

## Exam Questions 1z0-074

Upgrade Oracle DBA 11g/12c to 12cR2

<https://www.2passeasy.com/dumps/1z0-074/>



**NEW QUESTION 1**

The COMPATIBLE parameter is set to 12.2.0.0.0.

Which two statements are true about SQL identifier lengths? (Choose two.)

- A. Disk group, PDB, and tablespace names are limited to 30 bytes.
- B. Table names can be as long as 128 bytes.
- C. Database names can be as long as 30 bytes.
- D. Database link names can be as long as 30 bytes.
- E. Database names can be as long as 128 bytes.

**Answer:** BE

**NEW QUESTION 2**

Identify two operations for which the backup API utility can be used. (Choose two.)

- A. to define the retention period for backups
- B. to define which system files are backed up
- C. to define which database configuration files are backed up
- D. to define the cycle period for backups
- E. to define the frequency of automatic backups

**Answer:** AD

**NEW QUESTION 3**

Which two statements are true about clean restore points in a regular PDB? (Choose two.)

- A. They require a clone instance to be created when used in a PDB flashback operation
- B. They can be created for a PDB when connected to either the PDB or to the root
- C. They require backups to be restored when used in a PDB flashback operation
- D. They are created as guaranteed restore points
- E. They can be created only if shared undo is enabled
- F. They can be created only for a PDB in the mount state

**Answer:** EF

**NEW QUESTION 4**

The TESTDB container database (CDB) contains two pluggable databases (PDBs), PDB1 and PDB2. USER1 is a local user in PDB1 and has the SYSBACKUP privilege.

Connect descriptors for PDB1 and PDB2 are mapped to TNS aliases pdb1 and pdb2 in tnsnames.ora. Examine these commands executed by USER1 when all PDBs are open:

```
$ rman target 'user1/oracle_4U@pdb1 as sysbackup'  
RMAN> SELECT sysdate FROM dual;
```

What is the outcome and why?

- A. An error is returned because the user is connected to a pluggable database.
- B. The current date is displayed.
- C. An error is returned because SQL commands cannot be executed from RMAN without using the SQL shell syntax: SQL "<command>".
- D. An error is returned because the user is not SYS.
- E. An error is returned because the user is not a common user.

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 5**

Which statement is true about Trace File Analyzer (TFA) Collector?

- A. TFA collects diagnostic data only for Oracle 12c Release 2 databases or later versions.
- B. If TFA is installed on any cluster node, it automatically collects diagnostic data on all other cluster nodes.
- C. It can be used to collect diagnostic data for predefined events, and can be configured to automatically collect data for other events.
- D. In Oracle 12c Release 2, TFA installation can be done only while executing root.sh.
- E. It is used to collect diagnostic data only for ORA-600, ORA-7445, and ORA-4031 events.

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 6**

Examine these statements:

```
SQL> SELECT VALIDATE_CONVERSION('200 00:00:00' AS INTERVAL DAY TO SECOND) FROM DUAL;

SQL> SELECT VALIDATE_CONVERSION('P1Y2M' AS INTERVAL YEAR TO MONTH) FROM DUAL;

SQL> SELECT VALIDATE_CONVERSION('July 20, 1969, 20:18' AS DATE, 'MONTH dd, YYYY, HH24:MI', 'NLS_DATE_LANGUAGE = American') FROM DUAL;
```

Which statement is true?

- A. Statements 2 and 3 will validate the conversion
- B. Only statement 3 will validate the conversion
- C. Only statement 1 will validate the conversion
- D. Statement 1 will return an error
- E. All the statements will validate the conversion

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 7

You want to partition theSALEStable on theCITYandSALE\_DATEcolumns. Which three partitioning methods can you use? (Choose three.)

- A. range
- B. interval
- C. hash
- D. list
- E. virtual column-based

**Answer:** ACD

#### NEW QUESTION 8

In which four situations does theRMAN DUPLICATEcommand use the "pull" method? (Choose four.)

- A. when theUSING BACKUPSETclause is used
- B. when theSET ENCRYPTIONclause is added before theDUPLICATEcommand
- C. when theSECTION SIZEclause is used
- D. when the number of auxiliary channels allocated is less than the number of target channels allocated
- E. when theUSING COMPRESSED BACKUPSETclause is used
- F. when no auxiliary channels are allocated
- G. whenIMAGE COPIESare used for theDUPLICATEoperation

**Answer:** ACDE

#### NEW QUESTION 9

Which three types of database objects can have their columns stored in the In-Memory column store? (Choose three.)

