

70-779 Dumps

Analyzing and Visualizing Data with Microsoft Excel (beta)

<https://www.certleader.com/70-779-dumps.html>



NEW QUESTION 1

You have a table that contains data relating to exam candidates and their associated scores.

You need to visualize the exam data by separating the data into quartiles. The visualization must display the mean score and must identify any outliers.

Which type of chart should you use?

- A. line
- B. histogram
- C. pie
- D. box and whisker

Answer: D

Explanation:

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/create-a-box-and-whisker-chart-62f4219f-db4b-4754-aca8-4743f6190f0>

NEW QUESTION 2

You have a table in a Microsoft SQL Server database that has more than 5 columns. A sample of the data and some of the columns are shown in the following table.

OrderID	OrderDate	ClientID	ClientName	ClientPhone	ProductID	ProductName	ProductWeight	OrderAmount
667	2017/01/05	156	ClientA	555-555-1010	665	Product1	10	300
668	2017/01/05	156	ClientA	555-555-1010	665	Product1	10	250
669	2017/01/05	156	ClientA	555-555-1010	664	Product2	12	100
670	2017/01/05	222	ClientB	555-555-1567	664	Product2	12	175

The table contains more than two million rows. You have 100 clients and 10 products.

You need to load the data to Excel. The solution must minimize the amount of memory used by the model. What should you do?

- A. Move the database to a Microsoft Azure SQL databas
- B. Load the table to the data model.
- C. Load the data to the data model as three tables named Clients, Orders, and Product
- D. Ensure that each table has only the relevant column
- E. Remove duplicate rows from Clients and Products.
- F. Load the data to one worksheet.
- G. Load the data to three worksheets named Clients, Orders, and Product
- H. Ensure that each worksheet has only the relevant column
- I. Remove duplicate rows from Clients and Products.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 3

You use a workbook query to import a table named Customers that contains a column named CustomerName. CustomerName has names in the format of Lastname, Firstname.

You need the CustomerName column to contain names in the format of Firstname Lastname. A space must separate Firstname and Lastname.

Which two commands should you use? To answer, drag the appropriate fields to the correct areas. Each field may be used once, more than once, or not at all.

You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Commands	Answer Area
Append Queries	First command: Command
Merge Columns	Second command: Command
Merge Queries	
Move to Beginning	
Replace Values...	
Split Column by Delimiter	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

- ▶ Split Column By Delimiter
- ▶ Merge Columns

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/split-a-column-of-text-power-query-5282d425-6dd0-46ca-95bf-8e0da9539662>

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/merge-columns-power-query-80ec9e1e-1eb6-4048-b500-d5d42d9f0>

NEW QUESTION 4

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have a query named Query1 that retrieves the user information from two Excel files. One of the Excel files does not contain location information. A sample of the data retrieved by the query is shown in the following table.

UserName	UserId	Location
User1	1001	<i>null</i>
User1	1001	Seattle
User2	1002	<i>null</i>
User2	1002	Seattle
User3	1003	Montreal
User4	1004	<i>null</i>

You need to ensure that values in UserName are unique. The solution must ensure that the locations are retained. A sample of desired output is shown in the following table.

UserName	UserId	Location
User1	1001	Seattle
User2	1002	Seattle
User3	1003	Montreal
User4	1004	<i>null</i>
User5	1005	<i>null</i>

Solution: You select the UserName and Location columns, and then you click Keep Duplicates. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 5

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

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You have a query named Query1 that retrieves the user information from two Excel files. One of the Excel files does not contain location information. A sample of the data retrieved by the query is shown in the following table.

UserName	UserId	Location
User1	1001	<i>null</i>
User1	1001	Seattle
User2	1002	<i>null</i>
User2	1002	Seattle
User3	1003	Montreal
User4	1004	<i>null</i>

You need to ensure that values in UserName are unique. The solution must ensure that the locations are retained. A sample of desired output is shown in the following table.

UserName	UserId	Location
User1	1001	Seattle
User2	1002	Seattle
User3	1003	Montreal
User4	1004	<i>null</i>
User5	1005	<i>null</i>

Solution: You select the UserName and Location columns, and then you click Remove Duplicates. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 6

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

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You have an Excel workbook that contains a table named Table1. A sample of the data in Table1 is shown in the following table.

ProductID	ProductName	ProductCategory	ProductSubCategory	Price
1	Product1	Category1	Subcategory1	10.22
2	Product2	Category1	Subcategory1	10.44
3	Product3	Category1	Subcategory1	10.33
4	Product4	Category1	Subcategory2	11.19
5	Product5	Category1	Subcategory2	11.19
6	Product6	Category2	Subcategory3	10.15
7	Product7	Category2	Subcategory3	10.77
8	Product8	Category2	Subcategory3	10.55
9	Product9	Category2	Subcategory4	10.19
10	Product10	Category2	Subcategory4	10.88

You need to create a PivotTable in PowerPivot as shown in the exhibit.

Row Labels	Sum of Price
Category1	
Subcategory1	
Product1	10.22
Product2	10.44
Product3	10.33
Subcategory1	
Total	30.99
Subcategory2	
Product4	11.19
Product5	11.19
Subcategory2	
Total	22.38
Category1 Total	53.37
Category2	
Subcategory3	
Product6	10.15
Product7	10.77
Product8	10.55
Subcategory3	
Total	31.47
Subcategory4	
Product10	10.88
Product9	10.19
Subcategory4	
Total	21.07
Category2 Total	52.54
Grand Total	105.91

Solution: You create a measure named Products the uses the CONCATENATEX DAX function. You add a PivotTable. You drag Products to the Rows field. You drag Price to the Values field.
Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 7

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your company has sales offices in several cities.

You create a table that the represents the amount of sales in each city by month as shown in the exhibit.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
1	City	January	February	March	April	May	June	July
2	Montreal	20.00	90.00	170.00	200.00	200.00	400.00	420.00
3	Toronto	0.00	30.00	75.00	60.00	85.00	190.00	203.00
4	Miami	0.00	25.00	105.00	75.00	70.00	155.00	140.00
5	Madrid	220.00	440.00	650.00	610.00	424.00	500.00	542.00
6	Los Angeles	0.00	10.00	25.00	55.00	40.00	45.00	75.00
7	Brussels	3,400.00	3,000.00	3,300.00	3,700.00	2,300.00	2,700.00	2,340.00
8	Antwerp	2,500.00	2,350.00	2,300.00	2,400.00	1,800.00	1,970.00	1,690.00
9	Tel Aviv	100.00	150.00	190.00	230.00	260.00	230.00	115.00
10	Melbourne	90.00	75.00	140.00	120.00	110.00	175.00	65.00

You need to ensure that alt values lower than 250 display a red icon. The solution must ensure that all values greater than 500 display a green icon.

Solution: You create a new conditional formatting rule that uses the Format only cells that contain rule type. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 8

You create an Excel workbook named SalesResults.xlsx. You create a workbook query that connects to a Microsoft SQL Server database and loads data to the data model. You create a PivotTable and a PivotChart.

You plan to share SalesResults.xlsx to several users outside of your organization. You need to ensure that the users can see the PivotTable and the PivotChart when they open the file. The data in the model must be removed. What should you do?

- A. Run the Document Inspector.
- B. Save the workbook as an Excel Binary Workbook (.xlsb).
- C. From Query Editor, open the Data Source Settings and delete the credentials.
- D. Modify the source of the query.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 9

You have a workbook query that gets a table from an Excel workbook. The table contains a column1. In the query, you configure Column1 to use a Data Type of Whole Number.

You refresh the data and find several errors in Column1. You discover that new entries in the table contain nonnumeric characters.

You need to ensure that when the data is imported, any fields that contain nonnumeric values are set 1. What should you do from Query Editor?

- A. Select the table and click Keep Errors.
- B. Select the column and click Replace Values...
- C. Select the column and click Remove Errors.
- D. Select the column and click Replace Errors...

Answer: D

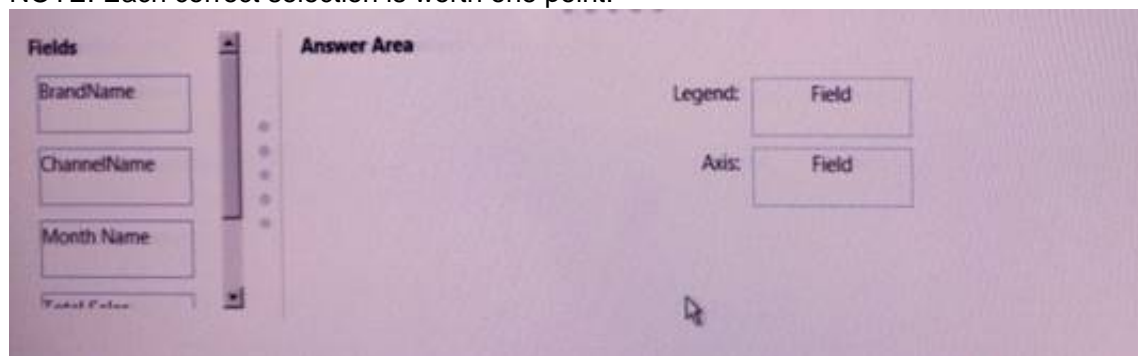
NEW QUESTION 10

You need to create a PivotChart as shown in the exhibit. (Click the Exhibit button.) Exhibit:



Which field should you use for each area? To answer, drag the appropriate fields to the correct areas. Each field may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.



- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Legend: BrandName Axis: MonthName

NEW QUESTION 10

You have an Excel workbook that contains a table named Sales. You add Sales to the Power Pivot model.

You need to set a column named TransactionID as the row identifier for the Sales table. What should you do?

- A. From Power Pivot, modify the Table Behavior setting.
- B. From Query Editor, add an index column.
- C. From Query Editor, modify the Data Type.
- D. From Power Pivot, modify the Default Field Set.

Answer: A

Explanation:

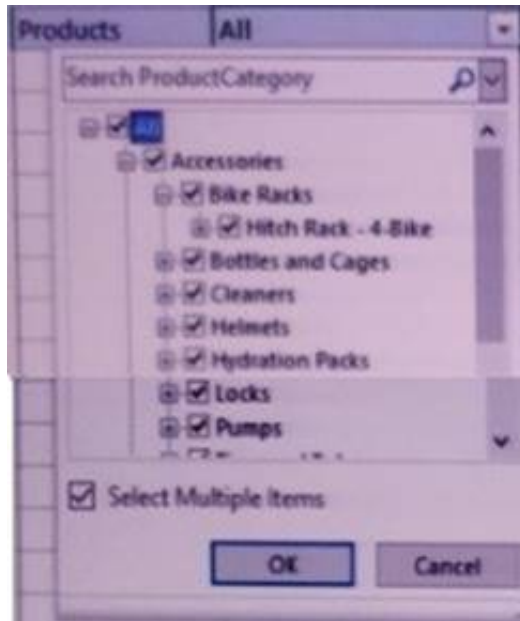
[https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh560542\(v=sql.110\).aspx](https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh560542(v=sql.110).aspx)

- ▶ In the Data View of your PowerPivot Window, click the PowerPivot Window: Advanced Tab.
- ▶ Click the table tab at the bottom of the window to select the table for which you are configuring properties.
- ▶ In Reporting Properties, click Table Behavior.
- ▶ Set the Row Identifier, and then proceed to specify other properties in this dialog.

Opening the Table Behavior dialog box <https://ksdconsultancy.blog/2015/10/08/set-table-behaviour-in-powerpivot/>

NEW QUESTION 11

You need to create a PivotChart that has a filter as shown in the following exhibit.



What should you do first?

- A. From the model, create a measure.
- B. From Query Editor, create a function.
- C. From Query Editor, create a parameter.
- D. From the model, create a hierarchy.

Answer: A

Explanation:

References:

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/measures-in-power-pivot-86484821-a324-4da3-803b-82fd2e5033f4>

NEW QUESTION 14

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

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You have a query named Query1 that retrieves the user information from two Excel files. One of the Excel files does not contain location information. A sample of the data retrieved by the query is shown in the following table.

UserName	UserId	Location
User1	1001	null
User1	1001	Seattle
User2	1002	null
User2	1002	Seattle
User3	1003	Montreal
User4	1004	null

You need to ensure that values in UserName are unique. The solution must ensure that the locations are retained. A sample of desired output is shown in the following table.

UserName	UserId	Location
User1	1001	Seattle
User2	1002	Seattle
User3	1003	Montreal
User4	1004	null
User5	1005	null

Solution: You sort the UserName column in ascending order. You select the UserName column, and then you click Remove Duplicates. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 18

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have the following data.

OrderDate	OrderNumber	ProductName	OrderQuantity
1/28/2018	998989	Product1	10
1/28/2018	998990	Product1	22
1/28/2018	998991	Product2	21
1/29/2018	998992	Product3	43
1/29/2018	998993	Product2	56
1/29/2018	998994	Product3	12

You need to retrieve a list of the unique ProductName entries.

Solution: Open the Advanced Filter dialog box, select Filter the list, in-place, and then select Unique records only.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 22

You open C:\Data\Data.xlsx in Excel.

When you attempt to publish the file to Microsoft Power BI, you receive the following error message: "We couldn't publish to Power BI. Make sure your workbook is saved as an Excel file (.xlsx or .xlsm) and is not password protected.*"

You need to ensure that you can publish the file to Power BI. What should you do first?

- A. Decrypt the workbook.
- B. Disable iterative calculation for the workbook.
- C. Copy the file to a network share.
- D. Add a digital signature to the workbook.

Answer: A

Explanation:

With Excel 2016, you can publish your Excel workbooks right to your Power BI site, where you can create highly interactive reports and dashboards based on your workbook's data. You can then share your insights with others in your organization.

Before we go any further, there are few things to keep in mind:

- Before you can publish to Power BI, your workbook must be saved to OneDrive for Business.
- The account you use to sign in to Office, OneDrive for Business, and Power BI must be the same account.
- You cannot publish an empty workbook or a workbook that doesn't have any Power BI supported content.
- You cannot publish encrypted or password protected workbooks, or workbooks with Information Protection Management.
- Publishing to Power BI requires modern authentication be enabled (default). If disabled, the Publish option is not available from the File menu.

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-bi/service-publish-from-excel>

NEW QUESTION 23

You are building a KPI.

You need to configure the KPI to display a red icon when the sales from a month is less than nine percent of the sales from the last 12 months.

What should you use to define the target value?

- A. an absolute value
- B. a calculated column
- C. a calculated field
- D. a measure

Answer: A

Explanation:

[https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh272049\(v=sql.110\).aspx](https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh272049(v=sql.110).aspx)

NEW QUESTION 27

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that use the same scenario. For your convenience is repeated in each question. Each question presents a different goal and answer choices, but the text of the scenario is the same in each question in this series.

Start of repeated scenario

You have six workbook queries that each extracts a table from a Microsoft Azure SQL database. The tables are loaded to the data model, but the data is not loaded to any worksheets. The data model is shown in the Data Model exhibit.

Your company has 100 product subcategories and more than 10,000 products. End of repeated scenario.

You need to create a measure named [Sales Monthly RT] that calculates a running total of [Sales] for each date within a month as shown in the following exhibit.

Row Labels	Sales	Sales Monthly RT
Apr '07		
01/04/2007	£8,773,593.09	£8,773,593.09
02/04/2007	£9,030,228.76	£17,803,821.85
03/04/2007	£9,135,385.65	£26,939,207.50
04/04/2007	£9,177,288.60	£36,116,496.10
05/04/2007	£8,514,020.44	£44,630,516.55
06/04/2007	£9,034,284.95	£53,664,801.50
07/04/2007	£9,342,592.99	£63,007,394.49
08/04/2007	£9,235,335.83	£72,242,730.32
09/04/2007	£8,959,572.36	£81,202,302.68
10/04/2007	£9,165,525.72	£90,367,828.40

How should you complete the DAX formula? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

[[Sales],

CALCULATE

SUM

SUMMARIZE

SUMX

(DimDate[Date]))

DATEADD

DATESBETWEEN

DATESMTD

PARALLELPERIOD

- A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

SUM [Sales], DATESMTD

The following sample formula creates a measure that calculates the 'Month To Date Total' for the Internet sales.

To see how this works, create a PivotTable and add the fields, CalendarYear, MonthNumberOfYear and

DayNumberOfMonth, to the Row Labels

area of the PivotTable. Then add a measure, named Month To Date

Total, using the formula defined in the code section, to the Values

area of the PivotTable.

=CALCULATE(SUM(InternetSales_USD[SalesAmount_USD]), DATESMTD(DateTime[DateKey])) <https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/query-bi/dax/datesmtd-function-dax>

NEW QUESTION 31

You have a measure that is used by a KPI.

You need to display the output of the measure in a cell in your workbook. Which Excel function should you use?

- A. CUBEVALUE
B. VLOOKUP
C. CUBESET
D. LOOKUP

Answer: A

Explanation:

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/cubevalue-function-8733da24-26d1-4e34-9b3a-84a8f00dcbe0> <https://powerpivotpro.com/2010/06/using-excel-cube-functions-with-powerpivot/>

NEW QUESTION 36

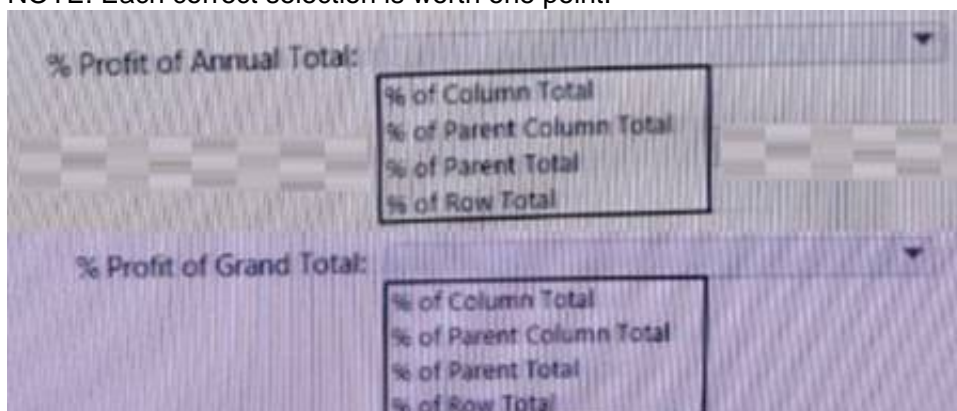
You have a model that contains data relating to corporate profits. The model contains a measure named Profit.

