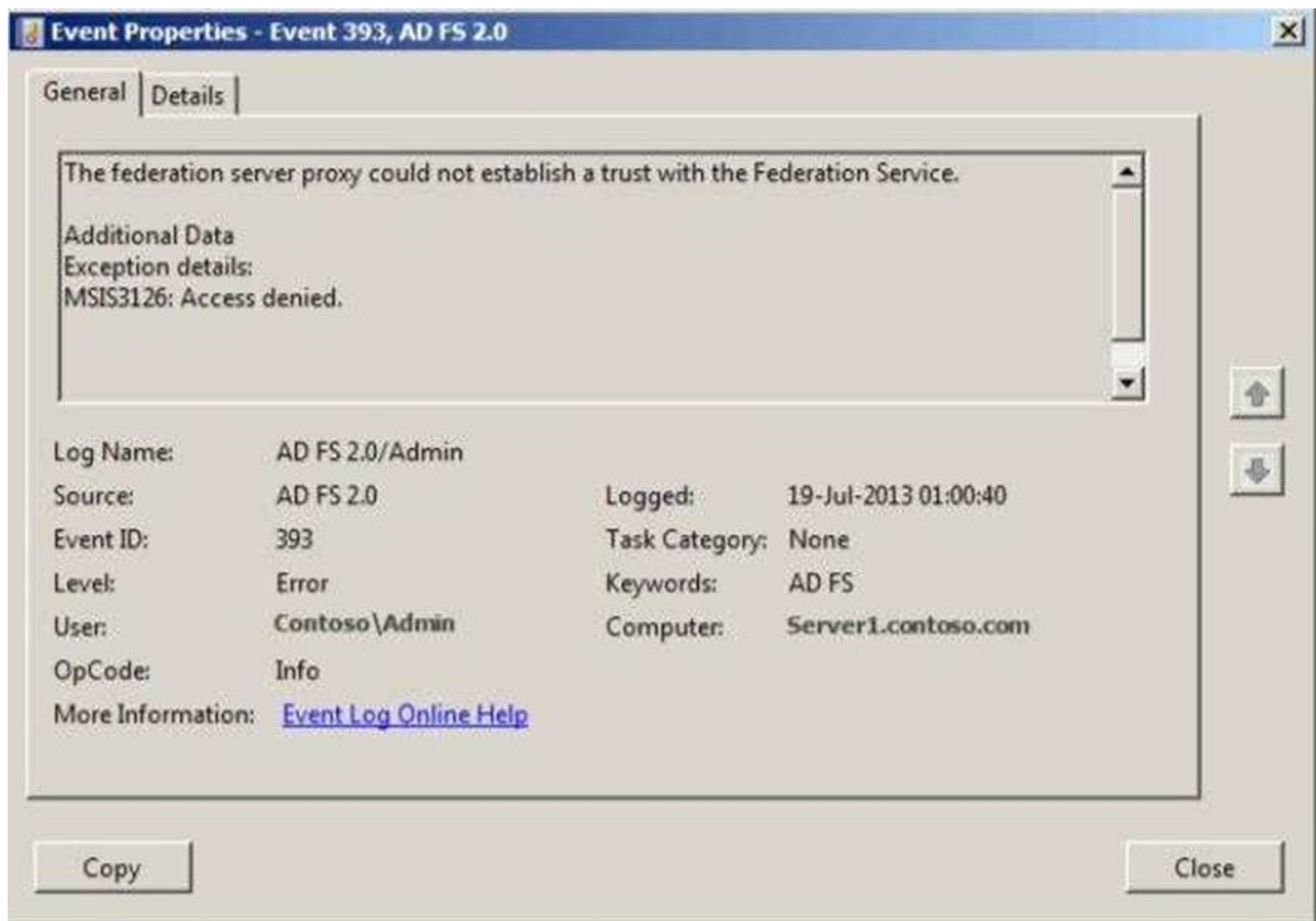
References:

<http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dd807096.aspx> <https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dd807080.aspx> <https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/network/bb545879.aspx> <https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc754521%28v=ws.10%29.aspx>
<https://mshiyas.wordpress.com/howto-adfs-adfs-proxy-on-windows-server-2012-r2-with-office-365/>

NEW QUESTION 66

An organization implements single sign-on (SSO) for use with Office 365 services. You install an Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS) proxy server.

Users report that they are unable to authenticate. You launch the Event Viewer and view the event information shown in the following screen shot:



You need to ensure that users can authenticate to Office 365. What should you do?

- A. Re-enter the credentials used to establish the trust.
- B. Verify the federation server proxy is trusted by the federation service.
- C. Re-install the Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) certificate for the federation service.
- D. Verify network connectivity between the Federation Service Proxy and federation server.

Answer: A

Explanation: The exhibit indicates that the federation server proxy could not establish a trust with the Federation Service. Possible causes for this problem are:

- ▶ The credentials that are used to establish the trust between the federation server proxy and the Federation Service are not valid, or the Federation Service cannot be reached.
- ▶ The federation server proxy trust was revoked.
- ▶ The federation server proxy has been inactive for a long period of time (such as 30 days or more).

Possible solutions are:

- ▶ Ensure that the credentials that are being used to establish a trust between the federation server proxy and the Federation Service are valid, and that the Federation Service can be reached.
- ▶ Run the AD FS 2.0 Proxy Configuration Wizard again to renew trust with the Federation Service.

NEW QUESTION 67

An organization with an Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) domain migrates to Office 365. You need to manage Office 365 from a domain-joined Windows Server 2012 Core server.

Which three components should you install? Each answer presents part of the solution.

- A. Azure Active Directory module for Windows PowerShell
- B. Microsoft .NET Framework 3.5
- C. Microsoft Office 365 Integration Module for Windows Small Business Server 2011 Essentials
- D. Microsoft .NET Framework 4.0
- E. Microsoft Online Services Sign-in Assistant
- F. Rights Management module for Windows PowerShell

Answer: ABE

Explanation: You can use Windows PowerShell to administer Office 365 and Azure Active Directory. However, the default installation of Windows PowerShell on Windows Server 2012 (or any other version of Windows) does not include the PowerShell cmdlets required to manage Office 365 or Azure Active Directory. You need to install the PowerShell module that includes the necessary cmdlets for managing Azure Active Directory. This module is the Windows Azure Active Directory Module for Windows PowerShell module. This module also requires that Microsoft .NET Framework 3.5 is installed and enabled. Before the Windows Azure Active Directory Module for Windows PowerShell, can be installed, the Microsoft Online Services Sign-in Assistant must be installed. This will allow you to connect to your Office 365/Azure subscription from a PowerShell session on a remote computer.

NEW QUESTION 71

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. You configure new user accounts for User1 and User2. User1 has an on-premises mailbox. User2 has an Office 365 mailbox.

Each user must be able to view the availability of the other user.

You need to ascertain whether users can share their free/busy information. What should you use?

- A. Transport Reliability IP Probe (TRIPP Tool)
- B. Microsoft Remote Connectivity Analyzer Tool
- C. Business Connectivity Services
- D. Windows Azure Active Directory Rights Management

Answer: B

Explanation: Microsoft Remote Connectivity Analyzer is a website offered by Microsoft for testing remote connectivity to server services such as Exchange Server, Skype for Business Server and Office 365. In this question, we need to run the Free/Busy test in the Microsoft Remote Connectivity Analyzer website. The Office 365 tab on the Remote Connectivity Analyzer has several options for performing different tests regarding Office 365 connectivity. These tests include:

- ▶ Office 365 General Tests
- ▶ Microsoft Exchange ActiveSync Connectivity Tests
- ▶ Microsoft Exchange Web Services Connectivity Tests
- ▶ Microsoft Office Outlook Connectivity Tests
- ▶ Internet Email Tests
- ▶ Mail Flow Configuration
- ▶ Free/Busy Test

The description given for the Free/Busy test is as follows:

“This test verifies that an Office 365 mailbox can access the free/busy information of an on-premises mailbox, and vice versa (one direction per test run).”

NEW QUESTION 76

You are the Exchange Online administrator for an organization. The organization migrates all users to Exchange Online. An employee works for a partner organization named Contoso, Ltd. The employee uses the email alias employeeel@contoso.com.

Users report that over the past week, they have not received email messages from employeeel@contoso.com. You need to trace email messages that originate from employeeel@contoso.com to users inside your organization.

In the message trace window, which two settings should you configure? To answer, select the appropriate objects in the answer area.

Search for email messages from or to a user or users. You can specify user names or fully qualified email addresses. Wildcards are supported.

Sender:	<input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="add users..."/>
Recipient:	<input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="add users..."/>
Message was sent or received:		
<input type="text" value="Last 48 hours"/> <input type="button" value="v"/>		
Delivery status:		
<input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="v"/>		
Message ID:		
<input type="text"/>		

Answer:

Explanation: None of the fields in the Message Tracking window are compulsory.

In this question, the users have not received emails from employeeel@contoso.com for the last week. To view tracking information for emails from employeeel@contoso.com for the last week, we need to add employeeel@contoso.com as a sender. For a sender outside the organization, you can manually type in the email address.

The default search period is 48 hours. To view one week's worth of tracking data, we need to change the search period to 7 days.

NEW QUESTION 79

A company deploys an Office 365 tenant in a hybrid configuration with Exchange Server 2016.

Office 365 users cannot see free/busy information that is published from the on-premises Exchange Server. In addition, Exchange Server users cannot see free/busy information that is published from Office 365.

You need to troubleshoot why users cannot access free/busy information from both Office 365 and Server 2016.

Which tool should you run?