- A. heap tables with composite primary key constraints
- B. heap tables with dependent materialized views
- C. clustered tables with dependent materialized views
- D. index-organized tables stored in system-defined tablespaces
- E. sys-owned objects stored in sysaux-defined tablespaces

**Answer:** BDE

#### NEW QUESTION 10

U1.T1is in a tablespaceTBS\_UNCMPwhich has no default compression andU1.T2is in a tablespace,TBS\_CMPwith default compression for query low. You execute commands:

```
SQL> EXEC DBMS_REDEFINITION.START_REDEF_TABLE (uname=>
'u1',orig_table => 't1', int_table => 't2',options_flag =>
DBMS_REDEFINITION.CONST_USE_PK, enable_rollback => TRUE);
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL> EXEC DBMS_REDEFINITION.SYNC_INTERIM_TABLE (uname => 'u',
orig_table => 't1', int_table => 't2');
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL> EXEC DBMS_REDEFINITION.FINISH_REDEF_TABLE (uname => 'u1',
orig_table => 't1', int_table => 't2');
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL> EXEC DBMS_REDEFINITION.ROLLBACK (uname => 'u1', orig_table =>
't1', int_table => 't2');
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

Which three statements are true? (Choose three.)

- A. The primary key constraints on T1 are dropped
- B. T1 is in the TBS\_UNCOMP tablespace
- C. T1 is in the TBS\_CMP tablespace
- D. T1 is in compressed format
- E. T1 is in uncompressed format
- F. All indexes on T1 remain valid

**Answer:** ACE

#### NEW QUESTION 10

A multi-tenant container database (CDB) contains three PDBs.

Which three are prerequisites for performing a cross-platform transport of any of the PDBs? (Choose three.)

- A. The CDB should be in MOUNT state.
- B. The source and target platforms must have the same endianness.
- C. The COMPATIBLE parameter must be set to 12.2 or greater in the CDB.
- D. The source PDBs must be closed for a cross-platform PDB backup.
- E. Flashback database must be enabled for the CDB.
- F. The CDB must use Automatic Memory Management.

**Answer:** BCD

#### NEW QUESTION 12

Which three statements are true about the deferred invalidation clause in DDL statements? (Choose three.)

- A. It defers invalidating dependent cursor when possible.
- B. It cannot be used for bitmap index creation.
- C. The CURSOR\_INVALIDATION parameter always overrides the deferred invalidation clause.
- D. It always overrides the CURSOR\_INVALIDATION setting.
- E. It cannot be used for creating a secondary index on index organized tables

**Answer:** ACE

#### NEW QUESTION 17

You want to restrict PGA usage to 200 MB for a set of database users' sessions as part of your organization's security requirements for combating denial of service (DOS) attacks.

Which statement is true about limiting PGA usage for those users' sessions?

- A. You can limit their PGA usage by setting SORT\_AREA\_SIZE to 200 MB.
- B. You cannot limit PGA for a set of database user sessions.
- C. You can limit their PGA usage by setting PGA\_AGGREGATE\_LIMIT to 200 MB.
- D. You can limit their PGA usage by setting PGA\_AGGREGATE\_TARGET to 200 MB.
- E. You can limit their PGA usage by setting the SESSION\_PGA\_LIMIT directive by using Database Resource Manager

Answer: C

#### NEW QUESTION 20

Identify a situation where performance profiles can be used for application containers.

- A. to specify the total number of parallel execution servers available
- B. to specify the maximum time, in seconds, that a parallel statement can wait in the parallel statement queue before it is timed out
- C. to specify the maximum percentage of the parallel execution server pool that a particular application container can use
- D. to enforce a limit on the number of I/Os issued per second
- E. to enforce a limit on I/O throughput per second

Answer: A

#### NEW QUESTION 24

Examine these commands executed in the cdb1 container database:

```
$ sqlplus sys/oracle@cdb1 as sysdba

SQL> CREATE PROFILE c##prof LIMIT
      FAILED_LOGIN_ATTEMPTS 4
      PASSWORD_LIFE_TIME 90
      PASSWORD_GRACE_TIME 3
      PASSWORD_LOCK_TIME 2;

Profile created.