You need to create a PivotTable to display the Profit measure in three different formats by using the Show Value As feature. The PivotTable must produce the results shown in the following table.

Date	Profit	Annual Total	% Profit of Grand Total
2016	\$58,000	100.0%	49.6%
Jan	\$10,000	17.2%	8.6%
Feb	\$8,000	13.8%	6.8%
Mar	\$12,000	20.7%	10.3%
Apr	\$13,000	22.4%	11.1%
May	\$9,000	15.5%	7.7%
Jun	\$6,000	10.3%	5.1%
2017	\$58,950	100.0%	50.4%
Jan	\$11,000	18.7%	9.4%
Feb	\$7,800	13.2%	6.7%
Mar	\$11,450	19.4%	9.8%
Apr	\$13,200	22.4%	11.3%
May	\$10,000	17.0%	8.6%
Jun	\$5,500	9.3%	4.7%
Grand Total	\$116,950		100.0%

How should you configure the Show Value As feature for % Profit of Annual Total and % profit of Grand Total? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.



- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

% Profit of Annual Total: % of Parent Total

% Profit of Grand Total: % of Column Total

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/show-different-calculations-in-pivottable-value-fields-014d2777-baaf-480b-a32b-98431f48bfec>

NEW QUESTION 38

You have a data model that has the following tables.

Table name	Column name
Sales	Date
	SalesAmount
	Product
Date	Date
	Year
	Month
	Day

You create a PivotTable. The data displayed in the PivotTable is shown in the following table.

Row Labels	Sum of SalesAmount	% of Grand Total
2011	\$8,341,224,364.83	100.00%
2012	\$8,341,224,364.83	100.00%
2013	\$8,341,224,364.83	100.00%
2014	\$8,341,224,364.83	100.00%
2015	\$8,341,224,364.83	100.00%
2016	\$8,341,224,364.83	100.00%
2017	\$8,341,224,364.83	100.00%
Grand Total	\$8,341,224,364.83	100.00%

You need to ensure that the correct data is displayed. What should you do?

- A. Modify the workbook connections
- B. Configure the PivotTable Options
- C. Modify the relationships
- D. Refresh the data connection

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 39

You have a table that contains the following data.

Customer	Country	Product	Quantity
Customer1	Canada	Product1	100
Customer2	USA	Product2	90
Customer3	UK	Product3	80
Customer1	Canada	Product1	70
Customer2	USA	Product2	80
Customer3	UK	Product3	90
Customer1	Canada	Product1	60
Customer2	USA	Product2	70
Customer3	UK	Product3	60

You need to create a PivotTable as shown in the exhibit. (Click the Exhibit button.)

Country	(All)			
Sum of Quantity	Column Labels			
Row Labels	Customer1	Customer2	Customer3	Grand Total
Product1	230			230
Product2		240		240
Product3			230	230
Grand Total	230	240	230	700

How should you configure the PivotTable? To answer, drag the appropriate fields to the correct areas. Each field may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Fields

Country

Customers

Products

Quantity

Answer Area

Columns:Field

Rows:Field

Values:Field

Filters:Field

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Box 1: Columns: Customers Box 2: Rows: Products
Box 3: Values: Quantity Box 4: Filters: Country

NEW QUESTION 41

You have the PivotTable shown in the following exhibit.

LineTotal	All
Row Labels	Sum of LineTotal
AWC Logo Cap	61.63623912
Bike Wash - Dissolver	71.96453572
Chain	48.576
Classic Vest, M	431.8
Classic Vest, S	602.90075
Front Brakes	219.0857142
Front Derailleur	237.874
Half-Finger Gloves, L	186.124
Half-Finger Gloves, M	127.348
Half-Finger Gloves, S	117.552
Hitch Rack - 4-Bike	576
HL Bottom Bracket	546.705
HL Crankset	1457.964
Grand Total	4685.530239

You need to display only rows in the PivotTable in which the sum of LineTotal is greater than 100. What should you do?

- A. From Row Label, configure a Label filter.
- B. Add a slicer for LineTotal and select the values from the slicer.
- C. From Row Label, configure a Value Filter.
- D. Add LineTotal to the Filters area of PivotTable Field
- E. Configure the Filters value.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 45

You have a table that contains sales data.

You need to create a Pivot Table that will display the sales by country as shown in the following exhibit.

Row Labels		Sum of Sales
Canada		\$2,000,000.00
France		\$500,000.00
Germany		\$1,000,000.00
Mexico		\$800,000.00
United States		\$4,000,000.00
Grand Total		\$8,300,000.00

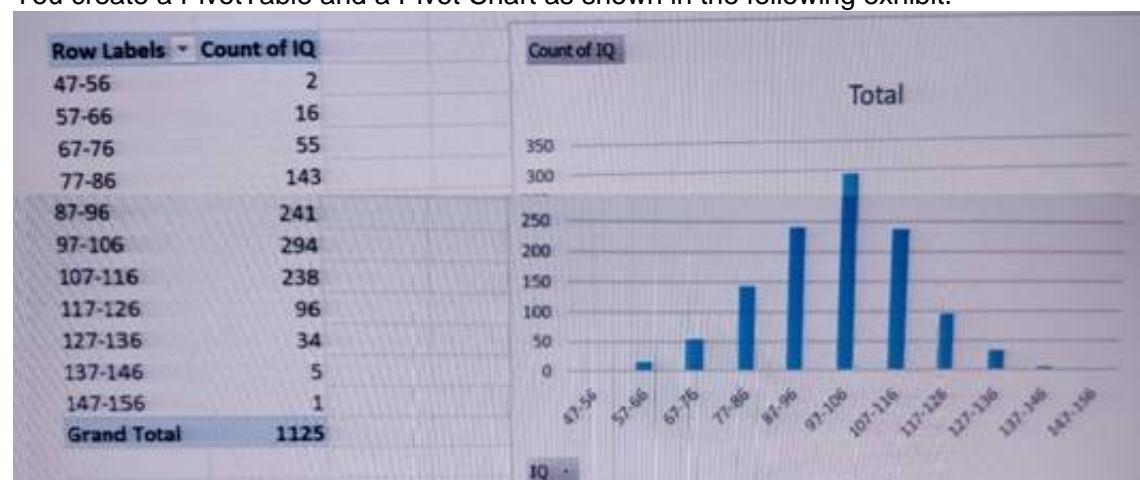
What should you use to display the icons?

- A. a measure
- B. conditional formatting
- C. data validation
- D. a KPI

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 48

You create a PivotTable and a Pivot Chart as shown in the following exhibit.



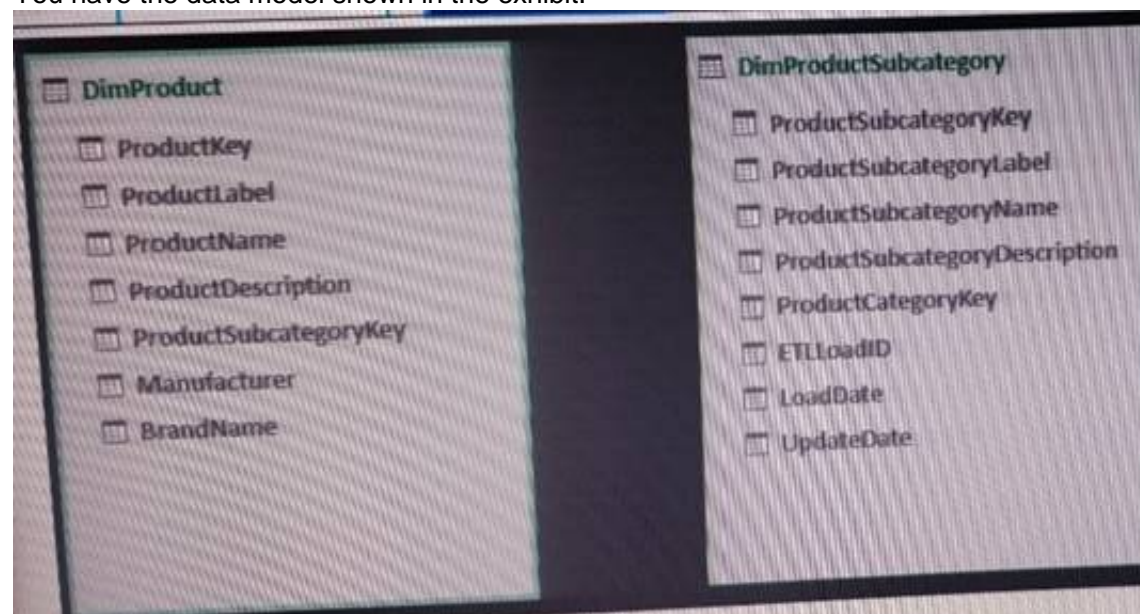
You need to decrease the number of columns in the PivotChart to six. What should you do?