- A. the Hybrid Configuration wizard
- B. the Remote Connectivity Analyzer with the Exchange Server tab selected
- C. the Microsoft Connectivity Analyzer Tool
- D. the Remote Connectivity Analyzer with the Office 365 tab selected

Answer: D

Explanation: Microsoft Remote Connectivity Analyzer is a website offered by Microsoft for testing remote connectivity to server services such as Exchange Server, Skype for Business Server and Office 365.

The Office 365 tab on the Remote Connectivity Analyzer has several options for performing different tests regarding Office 365 connectivity. These tests include:

- ▶ Office 365 General Tests
- ▶ Microsoft Exchange ActiveSync Connectivity Tests
- ▶ Microsoft Exchange Web Services Connectivity Tests
- ▶ Microsoft Office Outlook Connectivity Tests
- ▶ Internet Email Tests
- ▶ Mail Flow Configuration
- ▶ Free/Busy Test

The description given for the Free/Busy test is as follows:

“This test verifies that an Office365 mailbox can access the free/busy information of an on-premises mailbox, and vice versa (one direction per test run).”

NEW QUESTION 83

Your company has an Office 365 subscription. The network contains an Active Directory domain. You configure single sign-on for all users.

You need to verify that single sign-on functions for the users who access Office 365 from the Internet. What should you run?

- A. the Get-MSOLFederationProperty cmdlet
- B. the Test-OrganizationRelationship cmdlet
- C. the Microsoft Remote Connectivity Analyzer
- D. the Microsoft Exchange Server Deployment Assistant

Answer: C

Explanation: Microsoft Remote Connectivity Analyzer is a website offered by Microsoft for testing remote connectivity to server services such as Exchange Server, Skype for Business Server and Office 365.

The Office 365 tab on the Remote Connectivity Analyzer has several options for performing different tests regarding Office 365 connectivity. These tests include:

- ▶ Office 365 General Tests
- ▶ Microsoft Exchange ActiveSync Connectivity Tests
- ▶ Microsoft Exchange Web Services Connectivity Tests
- ▶ Microsoft Office Outlook Connectivity Tests
- ▶ Internet Email Tests
- ▶ Mail Flow Configuration
- ▶ Free/Busy Test

The Office 365 General Tests section includes the following tests:

- ▶ Office 365 Exchange Domain Server (DNS) Connectivity Test
- ▶ Office 365 Lync Domain Server (DNS) Connectivity Test
- ▶ Office 365 Single Sign-OnTest

The description for the Single Sign-OnTest is as follows:

“This test will validate your ability to log on to Office 365 with your on-premises credentials. It also validates some basic Active Directory Federated Services (AD FS) configuration.”

This test will meet the requirement in this question of verifying that single sign-on functions for the users who access Office 365 from the Internet.

NEW QUESTION 87

You need to gather the required report information for your email users. What should you do?

- A. In the Security & Compliance admin center, use the Top Mail Senders report.
- B. In the Exchange admin center, use the spam filter.
- C. In the Office 365 Admin center, use the Email Activity Usage report
- D. In the Office 365 Admin center, use the Top Rule Matches for Mail report.
- E. In the Security & Compliance admin center, use the Spam Detections report

Answer: A

Explanation: References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/office365/securitycompliance/view-email-security-reports#top-senders-and-rec>

NEW QUESTION 88

You need to configure DNS for the AD FS deployment.

Which DNS entries should you use? To answer, drag the appropriate DNS entries to the correct topologies. Each entry may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

DNS entries

- Fs.fabrikam.com
- Fs.tailspintoys.com
- Fs.devfabrikam.com
- Enterpriseregistration.fabrikam.com
- Server1.fabrikam.com
- Server1.devfabrikam.com
- Server1.tailspintoys.com
- Enterpriseregistration.tailspintoys.com

Answer area

AD FS topology

- Perimeter Network Namespace
- Internal Network Namespace

DNS entry

- DNS entry
- DNS entry

Answer:

Explanation:

AD FS topology	DNS entry
Perimeter Network Namespace	Fs.devfabrikam.com
Internal Network Namespace	Enterpriseregistration.fabrikam.com

NEW QUESTION 92

You need to troubleshoot issues that Test.User1 reports. What should you do?

- A. Run the Microsoft Support and Recovery Assistant for Office 365.
- B. Repair the Office ProPlus installation.
- C. Run the hybrid environment free/busy troubleshooter.
- D. Run The Microsoft Office Configuration Analyzer Tool.

Answer: C

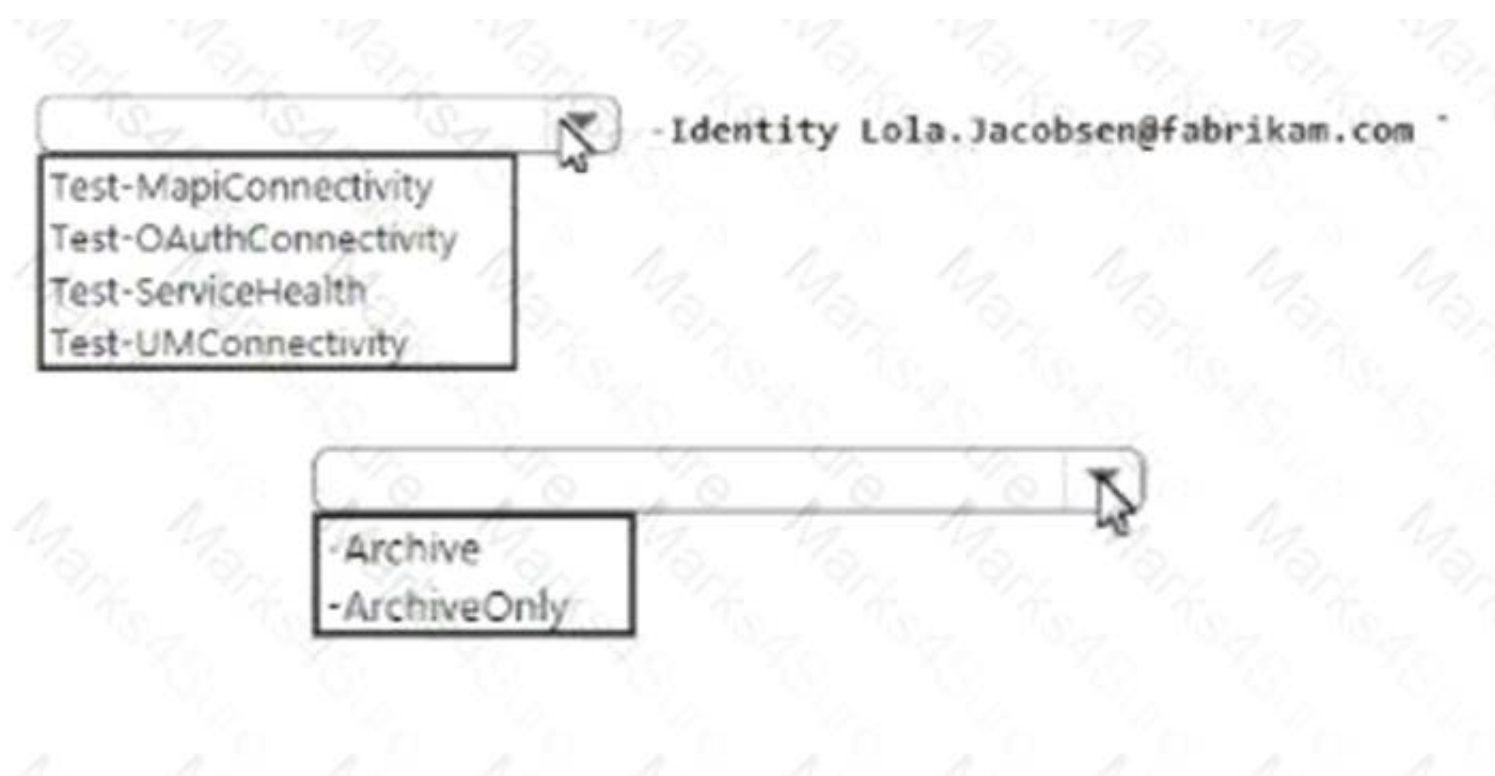
Explanation: References:

<https://support.microsoft.com/en-gb/help/10092/troubleshooting-free-busy-issues-in-exchange-hybrid-enviro>

NEW QUESTION 94

You need to troubleshoot the issues for user Lola.Jacobsen.

Which command should you run? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point



Answer:

Explanation: References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powershell/module/exchange/mailboxes/test-mapiconnectivity?view=exchange>

NEW QUESTION 96

You need to implement authentication.

Which sign-in methods should you use? To answer, drag the appropriate sign-in methods to the correct Office JGS environments. Each method may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.



Answer:

Explanation:



NEW QUESTION 101

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series holds a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You need to implement the integration between Active Directory and Office 365 for the new domain. Solution: Create a tenant for tails Pintoys.com. Perform a Custom installation of Azure AD Connect. Does the solution meet the goal?

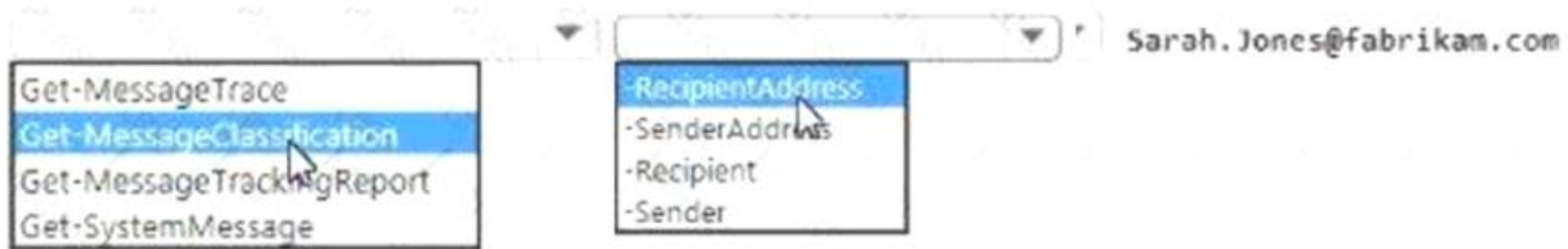
- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 102

You need to troubleshoot the issues for user Sarah.Jones.