SQL> GRANT SYSDBA TO c##user1 container=all;

Grant succeeded.

SQL> ALTER USER c##user1 PROFILE c##prof;

User altered.
```

Which statement is true about the c##USER1 account?

- A. It is locked for two days after the password expires.
- B. It is locked if the password is not changed within three weeks.
- C. It is locked for 90 minutes after four failed login attempts.
- D. It is locked after for consecutive failed login attempts.
- E. It is not affected by the profile because the user has the SYSDBA privilege.

Answer: D

#### NEW QUESTION 25

Which three statements are true about the Automatic Database Diagnostic Monitor (ADDM)? (Choose three.)

- A. It analyzes only those memory components of the database instance that are impacting performance.
- B. It determines the segments on which waits are occurring when the database has a high number of buffer busy waits.
- C. It analyzes the performance of the database instance based on the latest two AWR snapshots.
- D. It determines SQL statements that are performing poorly.
- E. It recommends implementing SQL profiles to generate better execution plans.
- F. It analyzes only the components and waits that are impacting database performance.

Answer: BCD

#### NEW QUESTION 29

Which two statements are true about a PDB lockdown profile? (Choose two.)

- A. It is created by a local user with the SYSDBA privilege in each PDB where it needs to be applied.
- B. It is created by a common user with the SYSDBA privilege in CDB\$ROOT.
- C. It is created by a common user with the SYSDBA privilege in each PDB where it needs to be applied.
- D. It is enabled by default on creation.
- E. It is enabled by using the PDB\_LOCKDOWN parameter in each PDBs where it needs to be applied.
- F. It is enabled in PDBs only after the CDB to which the PDBs belong is restarted.

Answer: BC

### NEW QUESTION 33

From which two failure scenarios can a database be restored and recovered with the REPAIR DATABASE command? (Choose two.)

- A. loss of ARCHIVELOGS
- B. loss of a redo log member
- C. loss of a noncritical data file
- D. loss of all copies of the control file
- E. loss of a critical data file such as SYSTEM, SYSAUX or UNDO
- F. loss of SPFILE

**Answer:** DE

### NEW QUESTION 38

Which three tasks are performed automatically by Database Upgrade Assistant (DBUA) when the database to be upgraded is in archive log mode and has the database flashback feature enabled? (Choose three.)

- A. It changes Oracle kernel parameters if required
- B. It creates a restore point to restore the database if the upgrade fails
- C. It drops all the invalid objects
- D. It calls the catctl.pl script to perform the upgrade process in parallel
- E. It automatically resets the COMPATIBLE parameter value to 12.0.0
- F. It modifies or creates new tablespaces as required

**Answer:** BCD

### NEW QUESTION 41

Which statement is true about the Automatic Diagnostic Repository (ADR)?

- A. Space used by the ADR can be limited to a user-specified value.
- B. Space used by the ADR is limited based only on the retention period.
- C. The retention period for the ADR is set based on the space limit specified.
- D. When the ADR reaches the space limit, it deletes incident dumps and metadata before deleting old core dumps.
- E. Manual purging of all types of ADR files is allowed.

**Answer:** E

### NEW QUESTION 44

Which three database objects can have columns stored in the In-Memory (IM) column store? (Choose three.)

- A. subpartitions
- B. clustered tables
- C. materialized views
- D. index-organized tables
- E. heap tables
- F. any SYS owned objects

**Answer:** BDF

### NEW QUESTION 49

You create a new application container, SALES\_APP, with application PDBs, SALES1\_PDB, and SALES2\_PDB. You want to install the NEW\_APP application in SALES1\_PDB and SALES2\_PDB by using:

```
ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE APPLICATION BEGIN INSTALL;

ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE APPLICATION END INSTALL;

ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE APPLICATION SYNC;
```

Where should you execute these statements?

- A. All the statements should be executed in the application root.
- B. All the statements should be executed in the application seed.
- C. All the statements should be executed in the SALES1\_PDB and SALES2\_PDB application containers.
- D. BEGIN/END INSTALL statements should be executed in the application root and the SYNC statement in SALES1\_PDB and SALES2\_PDB.
- E. BEGIN/END INSTALL statements should be executed in the CDB root and the SYNC statement in the application root.

**Answer:** AD

### NEW QUESTION 52

One of your databases supports an OLTP workload.

If a better plan is discovered for a statement, then you want that plan to be used. Which two can cause better plans to be used for a statement? (Choose two.)

- A. adaptive cursor sharing
- B. using literals in SQL statements
- C. SQL Access Advisor
- D. SQL Performance Analyzer
- E. adaptive execution plans

Answer: CE

#### NEW QUESTION 54

In which two situations does the INHERIT ANY PRIVILEGES privilege regulate the privileges used?

- A. when a user creates a new user
- B. when a user performs a GRANT or REVOKE operation
- C. when a user queries a BEQUEATH CURRENT\_USER view that references an invoker's right procedure
- D. when a user runs a procedure created with invoker's right
- E. when a user runs a procedure created with definer's right

Answer: CD

#### NEW QUESTION 55

Identify two types of files that are generated by the Pre-Upgrade Information tool as part of the database upgrade prerequisite checks? (Choose two.)

- A. expdp scripts to export database objects belonging to the SYS schema
- B. a log file containing a list of pre-upgrade patches to be applied
- C. RMAN database backup scripts
- D. a log file with tool recommendations and requirements
- E. pre- and post-upgrade fixup scripts

Answer: DE

#### NEW QUESTION 60

QUERY\_REWRITE\_INTEGRITY and QUERY\_REWRITE\_ENABLED are set to TRUSTED and TRUE respectively in an Oracle 12c Release 2 database.

You create the SALES\_EVAL real-time materialized view (MV) on the SALES, CUSTOMERS, and PRODUCTS tables, which supports COMPLETE REFRESH by executing these statements.

```
SQL> CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW SALES_EVAL
      BUILD IMMEDIATE
      REFRESH COMPLETE
      ENABLE QUERY REWRITE
      AS SELECT c.cust_id, sum(s.amount_sold)
      AS dollars,
      p.prod_id, sum(s.quantity_sold) as quantity
      FROM sales s, customers c, products p
      WHERE c.cust_id=s.cust_id AND s.prod_id = p.prod_id
      GROUP BY c.cust_id, p.prod_id;

SQL> SELECT c.cust_last_name,
      sum(s.quantity_sold) as quantity
      FROM sales s, customers c, products p
      WHERE c.cust_id = s.cust_id AND s.prod_id = p.prod_id
      GROUP BY c.cust_last_name, p.prod;
```

There is a constraint on the PRODUCTS table with ENABLE, NOVALIDATE, and RELY attributes. No updates have been done to SALES, CUSTOMERS, or PRODUCTS since the MV was created. From where are rows returned and why?

- A. from the SALES\_EVAL MV because the QUERY\_REWRITE\_ENABLED setting permits rewrites on unverified constraints if the table is not stale
- B. from the SALES, CUSTOMERS, and PRODUCTS tables because QUERY\_REWRITE\_INTEGRITY is set to TRUSTED
- C. from the SALES, CUSTOMERS, and PRODUCTS tables because the column in the GROUP BY clause is different from the SALES\_EVAL MV definition
- D. from the SALES, CUSTOMERS, and PRODUCTS tables because the columns used in the SELECT list are different from the SALES\_EVAL MV definition
- E. from the SALES\_EVAL MV because the WHERE clause in the query and in the SALES\_EVAL definition are the same

Answer: E

#### NEW QUESTION 65

Examine these statements executed in the PROD1 database:

```
SQL> CREATE USER C##J_USER IDENTIFIED BY oracle_4U;
User created.

SQL> GRANT DBA to C##J_USER;
Grant succeeded.

SQL> CREATE AUDIT POLICY AUD_DBA_POL ROLES DBA;
Audit policy created.

SQL> AUDIT POLICY AUD_DBA_POL;
Audit succeeded.

C##J_USER now executes these statements while logged in to PROD1:

SQL> ALTER SYSTEM SET JOB_QUEUE_PROCESSES=200;
System altered.

SQL> ALTER SYSTEM SET JOB_QUEUE_PROCESSES=200;
System altered.