- A. Right-click the PivotChart, click Format Axis, and then change Interval between marks to 2.
- B. Right-click the PivotTable, click Group, and then change By from 10 to 20.
- C. Right-click the PivotChart, click Select Data, and then remove five of the bins from the Horizontal (Category) Axis Labels.
- D. Change the chart type to Histogram.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 50

You have the data model shown in the exhibit.



You need to create a hierarchy from DimProductSubcategory[ProductSubcategoryName] and DimProduct[ProductName]. What should you do before you create the hierarchy?

- A. Create a relationship between the table
- B. To DimProductSubcategory, add a calculated column named ProductName that uses the

LOOKUPVALUE(DimProduct[ProductName],DimProduct[ProductKey],[ProductKey]) DAX formula.
C. To DimProduct, add a calculated column named ProductSubcategoryName that uses the LOOKUPVALUE(DimProductSubcategory[ProductSubcategoryName],DimProductSubcategory[ProductCategoryKey],[ProductSubcategoryKey]) DAX formula.
D. Create a relationship between the table
E. To DimProduct, add a calculated column named ProductSubcategoryName that uses the RELATEDTABLE(DimProductSubcategory[ProductSubcategoryName]) DAX formula.
F. To DimProduct, add a calculated column named ProductSubcategoryName that uses the VALUES(DimProductSubcategory[ProductSubcategoryName]) DAX formula.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 54

You have an Excel workbook that contains two tables named User and Activity. You plan to publish the workbook to the Power BI service. Users will use Q&A in the Power BI service to perform natural language queries. You need to ensure that the users can query the term employee and receive results from the User table. What should you do before you publish to Power BI?

- A. From the Power Pivot model, edit the synonyms.
- B. From PowerPivot Settings, modify the language options.
- C. From PowerPivot Settings modify the categorization options.
- D. From Workbook Connections, add a connection.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 58

You have a table named AnnualSales. A sample of the data in AnnualSales is shown in the following table.

Year	BrandName	ChannelName	PromotionType	Total Sales
2007	Contoso	Catalog	No Discount	1,000,000
2007	Contoso	Online	Seasonal Discount	2,499,864
2007	Fabrikam	Store	No Discount	7,665,666
2007	Fabrikam	Reseller	Seasonal Discount	3,666,845

You need to create a PivotTable as shown in the exhibit. (Click the Exhibit tab.)

Sum of TotalSales		Column Labels		
Row Labels		2007	2008	Grand Total
Catalog				
No Discount		1000000	1100000	2100000
Seasonal Discount		500000	660000	1160000
Catalog Total		1500000	1760000	3260000
Online				
No Discount		2499864	2465864	4965728
Seasonal Discount		499864	2445464	2945328
Online Total		2999728	4911328	7911056
Reseller				
No Discount		3666	36606	40272
Seasonal Discount		333266	36776	370042
Reseller Total		336932	73382	410314
Store				
No Discount		7665666	7667889	15333555
Seasonal Discount		3365666	7699889	11065555
Store Total		11031332	15367778	26399110
Grand Total		15867992	22112488	37980480

How should you configure the Rows and the Columns area in PivotTable Fields? To answer, drag the appropriate fields to the correct areas. Each field may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Fields	Answer Area
<div>BrandName</div> <div>PromotionType</div> <div>Total Sales</div>	<div>Columns:</div> <div>Field</div> <div>Rows:</div> <div>Field</div> <div>Field</div>

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Fields

BrandName

ChannelName

PromotionType

Year

Total Sales

Answer Area

Columns:

Year

Rows:

PromotionType

Total Sales

NEW QUESTION 60

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that use the same scenario. For your convenience, the scenario is repeated in each question. Each question presents a different goal and answer choices, but the text of the scenario is the same in each question in this series.

Start of repeated scenario

You are creating reports for a car repair company. You have four datasets in Excel spreadsheets. Four workbook queries load the datasets to a data model. A sample of the data is shown in the Data Sample exhibit.

Data Sample exhibit:

DailyRepairs

Date	WorkshopID	RepairTypeID	Hours	Revenue
2016-10-01	1	4	2	£ 432
2016-10-01	6	8	16	£ 4,144
2016-10-01	3	6	12	£ 564
2016-10-01	6	5	4	£ 1,680
2016-10-01	5	4	12	£ 1,968
2016-10-01	3	4	14	£ 854
2016-10-01	2	4	15	£ 3,030
2016-10-01	1	1	0	£ -

Workshops

ID	Workshop Name	Workshop Manager
1	Cambridge	Alex Hankin
2	Bedford	Ben Miller
3	Camden	Kari Furze
4	Belsize	Ron Gabel
5	Reading	Josh Edwards
6	Kilburn	Karen Toh
6	Kilburn	Eva Corets

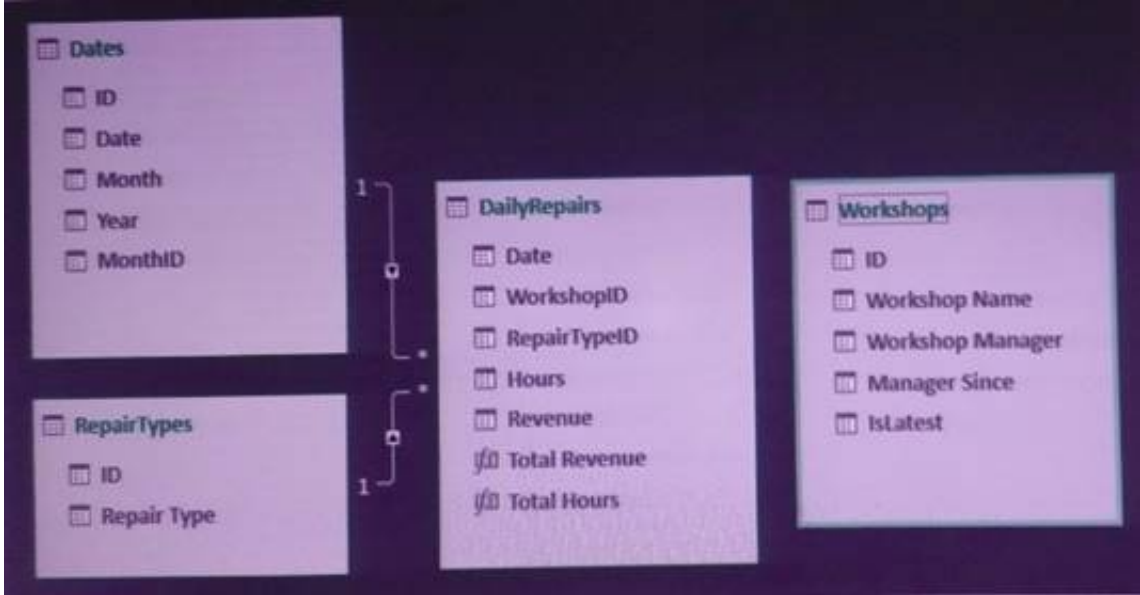
Dates

ID	Date	Month	Year	MonthID
20160101	2016-01-01	Jan '16	2016	201601
20160102	2016-01-02	Jan '16	2016	201601
20160103	2016-01-03	Jan '16	2016	201601
20160104	2016-01-04	Jan '16	2016	201601
20160105	2016-01-05	Jan '16	2016	201601
20160106	2016-01-06	Jan '16	2016	201601
20160107	2016-01-07	Jan '16	2016	201601
20160108	2016-01-08	Jan '16	2016	201601
20160109	2016-01-09	Jan '16	2016	201601

RepairTypes

ID	Repair Type
1	Engine
2	Radiator
3	Gearbox
4	Clutch
5	Brakes
6	Tires
7	Bodywork
8	Windscreen
9	Other

The data model is shown in the Data Model exhibit. (Click the Exhibit button.)



The tables in the model contain the following data:

- DailyRepairs has a log of hours and revenue for each day, workshop, and repair type. Every day, a log entry is created for each workshop, even if no hours or revenue are recorded for that day. Total Hours and Total Revenue column.
- Workshops have a list of all the workshops and the current and previous workshop managers. The format of the Workshop Manager column is always Firstname Lastname. A value of 1 in the IsLatest column indicates that the workshop manager listed in the record is the current workshop manager.
- RepairTypes has a list of all the repair types
- Dates has a list of dates from 2015 to 2018

End of repeated scenario.

When you attempt to create a relationship between DailyRepairs and Workshops, Power Pivot generates the following error message: “The relationship cannot be created because each column contains duplicate values. Select at least one column that contains only unique values”.

You need to ensure that you can create a valid relationship between the tables. What should you do?