How should you complete the command? To answer, select the appropriate options to the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point



Answer:

Explanation: References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powershell/module/exchange/mail-flow/get-messagetrace?view=exchange-ps>

NEW QUESTION 107

You need to troubleshoot the issues for user Alex.Simmons. What should you run?

- A. hybrid environment free/busy troubleshooter
- B. Microsoft Office Outlook Connectivity Tests
- C. Microsoft Office Configuration Analyzer Tool
- D. Microsoft Office 365 Client Performance Analyzer

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 112

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You need to ensure that a user named User1 can create mailboxes in Exchange Online and sites in SharePoint Online.

Solution: You add User1 to the SharePoint administrator admin role. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 116

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You need to ensure that all of the planned changes for the AD FS sign-in webpage are performed successfully. Which cmdlet should you use to perform each change? To answer, drag the appropriate cmdlets to the correct types of change. Each cmdlet may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

Cmdlets

Set-AdfsGlobalWebContent
Set-AdfsRelayingPartyWebContent
Set-AdfsWebTheme

Answer Area

Include the Fabrikam logo:

Cmdlet

Include the help desk phone number:

Cmdlet

Include the sign-in description:

Cmdlet

Answer:

Explanation: References:

[https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dn280950\(v=ws.11\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dn280950(v=ws.11).aspx)

NEW QUESTION 117

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.
You need to configure the Office 365 subscription to ensure that Active Directory users can connect to Office 365 resources by using single sign-on (SSO).
Solution: You run Convert-MsolFederatedUser for all users. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation: The Convert-MsolFederatedUser cmdlet updates a user in a domain that was recently converted from single sign-on to standard authentication type. This option will not meet the objective of the question.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powershell/module/msonline/convert-msolfederateduser?view=azureadps-1.0>

NEW QUESTION 119

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You need to configure the Office 365 subscription to ensure that Active Directory users can connect to Office 365 resources by using single sign-on (SSO).

Solution: You run Convert-MsolDomainToFederated for the contractor.fabrikam.com domain and the fabrikamfinancialservices.onmicrosoft.com domain.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation: The Contoso.com and fabrikam.com domains are being added to the Office 365 subscription, not the contractor.fabrikam.com domain. Fabrikamfinancialservices.onmicrosoft.com is the vanity domain for the Office 365 subscription.

NEW QUESTION 123

You need to configure the single sign-on environment for Contoso.

Which certificate type and DNS entry should you use? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Action

Option

Certificate to install:

	▼
trusted 3rd party SSL	
self-signed SSL	
Active Directory Certificate Services issued SSL	

DNS entry:

	▼
sts.contoso.com	
sts.fabrikam.com	
sts.contoso.onmicrosoft.com	
sts.fabrikam.onmicrosoft.com	

Answer:

Explanation: The token-signing certificate must contain a private key that chains to a trusted root in the FS. AD FS creates a self-signed certificate by default. It is recommend that the self-signed token-signing certificate generated by AD FS is used. Microsoft best practices recommends that you use the host name, STS (secure token service). ie.

sts.domain.com.

References:

<https://www.digicert.com/csr-creation-microsoft-office-365.htm>

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Plan-for-third-party-SSL-certificates-for-Office-365-b48cdf63-07e0-4cd>

NEW QUESTION 125

You need to implement the password policy for ADatum Corporation users.

How should you complete the Windows PowerShell command? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Set-MsolPasswordPolicy	-ValidityPeriod 180
Set-ADDefaultDomainPasswordPolicy	-ValidityPeriod 14
Set-ADFineGrainedPasswordPolicy	-MaxPasswordAge 180
Set-MsolUserPassword	-MaxPasswordAge 14

-NotificationDays 14	-DomainName adatum.com
-NotificationDays 180	
-PasswordHistoryCount 14	
-PasswordHistoryCount 180	

Answer:

Explanation: Set-MsolPasswordPolicy -ValidityPeriod 180 -NotificationDays 14 -DomainName adatum.com

The Set-MsolPasswordPolicy cmdlet is used to update the password policy of a specified domain or tenant. The –ValidityPeriod parameter stipulates the length of time that a password is valid before it must be changed. The –NotificationDays parameter stipulates the number of days before the password expiration date that triggers when users receive their first notification that their password will soon expire.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powershell/module/msonline/set-msolpasswordpolicy?view=azureadps-1.0>

NEW QUESTION 128

You need to create a DNS record to resolve the email issues for ADatum Corporation users.

How should you configure the DNS record? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Record type	Value
TXT	v=spf1 include:spf.protection.outlook.com -all
MX	adatum-com.mail.protection.outlook.com
CNAME	autodiscover.outlook.com
	clientconfig.microsoftonline-p.net

Answer:

Explanation: MX (mail exchanger) records offer a simple way for mail servers to know where to send email. If you want Office 365 to receive all email addressed to anyone@contoso.com, the MX record for contoso.com should point to Office 365, and it will look like the following example:

Hostname: contoso-com.mail.protection.outlook.com Priority: 0

TTL: 1 hour References:

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Create-DNS-records-at-Register365-for-Office-365-004030b4-10ad-402> [https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj937232\(v=exchg.150\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj937232(v=exchg.150).aspx)

Topic 10, Contoso, Ltd (Case Study B)

Background

You are the system administrator for a manufacturing company named Contoso, Ltd. The company has offices in Chicago, Seattle, and Dallas.

Contoso's sales department is located in Chicago. The U department is located in Seattle. The sales and IT departments use Microsoft Exchange Online, SharePoint Online, and OneDrive for Business. All employees in the sales department are in a group named Sales-Users. Employee user accounts are added and removed manually to this group as needed.

Your Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) domain is named conto50.com. The domain is synchronized with Contoso s Office 365 tenant using Microsoft Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) Connect.

Contoso purchases a toy manufacturer named Tailspin Toys. All employees are located in Dallas.

Tailspin Toys has an on-premises Exchange Server 2016 for all email in the tailspintoys.com domain. There are plans to migrate the users to Exchange Online.

Business Requirements

Email Security: You need to ensure email security meets the following requirements

- Sales users can easily Identify email messages as internal only.
- Sensitive emails can not be forwarded externally.
- Sensitive emails can not be sent to external recipients

Licenses: You need to be able to identify which Tailspin Toys users are licensed.

Support Contracts: Your company does not currently have any Microsoft support contracts.

Skype for Business pilot: You have recently purchased Skype for Business Online licenses and you plan to pilot the service with IT users. You also want to start

utilizing dynamic groups for licensing You have a dynamic group called FS-Users that contains all users in The FT department.

Technical Requirements:

Single Sign-On (SSO): You have the following requirements for SSO:

- Ensure that users receive a phone call or text message as a second form of authentication when accessing Office 365 or on-premises resources.
- "he domain for federation must be fs.contoso.com.
- "he solution must support extranet users.
- "he solution must use Windows Integrated Authentication. » The solution must support device registration.
- The solution must be highly availability.
- The solution must be secured as much as possible.

Servers: You deploy Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS) and Web Application Proxy (WAP) services using Windows Server 2016. You deploy System Center Configuration Manager (SCCM) and System Center

Operations Manager (SCOM) in the contoso.com domain.

Monitoring: You need to be able to monitor and identify issues in the Office 365 environment.

Pilot: You plan to use a group of 25 Tailspin Toys users to test the functionality of Exchange Online. If the pilot is successful, you must migrate all other users to Exchange Online.

Tailspin Toys users must meet the following requirements:

- Must not exist in an on-premises Active Directory.
- The usernames must be unique.
- Display names can be unique.
- The tenants for tailspintoys.com and contoso.com must be separate.
- Passwords must expire after 365 days.
- Must receive a notification 14 days before passwords expire.

Issues: User1 is one of the pilot users for Tailspin toys. User1 reports that Outlook prompts them to enter credentials. You confirm that the employee is using the correct password. You run the Microsoft Support and Recovery Assistant for Office 365. The tool does not identify any issues.

NEW QUESTION 133

You need to monitor the tailspintoys.com user accounts. What should you do?

- A. Access the Service health dashboard on the Office 365 admin center.
- B. Access the SCOM console.
- C. Run the following Windows PowerShell cmdlet; Get-ServiceDeliveryReport
- D. Access the RSS feed for Office 365 service health.
- E. Run the following Windows PowerShell cmdlet: Get-HistoricalSearch

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 136

You need to resolve the issue for User1. What should you do?

- A. Open a service request in the Office 365 admin center.
- B. Create a new ticket with Microsoft Premier Support.
- C. Reset the account password for the user.
- D. Run the Office 365 Client Performance Analyzer.

Answer: D

Explanation: Topic 11, Mix Questions

Topic 11, Mix Questions

NEW QUESTION 141

A company has an Office 365 tenant.

You must reset the password for an account named User1.

You need to ensure that the new password for the account meets complexity rules. Which two passwords can you use? Each correct answer presents a complete solution.