SQL> ALTER SYSTEM SWITCH LOGFILES;
ALTER SYSTEM SWITCH LOGFILES
*
ERROR at line 1:
ORA-01900: LOGFILE keyword expected

SQL> CREATE USER C##J_USER2 IDENTIFIED BY ORACLE;
User created.
```

Which statements are audited?

- A. only the CREATE USER statement
- B. only the ALTER SYSTEM statements
- C. only the CREATE USER statement and the first change to JOB\_QUEUE\_PROCESSES
- D. only the changes to JOB\_QUEUE\_PROCESSES and the CREATE USER statement
- E. all the statements

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 68

In a Database Cloud Service (DBCS) environment, which pre-created user has sudo privileges to run certain root commands?

- A. grid
- B. oracle
- C. opc
- D. nobody
- E. oinstall

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 73

Which method can be used to migrate from an on-premises Oracle Database 11g to Oracle Database 12c in the cloud if the on-premises platform is big-endian?

- A. Oracle Loader-type external tables
- B. remote cloning
- C. RMAN Transportable Tablespace with Data Pump for all tablespaces
- D. Data Pump Transportable Tablespace for all tablespaces
- E. Data Pump Conventional Export/Import

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 75

You log in to the ORCL database as SYSTEM and successfully execute these two blocks of code:

```
BEGIN
  DBMS_REDACT.ADD_POLICY (object_schema => 'HR',
    object_name => 'EMP'
    policy_name => 'REDACT_EMP',
    column_name => 'SALARY',
    function_type => DBMS_REDACT.FULL,
    expression => '1=1');
END;

BEGIN
  DBMS_REDACT.ALTER_POLICY (object_schema => 'HR',
    object_name => 'EMP',
    policy_name => 'REDACT_EMP',
    action => DBMS_REDACT.ADD_COLUMN,
    column_name => 'LAST_NAME',
    expression => 'SYS_CONTEXT(''USERENV'', ''SESSION_USER'')!
    ='' SCOTT''');
END;
```

The SCOTT user has the SELECT privilege on HR.EMP.

Which statement is true about queries by non-DBA users with the SELECT privilege on HR.EMP?

- A. All their queries display blanks for LAST\_NAME and the true contents of the SALARY column.
- B. Only SCOTT'S queries display the true contents of the SALARY column and blanks for LAST\_NAME.
- C. All their queries display blanks for LAST\_NAME and zeroes for SALARY.
- D. Only SCOTT'S queries display the true contents of the SALARY and LAST\_NAME columns.
- E. Only SCOTT'S queries display zero for SALARY and the true contents of the LAST\_NAME column.

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 80

ACDB, CDB1, has a LOCATIONS application container. NORTH\_PDB and SOUTH\_PDB are two application PDBs in LOCATIONS.

Both application PDBs are synchronized with the application installed in the LOCATIONS root... In CDB2, you create a remote clone, LOC\_R, of the LOCATIONS application root.

You want to query data across the LOCATIONS application PDBs created in CDB1 and CDB2. How can you do this?

- A. by creating a proxy PDB in LOCATIONS\_ROOT in CDB1, referencing LOC\_R
- B. by creating a proxy PDB in CDB1 root, referencing LOC\_R
- C. by using private database links created in CDB1 and CDB2
- D. by using public database links created in CDB1 and CDB2
- E. by creating a proxy PDB in CDB2 root, referencing LOC\_R

**Answer:** E

#### NEW QUESTION 81

APP1 is an application container that has an application seed and two application PDBs, APP\_PDB1 and APP\_PDB2.

1.1 is the current version of the application. You execute this block in the application root:

```
ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE APPLICATION app1
BEGIN UPGRADE '1.0' TO '1.5';
  CREATE ROLE role1;
ALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE APPLICATION app1
END UPGRADE TO '1.5';
```

What is the outcome?

- A. An error is thrown because the version number should be sequential, either 1.1 or 2.0.
- B. An error is thrown because theCONTAINER=ALLclause is missing.
- C. An error is thrown because thec##prefix is missing in the role name.
- D. A common role is created only in the application root.
- E. A common role is created only in the application root and application seed.
- F. A common role is created in the application root, application seed,APP\_PDB1, andAPP\_PDB2.

Answer: D

**NEW QUESTION 84**

Your CDB is inARCHIVELOGmode and has an application container with a container PDB. A backup exists for the CDB. When you connect to the container PDB and try to execute a query, you get an error that aSYSTEMdata file is missing in the container PDB. You want to use the RMANRESTORE DATABASEandRECOVER DATABASEcommands to perform the recovery.

Examine these actions:

Connect toCDB\$ROOTand executeSHUTDOWN ABORTandSTARTUP MOUNT.

Connect to the application container and executeSHUTDOWN ABORT.

Connect to the application container and executeALTER PLUGGABLE DATABASE CLOSE ABORT. Which option correctly lists the actions that you must execute before performing the recovery?

- A. 1 and 3
- B. 1 and 2
- C. only 2
- D. only 3

Answer: A

**NEW QUESTION 85**

Which two statements are true about a band join? (Choose two.)

- A. The optimizer always uses the smaller of the two row sources to build a hash table on the join key.
- B. It returns rows for SQL statements that contain an equijoin.
- C. It is a non-equijoin in which the key values in one data set must fall within the specified range of the second data set.
- D. For each row in the first row source, Oracle probes the second row source for matching rows and joins them.
- E. The SQL runtime engine avoids unnecessary scanning of rows that fall outside the defined ranges.

Answer: CE

**NEW QUESTION 86**

In which three situations would you recommend DB Replay to be used? (Choose three.)

- A. to check the impact of schema changes such as adding new indexes or materialized views
- B. to check the impact of database migration to the cloud
- C. to check the impact of changing the storage system or the network
- D. to check the impact of partitioning a table
- E. to check the impact of new optimizer statistics
- F. to check the impact of upgrading and patching databases

Answer: BCF

**NEW QUESTION 89**

Examine these parameters in aPFILEused to start database instance.

NAME	TYPE	VALUE
memory_max_target	big integer	0
memory_target	big integer	4G
sga_max_size	big integer	4G
sga_target	big integer	2G
pga-aggregate-target	big integer	1G

Which two statements are true after an instance restart is attempted and why? (Choose two.)

- A. PGA\_AGGREGATE\_TARGETandSGA\_TARGETremain1Gand2Grespectively.
- B. PGA\_AGGREGATE\_TARGETandSGA\_TARGETare set to zero for the instance.
- C. TheMEMORY\_MAX\_TARGETparameter is set to zero for the instance.
- D. MEMORY\_MAX\_TARGETis automatically set to 4G for the instance.
- E. The instance does not start because AMM is enabled butPGA\_AGGREGATE\_TARGETandSGA\_TARGETare set to nonzero values.

Answer: CD

**NEW QUESTION 92**

To which two components does the term “shape” refer in Oracle Database Cloud Service (DBaaS)? (Choose two.)

- A. number of network interface cards (NICs)
- B. number of database instances
- C. number of CPUs
- D. amount of RAM
- E. number of storage LUNs

**Answer:** CD

#### NEW QUESTION 94

You create and enable a unified audit policy on a database that has the default auditing configuration.

```
$ sqlplus sys/oracle@pdb_orcl as sysdba

SQL> CREATE AUDIT POLICY aud_syspriv
      PRIVILEGES SELECT ANY TABLE, CREATE LIBRARY
      WHEN 'SYS_CONTEXT(''USERENV'', ''SESSION_USER'')='''OE'''
      EVALUATE PER STATEMENT;

Audit policy created.

SQL> AUDIT POLICY aud_syspriv;

Audit succeeded.
```

The OE user, who has the DBA role, executes these statements.

```
SQL> CONNECT OE/password@pdb_orcl

Connected.