- A. In the Power Pivot model, change the data type for Workshop[ID] to General
- B. In the workbook query for Workshops, add an index column
- C. In the Power Pivot model, change the Table Behavior setting for Workshops
- D. In the workbook query for Workshops, filter [IsLatest] to equal 1

Answer: C

Explanation:

References: [https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh560544\(v=sql.110\).aspx](https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh560544(v=sql.110).aspx)

NEW QUESTION 62

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that use the same scenario. For your convenience, the scenario is repeated in each question. Each question presents a different goal and answer choices, but the text of the scenario is the same in each question in this series.

Start of repeated scenario.

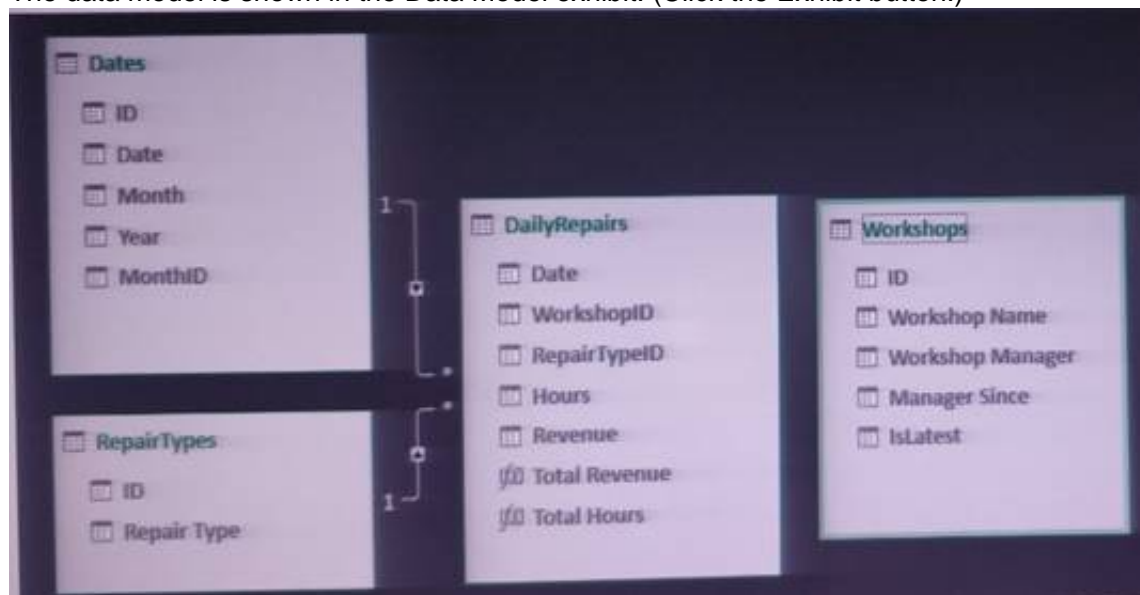
You are creating reports for a car repair company. You have four datasets in Excel spreadsheets. Four workbook queries load the datasets to a data model. A sample of the data is shown in the Data Sample exhibit. (Click the Exhibit button.)

Data Sample exhibit:

DailyRepairs					Workshops				
Date	WorkshopID	RepairTypeID	Hours	Revenue	ID	Workshop Name	Workshop Manager	Manager Since	IsClosed
2016-10-01	1	4	2	£ 432	1	Cambridge	Alice Hanks	2012-11-10	1
2016-10-01	6	8	16	£ 4,144	2	Bedford	Ben Miller	2015-04-22	1
2016-10-01	3	6	12	£ 504	3	Camden	Karl Evans	2015-08-23	1
2016-10-01	6	5	4	£ 1,600	4	Berkshire	Sam Gabel	2016-02-14	1
2016-10-01	5	4	12	£ 1,968	5	Reading	Josh Edwards	2009-11-07	1
2016-10-01	3	4	14	£ 854	6	Kilburn	Karen Toh	2012-02-25	1
2016-10-01	2	4	15	£ 3,030	6	Kilburn	Eva Corrie	2009-06-08	0
2016-10-01	1	1	0	£ -					

Dates					RepairTypes	
ID	Date	Month	Year	MonthID	ID	Repair Type
20160101	2016-01-01	Jan '16	2016	201601	1	Engine
20160102	2016-01-02	Jan '16	2016	201601	2	Radiator
20160103	2016-01-03	Jan '16	2016	201601	3	Gearbox
20160104	2016-01-04	Jan '16	2016	201601	4	Clutch
20160105	2016-01-05	Jan '16	2016	201601	5	Brakes
20160106	2016-01-06	Jan '16	2016	201601	6	Tires
20160107	2016-01-07	Jan '16	2016	201601	7	Bodywork
20160108	2016-01-08	Jan '16	2016	201601	8	Windscreen
20160109	2016-01-09	Jan '16	2016	201601	9	Other

The data model is shown in the Data Model exhibit. (Click the Exhibit button.)



The tables in the model contain the following data:

- ▶ DailyRepairs has a log of hours and revenue for each day, workshop, and repair type. Every day, a log entry is created for each workshop, even if no hours or revenue are recorded for that day. Total Hours and Total Revenue column.
- ▶ Workshops have a list of all the workshops and the current and previous workshop managers. The format of the Workshop Manager column is always Firstname Lastname. A value of 1 in the IsLatest column indicates that the workshop manager listed in the record is the current workshop manager.
- ▶ RepairTypes has a list of all the repair types
- ▶ Dates has a list of dates from 2015 to 2018

End of repeated scenario.

To the Dates table, you need to add a calculated column named Months Ago. Months Ago must display the number of calendar months before the current month. For example, if the current date is July 10, 2017, the Value of Months Ago will be 0 for all the dates in July 2017, 1 for all the dates in June 2017, and 2 for all the dates in May 2017.

How should you complete the DAX formula? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

(TODAY())-MONTH([Date])+((YEAR([Date])-(YEAR([Year])))*12)
 CALCULATE
 DATEDIFF
 MONTH
 YEAR

- A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Box 1: MONTH

Box 2: TODAY

References:
<https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ee634914.aspx> <https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ee634567.aspx> <https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ee634554.aspx>

NEW QUESTION 63

You create a new workbook and add a table to a data model. The data is shown in the following table.

Order Date	ProductID	UnitPrice
1/12/02 12:00 AM	500	\$809.76
2/20/02 12:00 AM	500	\$1,376.99
7/6/02 12:00 AM	501	\$158.43
2/18/02 12:00 AM	502	\$1,391.99
7/25/02 12:00 AM	503	\$48.59
5/16/02 12:00 AM	503	\$41.99
9/15/02 12:00 AM	504	\$323.99
9/17/02 12:00 AM	504	\$323.99

You need to create a visualization as shown in the following exhibit.

Row Labels	Average of Unit Price	Average of Unit Price Status
500	1093.375	
501	158.43	
502	1391.99	
503	45.29	
504	323.99	
Grand Total	559.46625	

Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Actions

Create a PivotTable.

Create a measure.

Create a PivotChart.

Create a calculated column.

Create a Power View report.

>

<

Answer Area

<

>

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Create a Pivot Table. Create a measure.
Create a Power View Report

NEW QUESTION 66

You have 12 sales reports stored in a folder as CSV files. Each report represents one month of sales data for a year. The reports have the same structure. You need to analyze the entire year of sales data.

Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Actions

Edit the query, and then click **Combine Binaries**.

Click **From Folder**, and then add the folder path.

Click **From CSV**, and then select the first file in the folder.

Edit the query, and then click **Append Queries**.

From the Data tab, create a new query.

From the Power Pivot tab, click **Add to Data Model**.

>

<

Answer Area

<

>

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Click From CSV, and then select the first file in the folder. Edit the query, and then click Append Queries.
From the Power Pivot tab, click Add to Data Model.