- A. Summer2015
- B. May2015
- C. User1User1
- D. summer2015
- E. May 2015
- F. summer!@#&
- G. M1crosoft

Answer: AG

Explanation: If the user is set to require a strong password, then all of the following rules must be met:

- ▶ The password must contain at least one lowercase letter.
- ▶ The password must contain at least one uppercase letter.
- ▶ The password must contain at least one non-alphanumeric character.
- ▶ The password cannot contain any spaces, tabs, or line breaks.
- ▶ The length of the password must be 8-16 characters.
- ▶ The user name cannot be contained in the password.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/active-directory-passwords-policy>

NEW QUESTION 146

Your company purchases an Office 365 plan. The company has an Active Directory Domain Services domain. User1 must be able to manage Office 365 delegation for the company.

You need to ensure that User1 can assign administrative roles to other users. What should you do?

- A. Create an Office 365 tenant and assign User1 the service administrator role.
- B. Use an existing user management administrator account to assign a role with the correct permissions to User1.
- C. Create an Office 365 tenant and assign User1 the global administrator role.
- D. Create an Office 365 tenant and assign User1 the user management administrator role.

Answer: D

Explanation: D: The Global Administrator account is similar to the Company administrator. Users in this role have access to everything or the permission to add them to a dedicated role where they do not have permission (such as discovery management and assigning administrative roles to other users).

NEW QUESTION 148

Your company uses Office 365 and has an Enterprise E3 plan. The company has a Microsoft SharePoint Online public website that is currently configured to use the onmicrosoft.com domain name.

The company purchases a new domain name.

You need to change the address of the SharePoint Online public website to the new domain name. What should you do first?

- A. In the SharePoint Online Administration Center, add the new domain.
- B. In the Office 365 admin center, add the new domain.
- C. Create a new site collection and assign it the new domain.
- D. Create a new public website and assign it to the new domain.

Answer: B

Explanation: If you go to the SharePoint Online Administration Center and click the "Add Domain" button it takes you to the same location as if you would have clicked the "Domains" -> "Add domain" option from the Office 365 admin center.

So either A or B is technically correct, but if I had to choose one of the two I would select B. References:

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Rename-your-SharePoint-Online-Public-Website-address-to-use-your-cus-AF4D-F025B3825ED3>

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Rename-your-SharePoint-Online-Public-Website-address-to-use-your-cus-a1cc-c6bda0a99986?ui=en-US&rs=enUS&ad=US>

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Verify-your-domain-in-Office-365-6383f56d3d09-4dcb-9b41-b5f5a5efd>

NEW QUESTION 150

You have an Office 365 tenant that uses an Enterprise E3 subscription. You have two servers in a perimeter network that have the Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS) proxy role service installed. A federation server farm is located behind a firewall.

You need to ensure that the AD FS proxies can communicate with the federation server farm.

Which two name resolution strategies can you use? Each correct answer presents a complete solution.


- A. HOSTS file on the proxy servers
- B. DNS server in the perimeter network
- C. LMHOSTS file on the proxy servers
- D. LMHOSTS file on the federation servers
- E. HOSTS file on the federation servers


Answer: AB

Explanation: Configure Name Resolution for a Federation Server Proxy in a DNS Zone That Serves Only the PerimeterNetwork

So that name resolution can work successfully for a federation server in an Active Directory Federation

Services (AD FS) scenario in which one or more Domain Name System (DNS) zones serve only the perimeter network, the following tasks must be completed:

 The hosts file on the federation server proxy must be updated to add the IP address of a federation server.

 DNS in the perimeter network must be configured to resolve all client requests for the AD FS host name to the federation server proxy. To do this, you add a host (A) resource record to perimeter DNS for the federation server proxy.

References:

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dd807045.aspx>

NEW QUESTION 154

You have an Office 365 subscription and an on-premises deployment of Active Directory. You deploy Microsoft Azure AD Connect.

Currently, the synchronization process is running. You need to modify the synchronization schedule.

Which task should you perform first?

- A. Enable staging mode.
- B. Invoke an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) sync cycle profile.
- C. Create an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) sync connector.
- D. Start the Azure AD Connect installation wizard.

Answer: C

Explanation: The sync engine processes identity information from different data repositories, such as Active Directory or a SQL Server database. The sync engine encapsulates interaction with a connected data source within a module called a Connector. Each type of connected data source has a specific Connector. The

Connector translates a required operation into the format that the connected data source understands.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/connect/active-directory-aadconnectsync-understanding->

NEW QUESTION 158

A company has offices in New York and London. The current on-premises Exchange 2013 organization has servers in both sites. Mailboxes for users located in New York are on an Exchange server in the New York office. Mailboxes for users located in London are on an Exchange server in the London office.

You must migrate all mailboxes to Exchange Online. You create an Office 365 tenant and specify the company's New York address.

You need to determine where the user's mailboxes will be created. Where are the mailboxes created in Exchange Online?

- A. Mailboxes for users in London are created in European datacenter
- B. Mailboxes for users in New York are created in North American datacenters.
- C. All user mailboxes are created in North American datacenters.
- D. All user mailboxes are created in a random datacenter anywhere in the world.
- E. During the migration process, an administrator must specify the region where each mailbox is created.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 163

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your network contains a single Active Directory forest. The forest contains a domain controller and Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS) servers that are deployed to virtual machines. The virtual machines run either on-premises or on Microsoft Azure.

You have Azure AD Connect deployed on-premises. The Azure AD Connect database is installed on an on-premises instance of Microsoft SQL Server 2014.

Last month, an Azure AD Connect server experienced a hardware failure that caused an Azure AD Connect server to go offline for several days.

You need to recommend a solution to reduce the outage window when hardware failure occurs on the Azure AD Connect server.




Solution: You deploy a new Azure AD Connect server to an Azure virtual machine that uses a new SQL Server instance. You set the Azure AD Connect server to staging mode.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A

Explanation: Azure AD Connect sync Staging mode can be used for several scenarios, including:

-  High availability.
-  Test and deploy new configuration changes.
-  Introduce a new server and decommission the old.

If you have a more complex environment, then having one or more standby servers is recommended. During installation, you can enable a server to be in staging mode.

Use virtual machines

A common and supported method is to run the sync engine in a virtual machine. In case the host has an issue, the image with the sync engine server can be migrated to another server.

References:

<https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/documentation/articles/active-directory-aadconnectsync-operations/>

NEW QUESTION 165

You are the system administrator for a small business. You manage on-premises file shares. You need to migrate the file shares to Microsoft SharePoint Online document libraries.

Which actions should you perform? To answer, select the appropriate action in the dialog box in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area	
Pilot steps	Pilot action
Step 1	<div>▼</div>
	Purchase Office 365 ProPlus licenses.
	Purchase Office 365 Personal licenses.
	Purchase Office 365 Home licenses.
Step 2	<div>▼</div>
	Engage with the Microsoft FastTrack team.
	Use Data Migration in the Office 365 Admin center.
	Use the Hybrid Picker in the SharePoint Admin center.
	Use the SharePoint Online Deployment Advisor.

Answer:

Explanation: You can use Office 365 ProPlus with supported versions of Exchange Server or SharePoint Server that are installed on-premises in your organization. Or, if they're part of your Office 365 plan, you can use Office 365 ProPlus with Exchange Online and SharePoint Online.

Users can store the files they create with Office 365 ProPlus on their local computers or elsewhere on your network, such as a SharePoint site. Office 365 also provides cloud-based file storage options.

FastTrack Specialists provide guidance on steps for data migration to Office 365. We provide guidance for you by using a combination of tools and documentation and by performing configuration tasks where applicable and feasible. This is available for all eligible customers with Office 365 services for Exchange Online, OneDrive for Business, and SharePoint Online.

References:

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/About-Office-365-ProPlus-in-the-enterprise-9f11214c-911d-4e3c-9993-a> <https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/mt651702.aspx>

NEW QUESTION 168

You work for a company named Contoso Ltd. The company deploys Office 365. Only cloud-based identities are used to access Office 365 resources. Users must be able to log in Office 365 after create new accounts. You need to reset passwords for all company employees.

What should you do? To answer, select the appropriate Windows PowerShell segment in the dialog box in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

```
Import-Module MSOnline
$Cred = Get-Credential
$Pass = "!Summer2020"
```

▼

Connect-MsolService

Connect-PSSession

Select-AzureSubscription

-Credential \$Cred

▼

Get-MsolUser

Get-ADUser

▼

Set-MsolUserPassword

Set-MsolUser

Set-ADAccountPassword

Set-ADUser

-NewPassword \$Pass

Answer:

Explanation: The Connect-MsolService cmdlet attempts to initiate a connection to Azure Active Directory. Running the Get-MsolUser cmdlet without parameters retrieves all users in the company.

The Set-MsolUserPassword cmdlet resets the password for a user. References:

<https://www.lewan.com/blog/2012/01/10/microsoft-office-365-how-to-reset-all-user-passwords> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powershell/module/msonline/connect-msolservice?view=azureadps-1.0>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powershell/module/msonline/get-msoluser?view=azureadps-1.0> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powershell/module/msonline/set-msoluserpassword?view=azureadps-1.0>

NEW QUESTION 172

You have a legacy application that needs to send email to employees.

The legacy application runs on a client computer that must send email by using SMTP through Exchange Online.

You need to identify the correct host name and port information. Which settings should you use?

- A. Outlook.office365.com and port 25
- B. Outlook.office365.com and port 587
- C. Smtp.office365.com and port 587
- D. Smtp.office365.com and port 25

Answer: D

Explanation: The legacy applications would use port 25 for smtp. The host name should be Smtp.office365.com.

NEW QUESTION 174

You have an Office 365 subscription.

The Office 365 organization contains 500 users.