SQL> SELECT *
      FROM HR.EMPLOYEES;
```

What is true about the SELECT statement and why?

- A. It is audited because unified auditing is disabled by default.
- B. It is audited because, by default, the database is in mixed auditing mode with default policies enabled.
- C. It is audited because, by default, all user activities in the database are audited.
- D. It is not audited because the table belongs to another schema.
- E. It is not audited because audit records are stored only when unified auditing is enabled in the database.

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 96

Which two are true about the ADR retention advisor in Oracle Database 12c Release 2? (Choose two.)

- A. ESTIMATE (SHORTP\_POLICY = 192) estimates the space requirement based on the SHORTP\_POLICY value of 192 minutes.
- B. ESTIMATE (SHORTP\_POLICY = 192, LONGP\_POLICY = 2160) estimates the space requirement based on current ADR diagnostics file space usage.
- C. ESTIMATE (SIZEP\_POLICY = 209715200) estimates only the long retention policy.
- D. ESTIMATE (SHORTP\_POLICY = 192, LONGP\_POLICY = 8760) provides estimates that users can use to set SIZEP\_POLICY.
- E. ESTIMATE (SIZEP\_POLICY = 209715200) estimates the value of LONGP\_POLICY.

**Answer:** DE

#### NEW QUESTION 101

In TESTDB, U1 has SYSDBA privileges and the password Oracle\_4U. You recreate the password file:  
\$ orapwd FILE=orapwtestdb FORMAT=12.2 password=Oracle\_123 ENTRIES=5  
Examine the command and result:  
\$ sqlplus u1/Oracle\_4U@testdb as sysdba  
ERROR:  
ORA-01017: invalid username/password; logon denied  
What can you do to fix this error?

- A. Recreate the password file with the password set to Oracle\_4U.
- B. Change the password of U1 to Oracle\_123.
- C. Set the REMOTE\_LOGIN\_PASSWORDFILE parameter value to NONE.
- D. Regrant SYSDBA to U1.
- E. Restart the database instance.

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 103**

You set the maximum size of the diagnostic collection repository by issuing this command `asroot.tfact1 set repositizeMB=5120`. You then notice that the current repository size is 5 GB and that old files are not being purged. Which statement is true?

- A. The `tfact1` command fails because it can be set only by the Oracle software owner.
- B. TFA collects new diagnostic data if the `Max Size of TFA Log` parameter value is greater than 5 GB.
- C. TFA does not collect new diagnostic data when the maximum repository size is reached.
- D. TFA collects new diagnostic data but logs a warning message.
- E. TFA collects new diagnostic data while the repository directory's file system has free space.

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 104**

Examine this parameter:

NAME	TYPE	VALUE
-----	-----	-----
<code>optimizer_capture_sql_plan_baselines</code>	<code>boolean</code>	<code>TRUE</code>

Examine these commands:

```
SQL EXEC DBMS_SPM.CONFIGURE('AUTO_CAPTURE_PARSING_SCHEMA_NAME','SH', true);
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
SQL> EXEC DBMS_SPM.CONFIGURE('AUTO_CAPTURE_PARSING_SCHEMA_NAME','SYS', true);
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
SQL>EXEC DBMS_SPM.CONFIGURE('AUTO_CAPTURE_SQL_TEXT','%TEST_ONLY%', false);
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

Which three are true after executing these commands? (Choose three.) (Choose three.)

- A. All statements executed by SH are captured and included in a baseline.
- B. Statements executed by both SH and SYS may be captured and included in a baseline.
- C. Only statements executed by SYS are captured and included in a baseline.
- D. Only statements executed by SH containing the "TEST\_ONLY" string are excluded from capture.
- E. Statements executed by any user containing the "TEST\_ONLY" string are excluded from capture.
- F. Only repeatable statements executed by SYS and SH are considered for baselines.

**Answer:** AEF

**NEW QUESTION 108**

Which three statements are true about the SQL Performance Analyzer? (Choose three.)

- A. It recommends the use of SQL Tuning Advisor for regressed SQL statements.
- B. It recommends the creation of indexes for regressed SQL statements.
- C. It compares and analyzes execution plans for the SQL statements in a SQL Tuning Set (STS).
- D. It always executes triggers that are fired recursively in FULLDML mode.
- E. It generates execution plans for each SQL statement in an STS.

**Answer:** ACE

**NEW QUESTION 112**

Which two statements are true about application containers? (Choose two.)

- A. A regular PDB can be plugged in to an application container provided it is an Oracle Database 12c Release2 (12.2) PDB.
- B. An application root can be unplugged from a CDB and plugged in to another CDB.
- C. An application PDB can belong to multiple application containers.
- D. User-created common objects are accessible from the CDB root.
- E. The application root stores user-created common objects and Oracle-supplied common objects.
- F. Multiple application roots can be created in one container database.

**Answer:** DE

**NEW QUESTION 114**

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