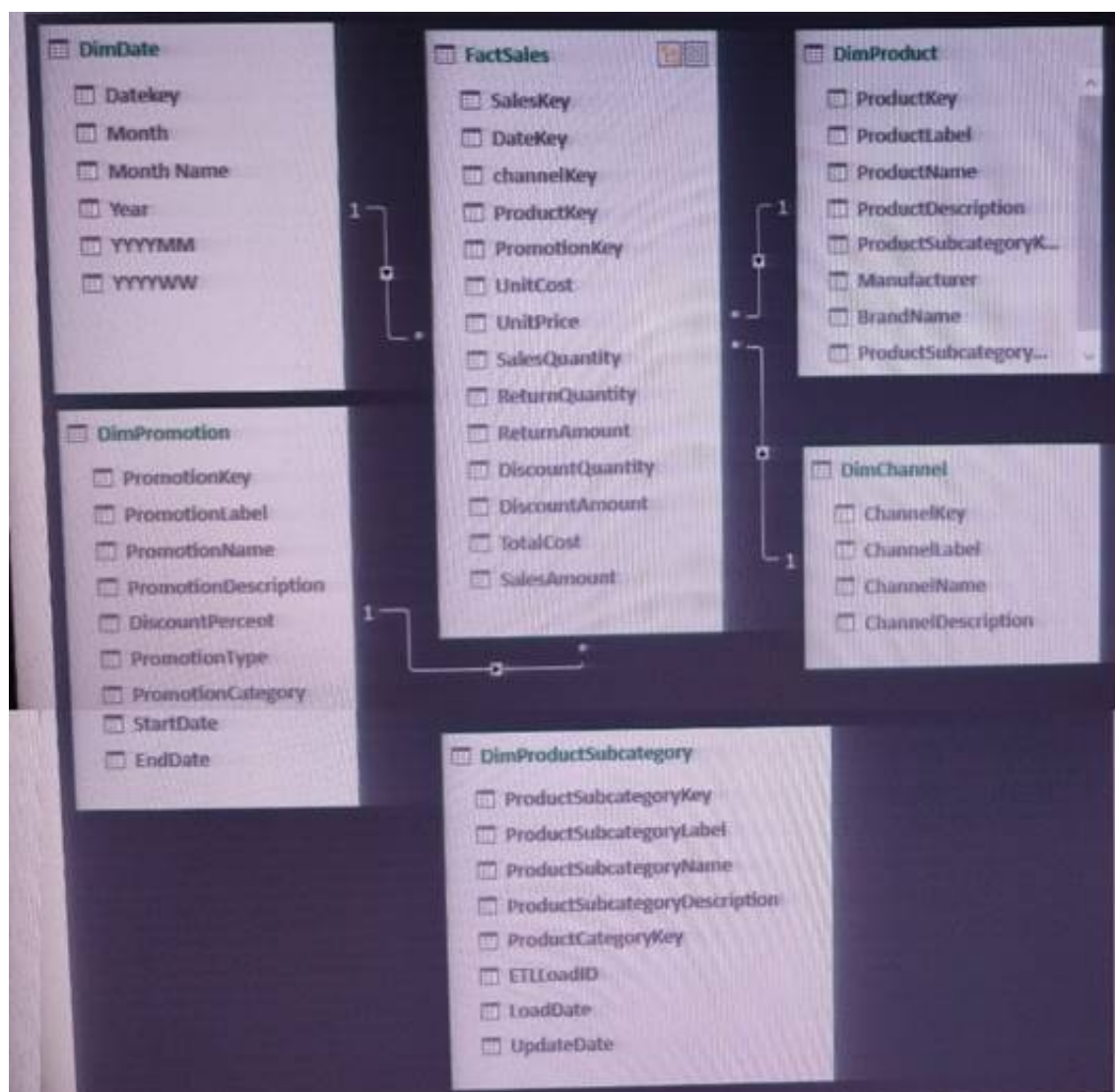
NEW QUESTION 68

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that use the same scenario. For your convenience, the scenario is repeated in each question. Each question presents a different goal and answer choices, but the text of the scenario is the same in each question in this series.

Start of repeated scenario.

You have six workbook queries that each extracts a table from a Microsoft Azure SQL database. The tables are loaded to the data model, but the data is not loaded to any worksheets. The data model is shown in the Data Model exhibit. (Click the Exhibit button.)

Exhibit:



Your company has 100 product subcategories and more than 10,000 products. End of repeated scenario. You plan to use the DAX time intelligence functions of DATEADD and DATESMTD. You need to ensure that the functions return the correct data. What should you do first?

- A. Delete and recreate the relationship between FactSales and DimDate.
- B. Change the Data Type of FactSales[DateKey].
- C. Mark DimDate as the date table.
- D. Change the Data Type of DimDate[DateKey].

Answer: C

Explanation:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/analysis-services/lesson-3-mark-as-date-table?view=sql-analysis-services-2>

NEW QUESTION 71

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have a Power Pivot model that contains the following tables.

Table name	Column name
Products	ProductID
	ProductName
	Price
	ProductCategoryID
ProductCategory	ProductCategoryID
	ProductCategoryName

There is a relationship between Products and ProductCategory.

You need to create a hierarchy in Products that contains ProductCategoryName and ProductName. Solution: You create a calculated column that uses the RELATED DAX function

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A

Explanation:

References:

<https://www.mssqltips.com/sqlservertip/2900/creating-hierarchies-in-powerpivot-for-excel/> <https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ee634202.aspx>

NEW QUESTION 72

You have the following table named SalesOrder Detail in a model.

You need to calculate the sum of SalesTotal for all the rows that have a quantity greater than 1.

A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Explanation:

```
CALCULATE(SUMX('SalesOrdersDetail'[SalesTotal]),'SalesOrderDetail'[Quantity] > 1)
```

NEW QUESTION 74

You have a measure named SalesGrowth that calculates the percent of sales growth. The measure uses the following formula.

$$([Total\ Sales\ Current\ Year] - [Total\ Sales\ Last\ Year]) / [Total\ Sales\ Last\ Year]$$

Total Sales Current Year is a measure that calculates the sales from the current calendar year. Total Sales Last Year is a measure that calculates the sales from the previous calendar year.

You need to create a KPI that displays a red icon when the sales growth is less than last year. What should you use to define the target value?

- A. an absolute value of 0
B. the Total Sales Current Year measure
C. an absolute value of 100
D. the Total Sales Last Year measure

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 77

You have a table named Sales. Sales contains the following columns.

You need to add a column that shows the first three letters of the day of the week.

How should you complete the DAX formula? To answer, drag the appropriate values to the correct targets. Each value may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Explanation:
FORMAT([Date], "DDD")

<http://community.powerbi.com/t5/Desktop/Any-way-of-converting-numeric-month-and-weeks-to-their/m-p/451>

NEW QUESTION 78

You have a workbook query that loads the following table

ID	Key	Value
1	Student	Bob
1	Class	2
1	Score	80
2	Student	Sam
2	Class	1
2	Score	80
3	Student	Dave
3	Class	1
3	Score	80

You pivot the table on the Key column by using Value as the values column, and you receive the results shown in the following table.

ID	Student	Class	Score
1	1	1	1
2	1	1	1
3	1	1	1

You need to ensure that the data appears as shown in the following table.

ID	Student	Class	Score
1	Bob	2	80
2	Sam	1	80
3	Dave	1	80

What should you do?

- A. Change the aggregate value function of the pivot.
- B. Select the ID column, and then click Unpivot Columns
- C. Change the Data Type of the Value column.
- D. Delete the Picoted Column ste
- E. Select the Key column, and the click UnpivotColumns.

Answer: B

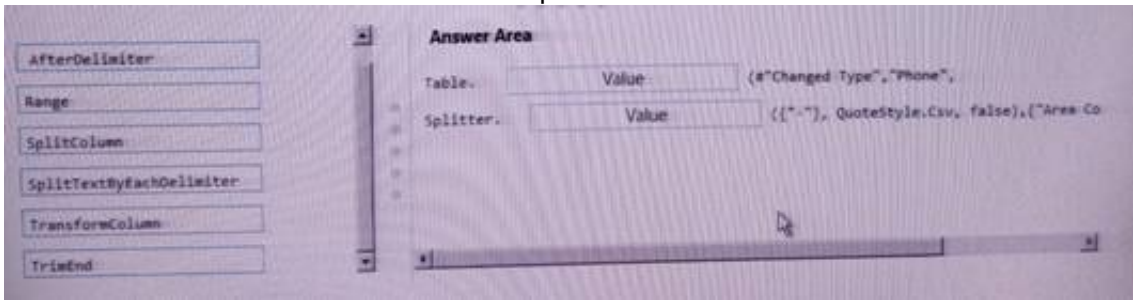
Explanation:

References:

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/unpivot-columns-power-query-0f7bad4b-9ea1-49c1-9d95-f588221c7098>

NEW QUESTION 80

You have a workbook query that gets data from a table in a Microsoft Azure SQL database. The table has a column named Phone. The values in Phone are in a format of 999-999-9999. The first three digits of each phone number represent the area code, and the rest of the digits represent the local phone number. You need to split the Phone column into two columns. The first column must contain the area code, and the second column must contain the local phone number. How should you complete the query? To answer, drag the appropriate values to the correct targets. Each value may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.



- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

```
=Table.AfterDelimiter("#Changed Type",
Phone,Splitter.SplitTextByEachDelimiter({"-"},QuoteStyle.Csv,false),{"Area Code","Local Phone"})
=Phones.AfterDelimiter("#Changed Type",
Phone,Splitter.SplitTextByEachDelimiter({"-"},QuoteStyle.Csv,false),{"Area Code","Local Phone"})
```

NEW QUESTION 81

You have a workbook query that retrieves data from a table named Users. Users contains a column named PhoneNumber. The following is a sample of the data in PhoneNumber.

514 555 0169
1 (11) 500 555-0122
128 555-0148
819 555-0186
1-996-555-0192

+1 138-555-0156

556-555-0192

You need to create a custom column that contains the data in PhoneNumber in the format of 999-999-9999. The following is a sample of the desired data.