You need to identify the following users in the organization:

- ▶ users who have Litigation Hold enabled
- ▶ users who receive the most spam email messages
- ▶ users who have mailboxes that were accesses by an administrator

Which type of report should you review to identify each type of user? To answer, drag the appropriate reports to the correct types of users. Each report may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

Reports

- Auditing
- Protection
- Rules
- Usage



Answer Area

Users who receive the most spam email messages:

Report

Users who have Litigation Hold enabled:

Report

Users who have mailboxes that were accessed by an administrator:

Report

Answer:

Explanation: The Azure AD Connect server must have .NET Framework 4.5.1 or later and Microsoft PowerShell 3.0 or later installed. Azure AD Connect requires a SQL Server database to store identity data. SQL Server Express has a 10 GB size limit that enables you to manage approximately 100,000 objects.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/connect/active-directory-aadconnect-prerequisites>

NEW QUESTION 176

Your company has a hybrid deployment of Office 365.

You need to set the authentication method of the federation servers to forms-based authentication. What should you do?

- A. Modify the Web.config file in the %systemroot%\inetpub\adfs\ls directory.
- B. Modify the Global.asax file in the %systemroot%\inetpub\adfs\ls directory.
- C. From the AD FS 2.0 Management console, add a relaying party trust.
- D. From the AD FS 2.0 Management console, add a claims provider trust.

Answer: A

Explanation: References:

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/xd4thhy.aspx>

NEW QUESTION 178

You are the Office 365 administrator for a company.

You hire a third-party company to provide Office 365 support.

You need to ensure that the third-party company can access the following data:

- ▶ current status for each service
- ▶ historical data for service health
- ▶ outage message and other Office 365 communications for the tenant
- ▶ programmatic access to the service health data

What should you do?

- A. Connect to the Office 365 Security and Compliance Center by using Windows PowerShell commands.
- B. Grant the third-party company access to the Office 365 Service Communications API.
- C. Add the users from the third-party company to the Office 365 Service administrator role.
- D. Grant the third-party company access to the Office 365 Management Activity API.

Answer: C

Explanation: The service administrator role gives a user rights to open and handle support requests with Microsoft related to Office 365 services. Service administrators have very limited permissions other than opening and reading support tickets. This role is often coupled with other administrative roles such as Exchange, SharePoint and others to let those administrators follow key details such as service health and new release notices.

References:

<http://searchexchange.techtarget.com/definition/Microsoft-Office-365-admin-roles>

NEW QUESTION 180

Your company purchases an Office 365 plan. The company has an Active Directory Domain Services domain. User1 must be able to manage Office 365 delegation for the company.

You need to ensure that User1 can assign administrative roles to other users. What should you do?

- A. Create an Office 365 tenant and assign User1 the password administrator role.
- B. Use an existing user management administrator account to assign a role with the correct permissions to User1.
- C. Create an Office 365 tenant and assign User1 the service administrator role.
- D. Create an Office 365 tenant by using the User1 account.

Answer: D

Explanation: <https://support.office.com/en-ie/article/assign-admin-roles-in-office-365-for-business-eac4d046-1afd-4f1a-85fc->

NEW QUESTION 183

Your company plans to use Office 365 and Microsoft SharePoint Online. Another employee provisions the company's Office 365 tenant. You discover that the employee can create and manage SharePoint site collections. You need to prevent the employee from creating or managing site collections. From which role should you remove the employee?

- A. Service administrator
- B. SharePoint Online administrator
- C. Global administrator
- D. Site collection administrator

Answer: C

Explanation: The person who provisions the company Office 365 tenant is the first global administrator who in turn is a SharePoint Online Administrator. As long as this person is a global administrator they will be able to create SharePoint sites. Now once the site collection is provisioned you can prevent them from managing the site itself by removing them from the Site Collection Administrator role.

By doing this if they went directly to the site they wouldn't be able to manage it, but they could always add themselves back to that role. The way the question is stated you would need to be a global administrator yourself and then remove the person who created the tenant as a global administrator.

"Add an administrator to the Site Collection Administrators list. If you are a Global Administrator or a SharePoint Online Administrator in SharePoint Online in Office 365 plans other than Office 365 Small Business, you must add your user name account to the Site Collection Administrator list on the SharePoint admin center page before you can add other site collection administrators via the Team Site. If you are a Global Administrator or SharePoint Online Administrator and you add yourself as a site collection administrator, performing this action is known as taking ownership of a site."

References: [https://support.office.com/en-](https://support.office.com/en-au/article/Manage-administrators-for-a-site-collection9a7e46f9-3fc4-4297-955a-82cb292a5be0)

[au/article/Manage-administrators-for-a-site-collection9a7e46f9-3fc4-4297-955a-82cb292a5be0](https://support.office.com/en-au/article/Manage-administrators-for-a-site-collection9a7e46f9-3fc4-4297-955a-82cb292a5be0)

<https://blogs.office.com/2015/06/11/more-control-overdata-access-with-workload-specific-admin-roles/>

NEW QUESTION 185

Your company has an Office 365 tenant. You use Microsoft Azure Directory (Azure AD) Connect to synchronize the on-premises users to your Office 365 environment. You enable password synchronization.

You must implement a single-sign-on (SSO) solution. You deploy Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS). You are connected to the AD FS primary server. You need to ensure that users can log on with their corporate credentials when they access Office 365 resources.

Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Actions

- Run the Windows PowerShell **Set-MsolService** command.
- Run the Windows PowerShell **Connect-MsolService** command.
- Open the Azure AD Module for PowerShell.
- Open PowerShell as an Administrator.
- Run the Windows PowerShell **Convert-MsolDomainToFederated** command.
- Run the Windows PowerShell **Convert-MsolDomainToStandard** command.

Answer area



Answer:

Explanation:

Actions	Answer area
Run the Windows PowerShell Set-MsolService command.	<div>Open the Azure AD Module for PowerShell.</div>
Run the Windows PowerShell Connect-MsolService command.	
Open the Azure AD Module for PowerShell.	
Open PowerShell as an Administrator.	
Run the Windows PowerShell Convert-MsolDomainToFederated command.	
Run the Windows PowerShell Convert-MsolDomainToStandard command.	
	<div>Run the Windows PowerShell Set-MsolService command.</div> <div>Run the Windows PowerShell Convert-MsolDomainToFederated command.</div>

NEW QUESTION 189

You are an Office 365 administrator for your company. You enable mailbox auditing for all user mailboxes. You receive reports that someone is accessing another user's mailbox without authorization.

You need to identify which account was used to access the mailbox in Microsoft Exchange Online. What should you run?

- A. the PowerShell cmdlet Search-AdminAuditLog
- B. the PowerShell cmdlet New-AdminAuditLogSearch
- C. the non-owners' mailbox access report
- D. the mailbox content search and hold report

Answer: C

Explanation: The Non-Owner Mailbox Access Report in the Exchange admin center (EAC) lists the mailboxes that have been accessed by persons who do not own the mailbox.

References: [https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj150575\(v=exchg.160\).aspx](https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj150575(v=exchg.160).aspx)

NEW QUESTION 194

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company.

The company has established the following new requirements:

Members of the legal team must be able to conduct eDiscovery searches.

Employees must be notified when they send email messages that contain confidential information. You need to configure the environment.

Which two actions should you perform? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- A. Configure journaling to a Microsoft Exchange Online mailbox for all mailboxes.
- B. Add the members of the legal team to the Discovery Management role group.
- C. Create a Data Loss Prevention policy.
- D. Place all executive mailboxes on In-Place Hold for 365 days and use In-Place eDiscovery for mailbox searches.
- E. Enable Microsoft Exchange Online Archiving for the executive mailboxes.
- F. Place all executive mailboxes on Retention Hold.

Answer: BC

Explanation: First requirement is "Members of the legal team must be able to conduct eDiscovery searches."

Second requirement employees must be notified when they send email messages that contain confidential information"

B: The Discovery Management role group allows administrators or USERS to perform searches of mailboxes in the Exchange Online organization.

C: Data Loss Prevention Policies can be configured with a Policy Tip to notify the sender when they are sending confidential information.

Existing or custom DLP policy templates can be used to detect the presence of confidential information.

NEW QUESTION 198

Your company has a Microsoft Exchange Server 2003 organization.

Users access their mailbox by using RPC over HTTP and Exchange ActiveSync.

You purchase an Office 365 subscription. From the Office 365 portal, you create and verify the accepted domain of the company. From the Exchange Control Panel, you attempt to migrate all of the mailboxes to Microsoft Exchange Online and you receive an error message indicating that the remote server is unavailable.

You need to identify what prevents the mailboxes from migrating.

Which tool should you use?

- A. the Microsoft Remote Connectivity Analyzer
- B. the Exchange Server Deployment Assistant
- C. the Office 365 Deployment Readiness Tool
- D. the Microsoft Online Services Directory Synchronization Configuration Wizard

Answer: A

Explanation: References:

<http://o365info.com/microsoft-remote-connectivity-analyzer-exrca-autodiscover-troubleshootingtools-part-2-of->

NEW QUESTION 202

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. The company allows external communications through Microsoft Skype for Business Online for all domains.
The call center manager reports that call center personnel are spending too much time chatting with friends and not enough time taking calls. She requests that the call center personnel be blocked from chatting with anyone external to the company by using Skype for Business Online.
They still must be able to communicate with internal users.
You need to prevent all call center personnel from communicating with external contacts by using Skype for Business Online, while still allowing other employees to communicate with external contacts.
What should you do?

- A. In the Skype for Business admin center, select all users, edit their external communications settings, and clear the Skype for Business Users check box.
- B. On the External Communications page of the Skype for Business admin center, turn off external access.
- C. In the Skype for Business admin center, remove the Skype for Business Online license from each of the call center personnel.
- D. In the Skype for Business admin center, select all call center personnel, edit their external communications settings, and clear the People on Public IM Networks check box.

Answer: D

Explanation: References: <https://theucguy.net/configuring-external-communications-in-Lync-online-wave-1>

NEW QUESTION 204

You manage an on-premises Active Directory environment. You implement an Office 365 tenant for a company. Password requirements for the environments are listed in the table below.

Environment	Password requirements
On-premises Active Directory	Passwords must be at least seven characters. Password expires after 45 days.
Office 365	Passwords must be at least nine characters. Password expires after 180 days.

You deploy Microsoft Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) Connect and configure synchronization between Office 365 and the on-premises Active Directory.
You need to determine the resulting password policies for Office 365 users.
Which password policies will take effect? To answer, drag the appropriate values to the correct policies. Each value may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Values		Answer area	
		Policy	Value
7	8	Minimum password length	Value characters
9	45	Password expiration	Value days
90	180		
0			

Answer:

Explanation: When password synchronization is enabled, the password complexity policies in your on-premises Active Directory instance override complexity policies in the cloud for synchronized users. You can use all of the valid passwords from your on-premises Active Directory instance to access Azure AD services. You can continue to sign in to your cloud services by using a synchronized password that is expired in your on-premises environment.
References:
<https://scottcroucher.com/2017/08/11/implement-password-synchronization-with-azure-ad-connect-sync/>

NEW QUESTION 206

Your company uses Microsoft Exchange Online for all mailboxes.
Users report connectivity issues when they attempt to access their mailbox by using Microsoft Outlook 2016. You need to identify the following:

- ▶ Whether port 443 is allowed between the corporate network and Office 365
- ▶ Whether the number of network hops from the corporate network to Office 365 is less than 25

Whether the network latency between the corporate network and Office 365 is less than 275 milliseconds.
Which tool should you use?

- A. Microsoft Connectivity Analyzer Tool
- B. Microsoft Office Outlook Connectivity Tests
- C. Microsoft Support and Recovery Assistant for Office 365
- D. Office 365 health, readiness, and connectivity checks

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 209

You manage an on-premises email system. You plan to migrate to Microsoft Exchange Online. You need to determine the network bandwidth requirements to use Exchange Online.
What should you use?

- A. Windows PowerShell cmdlet Get-OutboundConnectorReport
- B. Microsoft Support and Recovery Assistant for Office 365
- C. Office 365 General Tests from the Remote Connectivity Analyzer portal
- D. Windows PowerShell cmdlet Test-MailFlow

Answer: C

Explanation: References: <https://blogs.msdn.microsoft.com/vilath/2015/08/06/office-365-the-internet-bandwidth-planning/>

NEW QUESTION 212

An organization has an Office 365 tenant. You use multi-factor authentication for all privileged accounts. User1 is on an extended leave of absence. You must configure the mailbox for User1 to forward to User2. You need to configure forwarding for User1's mailbox.
What should you do first?

- A. Launch Windows PowerShell as an administrator.
- B. Launch the Exchange Admin Center.
- C. Create an app password for the administrator account.
- D. Connect to Exchange Online by using Remote PowerShell.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 216

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You manage the network for a company named Fabrikam, Inc. The network contains a single Active Directory forest named fabrikam.com.

Fabrikam has two separate organizations. Each organization has a child domain in the forest. The two child domains are named org1.fabrikam.com and org2.fabrikam.com.

The forest has the following deployed:

- Microsoft Exchange Server 2016
- Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS) 2.0

You need to synchronize each child domain to a separate Office 365 subscription.

Solution: You deploy an instance of Microsoft Azure AD Connect to org1.fabrikam.com and org2.fabrikam.com.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes.
- B. No

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 220

An organization plans to migrate to Office 365. You use Azure AD Connect.

Several users will not migrate to Office 365. You must exclude these users from synchronization. All users must continue to authenticate against the on-premises Active Directory.

You need to synchronize the remaining users.

Which three actions should you perform to ensure users excluded from migration are not synchronized? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- A. Run the Windows PowerShell command Set-MsolDirSyncEnabled -EnableDirSync \$false.
- B. Perform a full synchronization.
- C. Populate an attribute for each user account.
- D. Configure the connection filter.
- E. Disable the user accounts in Active Directory.

Answer: BCD

Explanation: D: With filtering, you can control which objects should appear in Azure AD from your on-premises directory. For example, you run a pilot for Azure or Office 365 and you only want a subset of users in Azure AD.

C: Attribute-based filtering: This option allows you to filter objects based on attribute values on the objects. You can also have different filters for different object types.

B: After you have made your configuration changes, these must be applied to the objects already present in the system. It could also be that objects not currently

in the sync engine should be processed and the sync engine needs to read the source system again to verify its content.
If you changed configuration using attribute filtering, then you need to do Full synchronization. References:
<https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/documentation/articles/active-directory-aadconnectsync-configure-filtering/>

NEW QUESTION 223

A company has an Office 365 tenant and uses Exchange Online and Skype for Business Online.
User1 is scheduling a Skype meeting with User2. User 1 is not able to see availability information for User2. You need to troubleshoot the issue.
What should you use?

- A. Microsoft Connectivity Analyzer Tool
- B. Microsoft Skype for Business Connectivity Analyzer Tool
- C. Message Header Analyzer
- D. IdFix

Answer: A

Explanation: The Microsoft Connectivity Analyzer Tool verifies that an Office 365 mailbox can access the free/busy information of an on-premises mailbox, and vice versa

References:

<https://blogs.technet.microsoft.com/exchange/2013/03/11/announcing-microsoft-connectivity-analyzer-mca-1-0->

NEW QUESTION 224

You are the system administrator for a company named Fabrikam, Inc. You implement Office 365. You need to modify settings for the Office 365 tenant. Which action can you perform?

- A. Modify the custom domain of fabrikam.com.
- B. Modify the Microsoft Teams URL
- C. Rename the fabrikam.onmicrosoft.com domain name.
- D. Remove the fabrikam.onmicrosoft.com domain name.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 228

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You need to ensure that a user named User1 can create mailboxes in Exchange Online and sites in SharePoint Online.

Solution: You add User1 to the Global administrator admin role. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A

Explanation: The Global administrator admin role has access to all administrative features in the Office 365 suite of services in your plan.

References:

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/About-Office-365-admin-roles-da585eea-f576-4f55-a1e0-87090b6aaa9d>

NEW QUESTION 233

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company.

You must use Windows PowerShell to manage cloud identities in Office 365. You must use a computer that runs Windows 10 to perform the management tasks.

You need to ensure that the Windows 10 computer has the necessary software installed. What should you install first?

- A. Windows PowerShell 4.0
- B. Azure Active Directory Rights Management Service
- C. Microsoft Online Services Sign-in Assistant
- D. Azure Identity Service

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 236

A company has an Office 365 tenant. The company uses a third-party DNS provider that does not allow TXT records.

You need to verify domain ownership. What should you do?

- A. Create an MX record.
- B. Create a CNAME record.
- C. Create an A record.
- D. Create an SRV record.

Answer: A

Explanation: Add a TXT or MX record for DNS verification. References:

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Change-nameservers-to-set-up-Office-365-with-any-domain-registrar-a8>

NEW QUESTION 241

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You are the Office 365 administrator for a company. You plan to deploy Microsoft Skype for Business Online for all employees.

You need to verify domain ownership. Solution: Add an NS record.

Does the solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 245

You have an Office 365 tenant that uses an Enterprise E1 subscription.

You need to convert the users in the tenant to an Enterprise E3 subscription. Which Windows PowerShell cmdlet should you run?

- A. Set-MsolUser
- B. Redo-MsolProvisionUser
- C. Set-MsolUserLicense
- D. Set-MsolUserPrincipalName
- E. Convert-MsolFederatedUser
- F. Set-MailUser
- G. Set-LinkedUser
- H. New-MsolUser

Answer: C

Explanation: The Set-MsolUserLicense cmdlet can be used to adjust the licenses for a user. This can include adding a new license, removing a license, updating the license options, or any combination of these actions.

Note: Switching plans manually means that you're completing the following separate procedures instead of using the switch plans wizard. The procedures are:

- ▶ Buy licenses for the subscription you're switching users to.
- ▶ Verify the subscription is ready to switch users to.
- ▶ Reassign user licenses
- ▶ Remove unneeded licenses from the subscription you're switching from.
- ▶ Cancel the original subscription (if switching all users).
- ▶ Switching only some users isn't supported by the switch

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powershell/module/msonline/set-msoluserlicense?view=azureadps-1.0>

NEW QUESTION 248

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You are the administrator for a company. You plan to use Office 365 for email and file sharing. You plan to implement a hybrid deployment with your current on-premises Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) environment and Microsoft Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) Connect.

You must deploy Microsoft Exchange Online and OneDrive for Business for all employees. You have the following security requirements:

- ▶ All employees must use complex passwords.
- ▶ Passwords must be changed every six months.
- ▶ Employees must use multi-factor authentication (MFA) when possible.

You need to implement MFA verification options to use with the employee's password. Solution: Have the employee receive an SMS text.

Does the solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A

Explanation: MFA for Office 365 requires users to acknowledge a phone call, text message, or app notification on their smart phones after correctly entering their passwords.

References:

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Set-up-multi-factor-authentication-for-Office-365-users-8f0454b2-f51a->

NEW QUESTION 251

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution. Determine whether the solution meets the stated goals.

You have an on-premises Active Directory forest.

You deploy Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS) and purchase an Office 365 subscription. You need to create a trust between the AD FS servers and the Office 365 subscription.