514-555-0160

500-555-0122

128-555-0148

819-555-0186

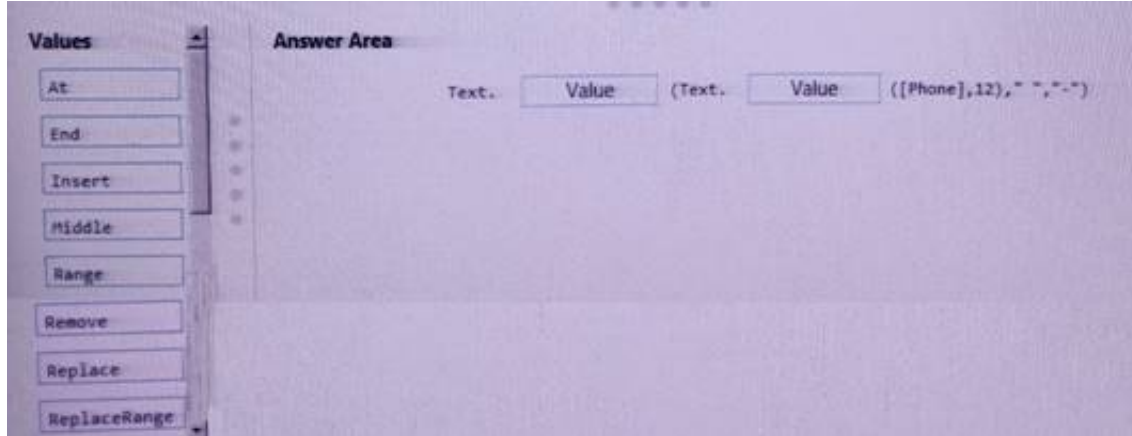
996-555-0192

138-555-0156

556-555-0192

How should you complete the Query Editor formula? To answer, drag the appropriate values to the correct targets. Each value may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.



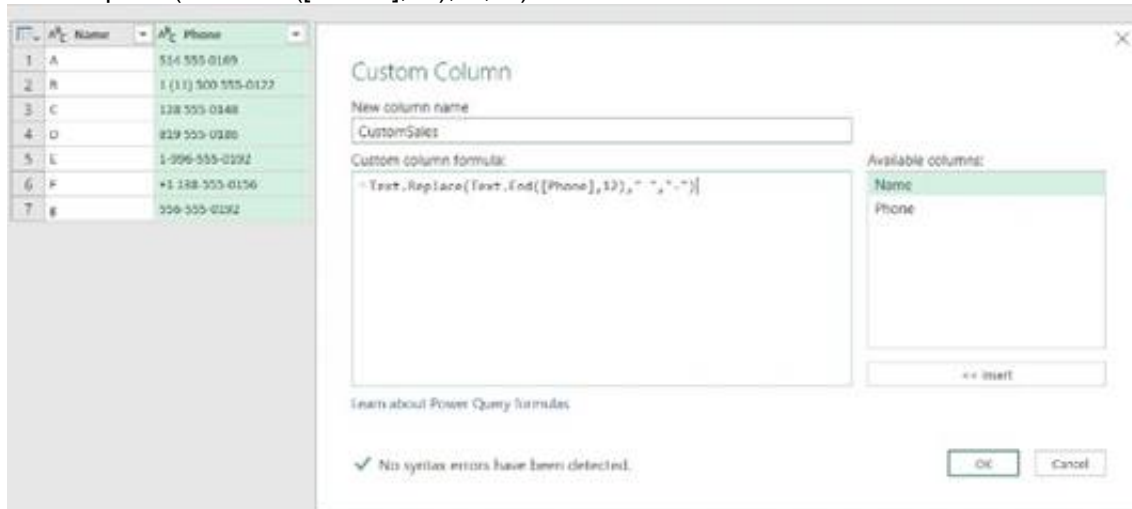
A. Mastered

B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Text.Replace(Text.End([Phone],12)," ","-")



	ABC Name	ABC Phone	ABC 123 CustomSales
1	A	514 555 0169	514-555-0169
2	B	1 (11) 500 555-0122	500-555-0122
3	C	128 555-0148	128-555-0148
4	D	819 555-0186	819-555-0186
5	E	1-996-555-0192	996-555-0192
6	F	+1 138-555-0156	138-555-0156
7	g	556-555-0192	556-555-0192

NEW QUESTION 84

You create an Excel workbook named SalesResults.xlsx. You create a workbook query that connects to a Microsoft SQL Server Database and loads data to the data model. You create a PivotTable and PivotChart.

You plane to share SalesResults.slsx to several users outside of your organization.

You need to ensure that the users can see the PivotTable and the PivotChart when they open the file. The data in the model must be removed.

What should you do?

A. Modify the source of the query.

B. From Query Editor, open the Data Source Setting and delete the credentials.

C. Run the Document inspector.

D. Save the workbook as an Excel Binary Workbook (xlsx)

Answer: A

Explanation:

References:

<https://support.office.com/en-us/article/data-source-settings-power-query-9f24a631-f7eb-4729-88dd-6a4921380>

NEW QUESTION 88

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that use the same scenario, For your convenience is repeated in each question. Each question presents a different goal and answer choices, but the text of the scenario is the same in each question in this series.

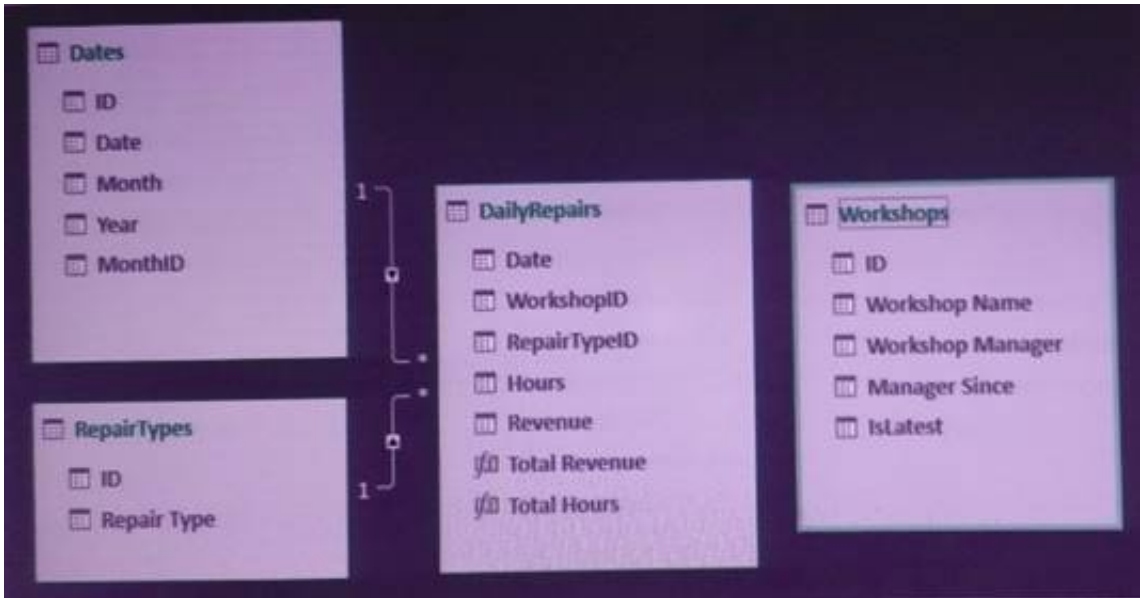
Start of repeated scenario

You are creating reports for a car repair company. You have four datasets in Excel spreadsheets. Four workbook queries load the datasets to a data model. A sample of the data is shown in the Data Sample exhibit.

DailyRepairs						Workshops			
Date	WorkshopID	RepairTypeID	Hours	Revenue		ID	Workshop Name	Workshop Manager	Ma
2016-10-01	1	4	2	£	432	1	Cambridge	Alex Hankin	2
2016-10-01	6	8	16	£	4,144	2	Bedford	Ben Miller	2
2016-10-01	3	6	12	£	564	3	Camden	Karl Furse	2
2016-10-01	6	5	4	£	1,680	4	Belsize	Ron Gabel	2
2016-10-01	5	4	12	£	1,968	5	Reading	Josh Edwards	2
2016-10-01	3	4	14	£	854	6	Kilburn	Karen Toh	2
2016-10-01	2	4	15	£	3,030	6	Kilburn	Eva Corets	2
2016-10-01	1	1	0	£	-				

Dates					RepairTypes	
ID	Date	Month	Year	MonthID	ID	Repair Type
20160101	2016-01-01	Jan '16	2016	201601	1	Engine
20160102	2016-01-02	Jan '16	2016	201601	2	Radiator
20160103	2016-01-03	Jan '16	2016	201601	3	Gearbox
20160104	2016-01-04	Jan '16	2016	201601	4	Clutch
20160105	2016-01-05	Jan '16	2016	201601	5	Brakes
20160106	2016-01-06	Jan '16	2016	201601	6	Tires
20160107	2016-01-07	Jan '16	2016	201601	7	Bodywork
20160108	2016-01-08	Jan '16	2016	201601	8	Windscreen
20160109	2016-01-09	Jan '16	2016	201601	9	Other

The data model is shown in the Data Model exhibit.



The tables in the model contain the following data:

DailyRepairs has a log of hours and revenue for each day, workshop, and repair type. Every day, a log entry is created for each workshop, even if no hours or revenue are recorded for that day. Total Hours and Total Revenue are two measures defined in DailyRepairs. Total Hours sums the Hours column, and Total Revenue sums the Revenue column.