Solution: You run the New-MsolFederatedDomain cmdlet. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes

B. No

Answer: A

Explanation: Each domain that you want to federate must either be added as a single sign-on domain or converted to be a single sign-on domain from a standard domain. Adding or converting a domain sets up a trust between AD FS and Microsoft Azure Active Directory (Microsoft Azure AD).

Note: The New-MSOLFederatedDomain cmdlet adds a new single sign-on domain (also known as identity-federated domain) to and configures the relying party trust settings between the on-premises AD FS server. Due to domain verification requirements, you may need to run this cmdlet several times in order to complete the process of adding the new single sign-on domain.

References:

[https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/azure/dn194105\(v=azure.98\).aspx](https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/azure/dn194105(v=azure.98).aspx) <https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/azure/jj205461.aspx>

NEW QUESTION 254

You are the Office 365 administrator for your company. Employees do not have local administrative privileges on client computers.

The company has the following client computer software:



Windows 7 and Windows 8



32-bit and 64-bit Office 2007, Office 2010, and Office 2013

When accessing the corporate Microsoft SharePoint 2010 site, some users are unable to display SharePoint lists in the Datasheet view.

You need to ensure that all users can display SharePoint lists in the Datasheet view. What should you do?

- A. Upgrade to the latest version of Office 365 ProPlus.
- B. Force a reinstallation of Office by using Group Policy and specifying a network location.
- C. Uninstall the 64-bit version of Office and then install the 32-bit version of Office.
- D. Upgrade all Office 2007 and Office 2010 versions to Office 2013.

Answer: C

Explanation: A 64-bit version of the Datasheet component is not available for Office 2010.

For SharePoint Server 2010, 64-bit versions install some Office 32-bit client-side controls for supporting solutions in a 32-bit browser (the default browser on current 64-bit Windows systems).

The Edit in Datasheet view functionality in SharePoint Server 2010 isn't supported if you install 64-bit Office 2013 client.

The Edit in Datasheet functionality is available if you install 32-bit Office 2013 client References:

<http://support.microsoft.com/kb/2266203/en-us> <http://support.microsoft.com/kb/909506> <https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ee681792.aspx#compat4>

NEW QUESTION 259

A company has an Office 365 tenant. You use the domain contoso.com for both email and session initiation protocol (SIP) addresses. You plan to deploy Skype for Business Online and enable federation for all Skype users.

You need to create a DNS record to support Skype for Business Online federation.

How should you configure the record? To answer, select the appropriate option from each list in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

New Resource Record

Service Location (SRV)

Domain:

contoso.com

Service:

_sip

_sipfederationtls

_sipinternaltls

_xmpp

Protocol:

_tcp

_udp

_tls

Priority:

0

1

10

50

100

Weight:

0

1

10

20

50

Port number:

443

5060

5061

5269

Host offering this service:

sipdir.online.lync.com

sipfed.online.lync.com

webdir.online.lync.com

OK

Cancel

Help

Priority: 0, 1, 10, 50, 100
Weight: 0, 1, 10, 20, 50

Answer:

Explanation:

Add the SIP SRV record for Skype for Business Online federation.

1. On the DNS Manager page for your domain, go to **Action > Other New Records**.

To find this page for your domain, see [Find your DNS records in Windows-based DNS](#).

2. In the **Resource Record Type** window, choose **Service Location (SRV)**, and then click **Create Record**.

3. In the **New Resource Record** dialog box, make sure that the fields are set to precisely the following values:

- **Service:** `_sipfederationtls`
- **Protocol:** `tcp`
- **Priority:** 100
- **Weight:** 1
- **Port:** 5061
- **Target (Hostname):** `sipfed.online.lync.com`

References:

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Create-DNS-records-for-Office-365-using-Windows-based-DNS-9eec91>

NEW QUESTION 261

You are a system administrator for a company that is using Office 365.

You receive a report that a user is having sign in issues with the Outlook 2016 desktop app. You log into the Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) portal and observe the following log data:

```
Huff, Arlene user 6/21/2017 22:30 n/a failed user's account has  
insufficient authentication methods defined. Add authentication  
info to resolve this.
```

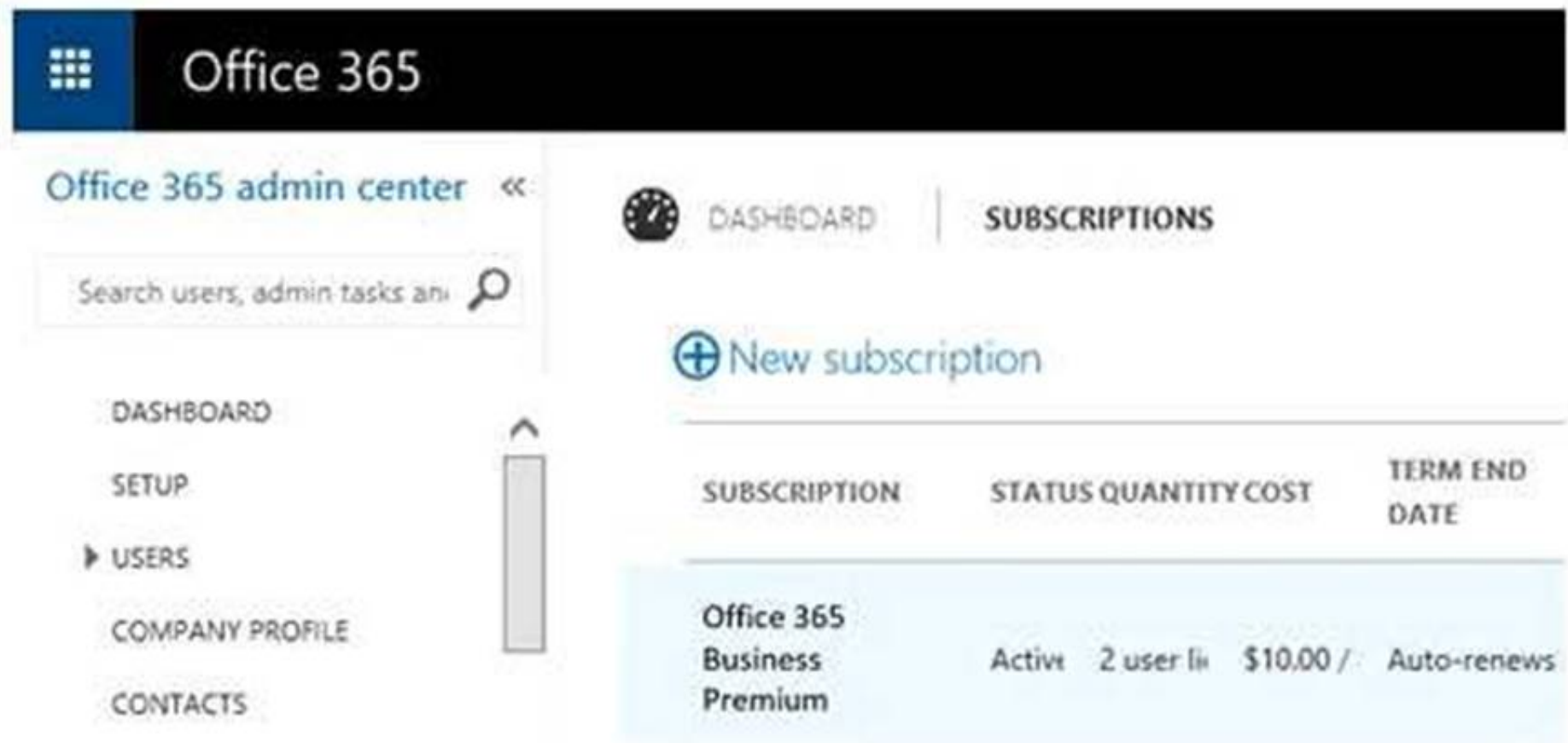
You need to determine the issue with the user account. How should you resolve the issue?

- A. Disable multi-factor authentication (MFA).
- B. Ask the user to enter the correct password.
- C. Ask the user to define an alternate email address.
- D. Ask the user to enter the correct user name.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 265

You manage an Office 365 tenant. The subscription details for the tenant are displayed in the following screenshot.



Use the drop-down menus to select the answer choice that answers each question. NOTE: Each correct answer is worth one point.

For each user, what is the maximum number of devices on which you can install Microsoft Office?

 0
 2
 5
 10
 20

Which services does the tenant have licensing rights to use?

 Exchange only
 Exchange and SharePoint
 Exchange and Skype for Business
 Exchange, SharePoint, and Yammer
 Exchange, SharePoint, Skype for Business, and Yammer

What is the maximum number of user accounts that you can create in the tenant?

 100
 200
 300
 400
 500

Answer:

- Explanation:**
- Online Services include: Exchange, Sharepoint, Yammer, Skype for Business, etc.
 - Office 365 Small Business Premium supports a maximum of 300 users

NEW QUESTION 268

You deploy Office 365.

All the members of a team named Sales have full access to a shared mailbox named Sales. You enable auditing for all shared mailboxes. From the Sales mailbox, an email message that contains inappropriate content is sent. You need to identify which user sent the message. What should you do?

- A. From the Exchange Control Panel, run an administrator role group report.
- B. From Windows PowerShell, run the Get-SharingPolicy cmdlet.
- C. From Windows PowerShell, run the Write-AdminAuditLog cmdlet.
- D. From Windows PowerShell, run the New-MailboxAuditLogSearch cmdlet.

Answer: D

Explanation: By process of elimination:

The Write-AdminAuditLog cmdlet will write a comment to the administrator audit log. The Get-SharingPolicy cmdlet allows you to view the settings of sharing policies.

The administrator role group report in EOP will list changes to the management role groups within a particular time frame.

The New-MailboxAuditLogSearch cmdlet performs an async search of mailbox audit logs for the specified mailboxes and sends the search results by email to the specified recipients.

References: <https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ff522362%28v=exchg.150%29.aspx>

NEW QUESTION 273

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You deploy Office 365 for all company users. You use Microsoft Exchange Online for company email. You must develop a process to assign licenses to new users in your company.

You need to implement the licensing process.

Solution: Run the Set-Mailbox Windows PowerShell cmdlet.

Does the solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation: The Set-MsolUserLicense cmdlet must be used, not the Set-Mailbox cmdlet. References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/office365/enterprise/powershell/assign-licenses-to-user-accounts-with-office-3>

NEW QUESTION 274

You have an Exchange Online tenant. User1 reports that they are not able to check their email. Other users can check their email.

You remotely connect to User1's session.

You need to troubleshoot why the user cannot check his email. What should you use?

- A. POP Email test
- B. Outlook Connectivity test
- C. Microsoft Remote Connectivity Analyzer
- D. Microsoft Connectivity Analyzer
- E. Outlook Autodiscover test
- F. IMAP Email test

Answer: C

Explanation: Microsoft Remote Connectivity Analyzer (<https://testconnectivity.microsoft.com/>) can test incoming and outgoing e-mail.

References: <https://testconnectivity.microsoft.com/>

NEW QUESTION 275

A company has an Office 365 tenant that has an Enterprise E1 subscription. You configure the policies required for self-service password reset.

You need to ensure that all existing users can perform self-service password resets. Which Windows PowerShell cmdlet should you run?

- A. Set-MsolUser
- B. Redo-MsolProvisionUser
- C. Set-MsolUserLicense
- D. Set-MsolUserPrincipalName
- E. Convert-MsolFederatedUser
- F. Set-MailUser
- G. Set-LinkedUser
- H. New-MsolUser

Answer: C

Explanation: Self-service password reset with on-premises write-back is a Premium-only feature. Example:

The following command adds the Office 365 for enterprises license to the user.

Set-MsolUserLicense -UserPrincipalName user@contoso.com -AddLicenses "Contoso:ENTERPRISEPACK" Note: The Set-MsolUserLicense cmdlet can be used to adjust the licenses for a user. This can include adding a new license, removing a license, updating the license options, or any combination of these actions.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powershell/module/msonline/set-msoluserlicense?view=azureadps-1.0>

NEW QUESTION 276

Which role should you assign to staff who you want to be able to create non-privileged Office 365 users without assigning any unnecessary privileges?

- A. Global administrator
- B. Service administrator
- C. Password administrator
- D. User management administrator

Answer: D

Explanation: Assigning the user management administrator role would allow users to create non-privileged Office 365 accounts without assigning unnecessary privileges

NEW QUESTION 281

You use a centralized identity management system as a source of authority for user account information. You export a list of new user accounts to a file on a daily basis. Your company uses a local Active Directory for storing user accounts for on-premises solutions. You are also using Azure AD Connect. New user accounts must be created in both the local Active Directory and Office 365. You must import user account data into Office 365 daily. You need to import the new users. What should you do?

- A. Create a Windows PowerShell script to import account data from the file into Active Directory.
- B. Create a Windows PowerShell script that uses the MSOnline module to import account data from the file.
- C. Use the Azure Management Portal to import the file.
- D. Use the Office 365 admin center to import the file.

Answer: A

Explanation: To force a full sync with the Azure AD Connect tool from Windows PowerShell run Import-Module ADSync followed by Start-ADSyncSyncCycle -PolicyType Initial

Note: The DirSync tool, which you can use to synchronize your on-premises Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) with an instance of Azure Active Directory (AD), has been updated with the new Azure AD Connect tool. You typically use the DirSync or Azure AD Connect tools to configure either password synchronization or single sign-on so that your users can use their on-premises AD DS credentials to authenticate to Office 365. The new Azure AD Connect tool provides a richer feature set than the DirSync tool and is now the recommended tool to use.

NEW QUESTION 284

You deploy Office 365.

You must implement Microsoft Skype for Business Online for all users. including audio and video for all desktop clients. All company desktop machines reside behind a company firewall.

You need configure the firewall to allow clients to use Skype for Business Online.

Which three outbound ports or port ranges should you open? Each correct answer presents part of the solution. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. TCP 80
- B. TCP 5061
- C. UDP 3478
- D. TCP 443
- E. TCP and UDP 50000-59999

Answer: CDE

Explanation:	Purpose	Source IP	Destination IP	Source Port	Destination Port
	Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Signaling	Client	Office 365	Ephemeral ports TCP	443 TCP
	Persistent Shared Object Model (PSOM) Web Conferencing	Client	Office 365	Ephemeral ports TCP	443 TCP
	HTTPS downloads	Client	Office 365	Ephemeral ports TCP	443 TCP
	Audio	Client	Office 365	50000 - 50019 UDP and TCP	443 TCP, 3478 & 3479 UDP, 50000 - 59999 UDP and TCP (optional)
	Video	Client	Office 365	50020 - 50039 UDP and TCP	443 TCP, 3478 & 3480 UDP, 50000 - 59999 UDP and TCP (optional)
	Desktop Sharing	Client	Office 365	50040 - 50059 UDP and TCP	443 TCP, 3478 & 3481 UDP, 50000 - 59999 UDP and TCP (optional)

References:

<https://support.microsoft.com/en-za/help/2409256/you-can-t-connect-to-skype-for-business-online--or-certain-fe>

NEW QUESTION 287

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an on-premises Active Directory forest.

You deploy Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS) and purchase an Office 365 subscription.

You need to create a trust between the AD FS servers and the Office 365 subscription. Solution: You run the New-MSolDomain cmdlet.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation: The New-MsolDomain cmdlet adds a domain to Azure Active Directory. The New-MsolFederatedDomain command should be used instead.
Note: The New-MsolFederatedDomain cmdlet adds a new single sign-on domain to Microsoft Online Services and configures the relying party trust settings between the on-premises Active Directory Federation Services 2.1 server and Microsoft Online.
References: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powershell/msonline/v1/new-msolfederateddomain>

NEW QUESTION 289

A company plans to deploy an Office 365 tenant. You have the following requirements:

- ▶ Administrators must be able to access the Office 365 admin center.
 - ▶ Microsoft Exchange Online must be used as a Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) relay for a line-of-business application that sends email messages to remote domains.
 - ▶ All users must be able to use the audio and video capabilities in Microsoft Skype for Business. You need to configure the ports for the firewall.
- Which port should you use for each application? Select the correct answer from each list in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Applications	Port or Ports
SMTP relay	<div> <input type="text"/> </div> <div> <input type="checkbox"/> TCP 443 <input type="checkbox"/> TCP 587 </div>
Office 365 admin center	<div> <input type="text"/> </div> <div> <input type="checkbox"/> TCP 80 <input type="checkbox"/> TCP 443 <input type="checkbox"/> TCP 10106 </div>
Skype (outbound video sessions)	<div> <input type="text"/> </div> <div> <input type="checkbox"/> TCP/UDP 50000-50019 <input type="checkbox"/> TCP/UDP 50020-50039 <input type="checkbox"/> UDP 50040-50059 </div>
Skype (outbound audio sessions)	<div> <input type="text"/> </div> <div> <input type="checkbox"/> TCP/UDP 50000-50019 <input type="checkbox"/> TCP/UDP 50020-50039 <input type="checkbox"/> UDP 50040-50059 </div>

Answer:

Explanation: Transport Control Protocol(TCP), User Datagram Protocol (UDP) ports, and Protocol Numbers are important to TCP/IP networking, intranets, and the Internet. Ports and protocol numbers provide access to a host computer. However, they also create a security hazard by allowing uninvited access. Therefore, knowing which port to allow or disable increases a network's security. If the wrong ports or protocol numbers are disabled on a firewall, router, or proxy server as a security measure, essential services might become unavailable.
TCP port 587 is an outgoing SMTP Mail port (TLS/Start TLS Port). Used by various outgoing mail servers as an alternative to port 25.
TCP port 443 is used for Audio, video and application sharing sessions as well as data sharing sessions. RTP/UDP port 50020-50039 must be used for outbound video sessions.
RTP/UDP port 50000-50019 must be used for outbound audio sessions. References:
<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Office-365-URLs-and-IP-address-ranges-8548a211-3fe7-47cb-abb1-355> <https://www.speedguide.net/port.php?port=587>

NEW QUESTION 290

You are the Office 365 administrator for a company.
You are starting a new project in the next 15 days. The project is expected to last 30 days. You need to determine if there are any planned maintenance tasks during the project period. In the Admin center, which page should you view?

- A. the Service Health Dashboard
- B. the Service Health Advisories page
- C. the Service Health Incidents page
- D. the Reports page

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 294

You are the system administrator for a company. You plan to move users email to Office 365. You add a custom domain for the company to Office 365.
You need to configure the new Office 365 tenant and move ownership of the on-premises DNS zone to Office 365.
Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Actions

Change the NS records for the domain to the microsoftonline.com domain.

Verify the domain on the company's DNS servers.

Add a DNS TXT record for verification.

Verify the domain in the Office 365 portal.

Change the NS records for the domain to the onmicrosoft.com domain.

Add a DNS NS record for verification.

>

<

Answer area

Answer:

Explanation:

Actions

Change the NS records for the domain to the microsoftonline.com domain.

Change the NS records for the domain to the onmicrosoft.com domain.

Add a DNS NS record for verification.

>

<

Answer area

1

Verify the domain in the Office 365 portal.

2

Verify the domain on the company's DNS servers.

3

Add a DNS TXT record for verification.

>

<

NEW QUESTION 297

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