Workshops has a list of all the workshops and the current and previous workshop managers. The format of the Workshop Manager column is always Firstname Lastname. A value of 1 in the IsLatest column indicates that the workshop manager listed in the record is the current workshop manager.

RepairTypes has a list of alt the repair types. Dates has a list of dates from 2015 to 2018. End of repeated scenario.

You create a measure named Average Revenue Per Hour that calculates the average revenue per hour.

You need to populate a cell in a worksheet to display the Average Revenue Per Hour where Repair Type is Engine.

Which Excel formula should you use?

A.	=CUBEVALUE("ThisWorkbookDataModel", "[DailyRepairs].[Avg Revenue Per Hour]", CUBEVALUE("ThisWorkbookDataModel", "[Dimensions].[Repair Type].[Engine]"))
B.	=CUBEVALUE("ThisWorkbookDataModel", "[Measures].[Avg Revenue Per Hour]", CUBEVALUE("ThisWorkbookDataModel", "[Dimensions].[Repair Type].[Engine]"))
C.	=CUBEVALUE("ThisWorkbookDataModel", "[DailyRepairs].[Avg Revenue Per Hour]", CUBEVALUE("ThisWorkbookDataModel", "[RepairTypes].[Repair Type].[Engine]"))
D.	=CUBEVALUE("ThisWorkbookDataModel", "[Measures].[Avg Revenue Per Hour]", CUBEVALUE("ThisWorkbookDataModel", "[RepairTypes].[Repair Type].[Engine]"))

- A. Option A
- B. Option B
- C. Option C
- D. Option D

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 91

You have two queries named Client and Invoices. A sample of Client is shown in the following table.

ClientID	ClientName
1	Client1
2	Client2
3	Client3
4	Client4

A sample of Invoices is shown in the following table.

InvoiceID	ClientID	InvoiceDate	InvoiceAmount
1	1	07-07-2017	15.99
2	1	07-09-2017	20.88
3	2	08-17-2017	5.03
4	3	08-24-2017	8.98

You need to create a new table that has the following information.

ClientID	ClientName	InvoiceID	ClientID.1	InvoiceDate	InvoiceAmount
1	Client1	1	1	07-07-2017	15.99
1	Client1	2	1	07-09-2017	20.88
2	Client2	3	2	08-17-2017	5.03
3	Client3	4	3	08-24-2017	8.98
4	Client4	null	null	null	null

Which join kind should you use?

- A. Inner
- B. Left Outer
- C. Right Anti
- D. Left Anti

Answer: B

Explanation:

<https://www.excelguru.ca/blog/2015/12/16/merge-tables-using-outer-joins-in-power-query/>

NEW QUESTION 95

You have a query that retrieves customers and their locations. You have a sample of the data as shown in the following table.

Customer	Locations
Customer A	FL, TX
Customer B	CA, TX
Customer C	FL, TX, GA

Additional customers and locations are added frequently.

You need to transform the data as shown in the following table.

Customer	Locations
Customer A	FL
Customer A	TX
Customer B	CA
Customer B	TX
Customer C	FL
Customer C	TX
Customer C	GA

What should you do?

- A. Select the Locations columns and then select Split Column by Delimite
- B. Use a comma as the delimiter and split into rows.
- C. Select the Locations columns and then select Split Column by Delimite
- D. Use a comma as the delimiter and split into columns.
- E. Select the Customer columns, and then click Unpivot Columns.
- F. Select the Customer columns, and then click Unpivot Other Columns.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 100

You have a table named Sales that has three columns named Region, Country, and SalesAmount. You create a PivotTable as shown in the following exhibit.

Row Labels	Sum of SalesAmount
Europe	
France	180571.692
Germany	234206.7202
United Kingdom	288012.2494
North America	
Canada	146829.8074
United States	1075679.84
Pacific	
Australia	1297816.57
Grand Total	3223116.878

You need to ensure that the PivotTable appears in three columns as shown in the following exhibit.

Region	Country	Sum of SalesAmount
Europe	France	180571.692
	Germany	234206.7202
	United Kingdom	288012.2494
North America	Canada	146829.8074
	United States	1075679.84
Pacific	Australia	1297816.57
Grand Total		3223116.878

What should you do?

- A. On the Design tab, click Report Layout and then click Show in Compact Form.
- B. Move Country from the Rows area to the Columns area.
- C. Move Country from the Rows area to the Values area.
- D. On the Design tab, click Report Layout and then click Show in Tabular Form.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 105

You have a data model that contains a table named SalesOrders has four columns named OrderId, SalesAmount, OrderDate, and Territory.

You plan to create a PivotChart that will display the percentage of SalesAmount for each Territory. You need to create a measure to calculate the percentage of sales of each territory.

How should you complete the DAX formula? To answer, drag the appropriate value to the correct targets. Each value may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

SUM([SalesAmount) / ALL(SalesOrders) /(FILTER , ALL(SalesOrders))

NEW QUESTION 108

You have an Excel spreadsheet that contains a PivotChart. You install Microsoft Power BI Publisher for Excel.

You need to add a tile for the PivotChart to a Power BI dashboard. What should you do?

- A. From the Power BI tab in Excel, click Pin.
- B. From the File menu in Excel, click Publish.
- C. From powerbi.com, upload the excel workbook.
- D. From powerbi.com, click Get apps.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 113

You have a date column named [Date] in the format of mm-dd-yyyy.

You need to create a column named Quarter that displays the yearly quarter. A sample of the desired data is shown in the following table.

Date	Quarter
01-01-2017	Qtr 1
03-30-2017	Qtr 1
04-01-2017	Qtr 2
06-30-2017	Qtr 2
07-01-2017	Qtr 3
09-30-2017	Qtr 3
10-01-2017	Qtr 4
12-31-2017	Qtr 4

How should you complete the DAX formula? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.



- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

MONTH3

= "Qtr " & ROUNDUP(MONTH([Date])/3,0)

= "Qtr " & ROUNDUP(MONTH([Date])/3,0)

<http://www.decisivedata.net/blog/quickly-create-week-month-quarter-and-year-fields-from-a-date-using-dax>

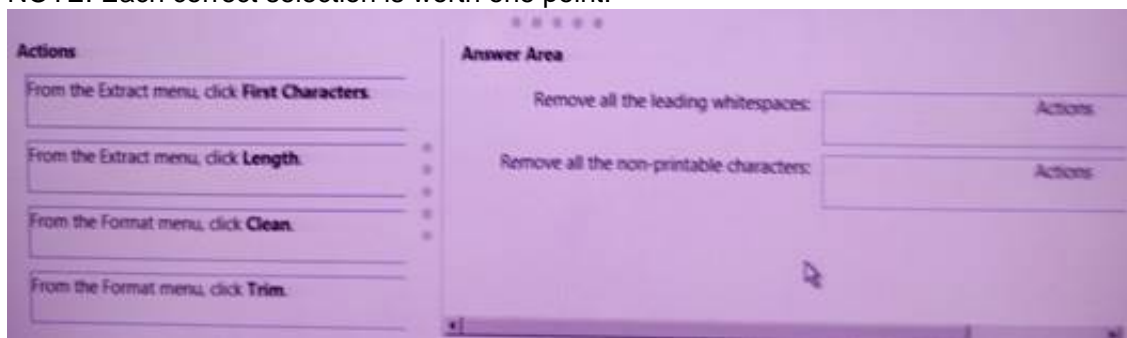
NEW QUESTION 116

You merge several CSV files by using Query Editor.

You need to remove all the leading whitespaces and all the non-printable characters from a column.

What should you do to achieve each task? To answer, drag the appropriate actions to the correct goals. Each action may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.



- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Box 1: From the Extract menu, click Trim Box 2: From the Extract menu, click Clean

NEW QUESTION 118

You have an Excel workbook that has the following two workbook queries:

* A query named Consultants that retrieves a table named Consultants_Contact from a Microsoft SQL Server database

* A query named Employees that retrieves a table named Employee_Contact from a Microsoft Azure SQL database

Both tables have the same columns.

You need to combine all the data from Consultants and Employees into one table. Which command should you use?

- A. Transpose
- B. Merge Queries
- C. Combine Binaries
- D. Append Queries

Answer: D

Explanation:

Append is similar to UNION ALL in T-SQL.

Append Queries will NOT remove duplicates. You have to use Group By or Remove Duplicate Rows to get rid of duplicates.

Merge is similar to JOIN in T-SQL

<http://radacad.com/append-vs-merge-in-power-bi-and-power-query>

NEW QUESTION 122

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result these questions

will not appear in the review screen. You have the following data.

OrderDate	OrderNumber	ProductName	OrderQuantity
1/28/2018	998989	Product1	10
1/28/2018	998990	Product1	22
1/28/2018	998991	Product2	21
1/29/2018	998992	Product3	43
1/29/2018	998993	Product2	56
1/29/2018	998994	Product3	12

You need to retrieve a list of the unique ProductName entries.

Solution: Create a PivotTable that uses the ProductName field in the Values area. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 127

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